JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

First Regular Session, 93rd GENERAL ASSEMBLY

SEVENTY-THIRD DAY, WEDNESDAY, MAY 11, 2005

The House met pursuant to adjournment.

Speaker Pro Tem Bearden in the Chair.

Prayer by Reverend James Earl Jackson.

Heavenly Father, You have instructed us from Your Word, "Let not the wise man glory in his wisdom, let not the mighty man glory in his might, let not the rich man glory in his riches; but let him who glories, glory in this, that he understands and knows that I am Lord who practice steadfast love, justice, and righteousness in the Earth; for in these things I delight."

When all is said and done, may we take no glory in what was accomplished this Session, but understand that by Your grace and mercy we've been privileged to do the work of this state.

Lord God, may we continue to make decisions as to what is right; may we have the knowledge among ourselves as to what is good.

In the waning moments of this Session, in the long hours and days, we understand better what the Psalmist meant when he said, "Oh that I had wings like a dove! Then I would fly away, and be at rest." Our souls find rest in You.

May Your peace and comfort be with us all, both now and forevermore.

In the name of Your Son we pray. Amen.

The Pledge of Allegiance to the flag was recited.

The Speaker appointed the following to act as Honorary Pages for the Day, to serve without compensation: Joey Wheeler, Korey Clark, Andrew Gurney, Tiara Wagner, Tre'von Buckner, Kelly Nolen, Madelyn Pieck and Brittany Whetstine.

MOTION

Representative Dempsey moved that Rule 3(c) be suspended for one hour, to allow the printing of the House Journal to be completed, at which time the motion for approval of the Journal will be made.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 137

Aull Avery Baker 123 Bean Bearden Behnen Bivins Black Brooks Brown 30 Brown 50 Bruns Burnett Byrd Casey Chinn Cooper 120 Cooper 155 Cooper 158 Cunningham 145 Cunningham 86 Curls Davis Day Deeken Dempsey Denison Dethrow Dixon Donnelly Dougherty Dusenberg El-Amin Emery Ervin Faith Fares Fisher Flook Franz Fraser George Goodman Guest Harris 110 Haywood Henke Hobbs Hoskins Hunter Icet Jackson Johnson 47 Johnson 61 Johnson 90 Kingery Jolly Jones Kelly Kratky Kraus Kuessner Lager Lampe LeVota Liese Lipke Loehner Low 39 Lowe 44 McGhee Moore Marsh May Meiners Nance Nieves Nolte Munzlinger Myers Parson Phillips Oxford Page Pearce Pollock Portwood Pratt Quinn Rector Richard Roark Robb Robinson Roorda Ruestman Rupp Salva Sander Sater Schaaf Schad Schlottach Schoemehl Selby Smith 14 Self Silvey Smith 118 Spreng Stefanick Stevenson St. Onge Storch Sutherland Tilley Threlkeld Viebrock Villa Wagner Wallace Walsh Walton Wasson Wells Weter Wilson 130 Whorton Wilson 119 Wood Wright 137 Wright 159 Yaeger Yates Young Zweifel Mr Speaker

NOES: 009

Bringer Darrough Daus Harris 23 Shoemyer

Skaggs Swinger Wildberger Witte

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 016

Baker 25BlandBowmanBoykinsChappelle-NadalCorcoranHubbardHughesLembkeMeadowsMuschanyParkerRuckerSchneiderVogt

Wright-Jones

VACANCIES: 001

HOUSE COURTESY RESOLUTIONS OFFERED AND ISSUED

House Resolution No. 3151

and

House Resolution No. 3152 - Representative Lager House Resolution No. 3153 - Representative Rupp

House Resolution No. 3154 Representative Wilson (119) Representative Whorton House Resolution No. 3155 House Resolution No. 3156 Representative Wasson House Resolution No. 3157 Representative St. Onge House Resolution No. 3158 Representative Lembke Representative Brown (30) House Resolution No. 3159 House Resolution No. 3160 through House Resolution No. 3164 Representative Kraus House Resolution No. 3165 through House Resolution No. 3167 Representative Aull House Resolution No. 3168 through House Resolution No. 3192 -Representative Smith (118) House Resolution No. 3193 -Representative Sutherland House Resolution No. 3194 through House Resolution No. 3196 Representative Pratt House Resolution No. 3197 and House Resolution No. 3198 Representative Munzlinger House Resolution No. 3199 Representative Whorton House Resolution No. 3200 through House Resolution No. 3202 Representative Nance House Resolution No. 3203 through House Resolution No. 3206 Representative Stevenson House Resolution No. 3207 Representatives Fraser and Chappelle-Nadal

COMMITTEE REPORT

Committee on Fiscal Review, Chairman Guest reporting:

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Fiscal Review, to which was referred **HCS SS SCS SB 2** (Fiscal Note), begs leave to report it has **been furnished an updated fiscal note and does not require fiscal review**.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and adopted **SCR 17**.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 17

WHEREAS, the cost of a four-year college education increases each year; and

WHEREAS, in response to the ever-increasing cost of a college education, the federal government created Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code, which authorized states to create federal tax-deferred higher education savings programs; and

WHEREAS, each state has established at least one higher education savings program under the auspices of Section 529; and

WHEREAS, the state of Missouri established the Missouri Higher Education Savings Program in 1998 to allow parents, grandparents, and any other family members or friends to create tax-deferred higher education savings accounts for a child's future education; and

WHEREAS, in order to encourage Missouri families to invest in the Missouri Higher Education Savings Program, the state authorizes a participant in the program to deduct up to eight thousand dollars in contributions to the program from the participant's adjusted gross income in determining the amount of state income tax owed; and

WHEREAS, there is a disincentive for investment in other states' higher education savings programs since the income tax deduction only applies to investments in Missouri's savings program; and

WHEREAS, parents and families should be afforded every opportunity to invest in the best savings programs, since the goal of higher education savings programs is to increase the amount of money available for a child's higher education:

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the members of the Missouri Senate, Ninety-third General Assembly, First Regular Session, the House of Representatives concurring therein, hereby create a Joint Interim Committee on Investments in Higher Education Savings Programs; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the joint interim committee shall study methods to expand investment opportunities for Missouri parents and families in higher education savings programs, while maintaining the solvency of the Missouri Higher Education Savings Program, and make recommendations to the General Assembly; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the joint interim committee be authorized to call upon any department, office, division, or agency of this state to assist in gathering information pursuant to its objective; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the joint interim committee herein established shall consist of ten members, three of which shall be members of the Senate appointed by the President Pro Tem of the Senate, two of which shall be members of the Senate appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate, three of which shall be members of the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and two of which shall be members of the House of Representatives appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the staffs of House Research, Senate Research, and the Committee on Legislative Research shall provide such legal, research, clerical, technical, and bill drafting services as the committee may require in the performance of its duties; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the committee, its members, and any staff assigned to the committee shall receive reimbursement for their actual and necessary expenses incurred in attending meetings of the committee or any subcommittee thereof; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the joint interim committee shall expire on December 31, 2005, and on that same date deliver a report of findings and recommendations to the General Assembly; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Secretary of the Senate be instructed to prepare a properly inscribed copy of this resolution for the President Pro Tem of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate refuses to concur in **HCS SS SCS SB 287**, as amended, and requests the House to recede from its position and failing to do so grant the Senate a conference thereon.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and adopted the Conference Committee Report on HCS SS SB 343, as amended, and has taken up and passed CCS HCS SS SB 343.

BILL CARRYING REQUEST MESSAGE

HCS SS SCS SB 287, as amended, relating to education funding, was taken up by Representative Baker (123).

Representative Baker (123) moved that the House refuse to recede from its position on **HCS SS SCS SB 287, as amended**, and grant the Senate a conference.

Representative Dempsey moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

AYES:	

Avery	Baker 123	Bearden	Behnen	Bivins
Black	Brown 30	Bruns	Byrd	Chinn
Cooper 120	Cooper 155	Cooper 158	Cunningham 145	Cunningham 86
Davis	Day	Deeken	Dempsey	Denison
Dethrow	Dixon	Dusenberg	Emery	Ervin
Faith	Fares	Fisher	Flook	Franz
Goodman	Guest	Hobbs	Hunter	Icet
Jackson	Johnson 47	Jones	Kelly	Kingery
Kraus	Lager	Lembke	Lipke	Loehner
Marsh	May	McGhee	Moore	Munzlinger
Myers	Nance	Nieves	Nolte	Parson
Pearce	Phillips	Pollock	Portwood	Pratt
Quinn	Rector	Richard	Roark	Robb
Ruestman	Rupp	Sander	Sater	Schaaf
Schad	Schlottach	Self	Silvey	Smith 14
Smith 118	Stefanick	Stevenson	St. Onge	Sutherland
Threlkeld	Tilley	Viebrock	Wallace	Wasson
Wells	Weter	Wilson 119	Wilson 130	Wood
Wright 137	Wright 159	Yates	Mr Speaker	
NOES: 058				
Aull	Baker 25	Bland	Bringer	Brooks
Brown 50	Burnett	Casey	Chappelle-Nadal	Curls
Darrough	Daus	Donnelly	El-Amin	Fraser
George	Harris 23	Harris 110	Haywood	Henke
Hoskins	Hughes	Johnson 61	Johnson 90	Jolly
Kratky	Kuessner	Lampe	LeVota	Liese
Low 39	Lowe 44	Meadows	Meiners	Oxford
Page	Robinson	Roorda	Rucker	Salva
Schoemehl	Selby	Shoemyer	Skaggs	Spreng

Storch Swinger Villa Wagner Walsh Walton Whorton Wildberger Witte Wright-Jones

Yaeger Young Zweifel

PRESENT: 001

Dougherty

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 009

Bean Bowman Boykins Corcoran Hubbard

Muschany Parker Schneider Vogt

VACANCIES: 001

Representative Baker (123) again moved that the House refuse to recede from its position on HCS SS SCS SB 287, as amended, and grant the Senate a conference.

Which motion was adopted.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and passed **SS SCS HB 617**, entitled:

An act to repeal sections 249.1150, 249.1152, 249.1154, 640.635, 644.076, 701.038, and 701.053, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof five new sections relating to water shed districts.

In which the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and adopted HCS SS SCS SBs 74 & 49, as amended, and has taken up and passed HCS SS SCS SBs 74 & 49, as amended.

Emergency clause adopted.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the President Pro Tem has appointed the following Conference Committee to act with a like Committee from the House on **HCS SS SCS SB 287**, as amended: Senators Shields, Nodler, Bartle, Days and Kennedy.

Speaker Jetton assumed the Chair.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

The Speaker appointed the following Conference Committee to act with a like committee from the Senate on the following bill:

HCS SS SCS SB 287: Representatives Baker (123), Lager, Cunningham (145), Bringer and Corcoran

Speaker Pro Tem Bearden resumed the Chair.

THIRD READING OF SENATE BILL

HCS SCS SB 500, relating to the Part C Intervention System, was taken up by Representative Lager.

Representative Lager offered House Amendment No. 1.

House Amendment No. 1

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 500, Page 8, Section 1, Line 4, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"Section 2. Pursuant to section 23.253, RSMo, of the Missouri Sunset Act:

- (1) The provisions of the program authorized under sections 160.900 to 160.925, RSMo, section 162.700, RSMo, and section 1 of this act shall automatically sunset two years after the effective date of sections 160.900 to 160.925, RSMo, section 162.700, RSMo, and section 1 of this act unless reauthorized by an act of the general assembly; and
- (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under sections 160.900 to 160.925, RSMo, section 162.700, RSMo, and section 1 of this act shall automatically sunset twelve years after the effective date of the reauthorization of sections 160.900 to 160.925, RSMo, section 162.700, RSMo, and section 1 of this act; and
- (3) Sections 160.900 to 160.925, RSMo, section 162.700, RSMo, and section 1 of this act shall terminate on September first of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the program authorized under sections 160.900 to 160.925, RSMo, section 162.700, RSMo, and section 1 of this act is sunset."; and

Further amend said title, enacting clause and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Lager, **House Amendment No. 1** was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 094

Avery	Baker 123	Bean	Bearden	Behnen
Bivins	Black	Brown 30	Bruns	Byrd
Chinn	Cooper 120	Cooper 155	Cooper 158	Cunningham 145
Cunningham 86	Davis	Day	Deeken	Dempsey
Denison	Dethrow	Dixon	Dusenberg	Emery
Ervin	Faith	Fares	Fisher	Flook
Franz	Goodman	Guest	Hobbs	Hunter
Icet	Jackson	Johnson 47	Jones	Kingery
Kraus	Lager	Lembke	Lipke	Loehner
Marsh	May	McGhee	Moore	Munzlinger
Myers	Nance	Nieves	Nolte	Parson
Pearce	Phillips	Pollock	Portwood	Pratt
Quinn	Rector	Richard	Roark	Robb
Ruestman	Sander	Sater	Schaaf	Schad
Schlottach	Schneider	Self	Silvey	Smith 14
Smith 118	Stefanick	Stevenson	St. Onge	Sutherland
Threlkeld	Tilley	Viebrock	Wallace	Wasson
Wells	Weter	Wilson 119	Wilson 130	Wood
Wright 137	Wright 159	Yates	Mr Speaker	

NOES: 060

Aull	Baker 25	Bland	Bringer	Brooks
Brown 50	Burnett	Casey	Chappelle-Nadal	Corcoran
Curls	Darrough	Daus	Donnelly	Dougherty
El-Amin	Fraser	George	Harris 23	Harris 110
Haywood	Henke	Hoskins	Hughes	Johnson 61
Johnson 90	Jolly	Kratky	Kuessner	Lampe
LeVota	Liese	Low 39	Lowe 44	Meadows
Meiners	Oxford	Page	Robinson	Roorda
Rucker	Rupp	Schoemehl	Selby	Shoemyer
Skaggs	Spreng	Storch	Swinger	Villa
Vogt	Wagner	Walsh	Walton	Whorton
Witte	Wright-Jones	Yaeger	Young	Zweifel

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 008

Bowman Boykins Hubbard Kelly Muschany

Parker Salva Wildberger

VACANCIES: 001

Representative Roark offered House Amendment No. 2.

House Amendment No. 2

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 500, Section 1, Page 8, Line 4, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"Section B. Because immediate action is necessary to ensure the continuation of early intervention services to infants and toddlers with disabilities section A of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace, and safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and section A of this act shall be in full force and effect on July 1, 2005, or upon its passage and approval, whichever later occurs."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Roark, **House Amendment No. 2** was adopted.

Representative Sanders Brooks offered House Amendment No. 3.

House Amendment No. 3

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 500, Section 160.920, Page 5, Lines 28 and 29, by deleting all of said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"with the fee implementation beginning with families whose adjusted gross income is at least one hundred forty thousand dollars;"; and

Further amend said section, Page 5, Line 30, by striking the word, "one" and inserting in lieu thereof the word, "two"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Sanders Brooks, House Amendment No. 3 was adopted.

Representative Dempsey moved the previous question.

Which motion was adopted by the following vote:

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Avery	Baker 123	Bean	Bearden	Behnen
Bivins	Black	Brown 30	Bruns	Byrd
Chinn	Cooper 120	Cooper 155	Cooper 158	Cunningham 145
Cunningham 86	Davis	Day	Deeken	Dempsey
Denison	Dethrow	Dixon	Dusenberg	Emery
Ervin	Faith	Fares	Fisher	Flook
Franz	Goodman	Guest	Hobbs	Hunter
Icet	Jackson	Johnson 47	Jones	Kelly
Kingery	Kraus	Lager	Lembke	Lipke
Loehner	Marsh	May	McGhee	Moore
Munzlinger	Muschany	Myers	Nance	Nieves
Nolte	Parker	Parson	Pearce	Phillips
Pollock	Portwood	Pratt	Quinn	Rector
Richard	Roark	Robb	Ruestman	Rupp
Sander	Sater	Schaaf	Schad	Schlottach
Schneider	Self	Silvey	Smith 14	Smith 118
Stefanick	Stevenson	St. Onge	Sutherland	Threlkeld
Tilley	Viebrock	Wallace	Wasson	Wells
Weter	Wilson 119	Wilson 130	Wood	Wright 159
Yates	Mr Speaker			

NOES: 055

Aull	Baker 25	Bland	Bowman	Bringer
Brooks	Burnett	Casey	Chappelle-Nadal	Darrough
Daus	Donnelly	El-Amin	Fraser	George
Harris 23	Harris 110	Henke	Hoskins	Johnson 61
Johnson 90	Jolly	Kratky	Kuessner	Lampe
LeVota	Liese	Low 39	Lowe 44	Meadows
Meiners	Oxford	Page	Robinson	Roorda
Rucker	Salva	Schoemehl	Selby	Shoemyer
Skaggs	Spreng	Storch	Swinger	Villa
Vogt	Wagner	Walsh	Walton	Whorton
Wildberger	Witte	Yaeger	Young	Zweifel

PRESENT: 001

Dougherty

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 009

Boykins Brown 50 Corcoran Curls Haywood

Hubbard Hughes Wright 137 Wright-Jones

VACANCIES: 001

On motion of Representative Lager, HCS SCS SB 500, as amended, was adopted.

On motion of Representative Lager, **HCS SCS SB 500, as amended**, was read the third time and passed by the following vote:

Aull	Avery	Baker 123	Bean	Bearden
Behnen	Bivins	Black	Brooks	Brown 30
Brown 50	Bruns	Byrd	Casey	Chinn
Chappelle-Nadal	Cooper 120	Cooper 155	Cooper 158	Corcoran
Cunningham 145	Cunningham 86	Curls	Darrough	Davis
Day	Deeken	Dempsey	Denison	Dethrow
Dixon	Donnelly	Dougherty	Dusenberg	El-Amin
Emery	Ervin	Faith	Fares	Fisher
Flook	Franz	Fraser	Goodman	Guest
Harris 110	Haywood	Hobbs	Hoskins	Hunter
Icet	Jackson	Johnson 47	Jolly	Jones
Kelly	Kingery	Kratky	Kraus	Kuessner
Lager	Lampe	Lembke	Liese	Lipke
Loehner	Marsh	May	McGhee	Meadows
Meiners	Moore	Munzlinger	Muschany	Myers
Nance	Nieves	Nolte	Page	Parker
Parson	Pearce	Phillips	Pollock	Portwood
Pratt	Quinn	Rector	Richard	Roark
Robb	Robinson	Roorda	Rucker	Ruestman
Rupp	Salva	Sander	Sater	Schaaf
Schad	Schlottach	Schneider	Self	Shoemyer
Silvey	Skaggs	Smith 14	Smith 118	Stefanick
Stevenson	St. Onge	Storch	Sutherland	Swinger
Threlkeld	Tilley	Viebrock	Wagner	Wallace
Walsh	Walton	Wasson	Wells	Weter
Wildberger	Wilson 119	Wilson 130	Witte	Wood
Wright 137	Wright 159	Wright-Jones	Yates	Young
Zweifel	Mr Speaker			
NOES: 023				

NOES: 023

Baker 25 Bland Bowman Bringer Burnett Daus George Harris 23 Henke Hughes Johnson 61 Johnson 90 LeVota Low 39 Lowe 44 Oxford Schoemehl Selby Spreng Villa Vogt Whorton Yaeger

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 002

Boykins Hubbard

VACANCIES: 001

Speaker Pro Tem Bearden declared the bill passed.

The emergency clause was defeated by the following vote:

AYES: 101

Avery Baker 123 Bean Bearden Behnen **Bivins** Black Brooks Brown 30 Bruns Byrd Chinn Cooper 120 Cooper 155 Cooper 158 Cunningham 145 Cunningham 86 Davis Day Deeken Dempsey Denison Dethrow Dixon Dusenberg Emery Ervin Faith Fares Fisher Flook Franz Goodman Guest Hobbs Hunter Icet Jackson Johnson 47 Jones Kelly Kingery Kraus Lager Lembke May Lipke Loehner Marsh McGhee Moore Munzlinger Muschany Myers Nance Nieves Nolte Parker Parson Pearce Phillips Pollock Portwood Pratt Quinn Rector Richard Roark Robb Ruestman Schad Rupp Sander Sater Schaaf Schlottach Schneider Self Silvey Smith 14 Stefanick Sutherland Smith 118 Stevenson St. Onge Villa Swinger Threlkeld Tilley Viebrock Wallace Wasson Wells Weter Wilson 119 Wright 137 Wilson 130 Wood Wright 159 Yates Mr Speaker

NOES: 055

Baker 25 Bland Aull Bowman Bringer Burnett Chappelle-Nadal Brown 50 Casey Corcoran Curls Daus Donnelly Dougherty El-Amin Fraser George Harris 23 Harris 110 Haywood Henke Hoskins Hughes Johnson 61 Johnson 90 Jolly Kratky Kuessner Lampe LeVota Liese Low 39 Lowe 44 Meadows Meiners Oxford Page Robinson Roorda Rucker Schoemehl Selby Shoemyer Skaggs Spreng Walton Whorton Storch Vogt Walsh Witte Wright-Jones Zweifel Yaeger Young

PRESENT: 004

Darrough Salva Wagner Wildberger

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 002

Boykins Hubbard

VACANCIES: 001

HOUSE BILL WITH SENATE AMENDMENTS

SS SCS HCS HB 353, as amended, relating to crime, was taken up by Representative Lipke.

Representative Lipke moved that the House refuse to adopt SS SCS HCS HB 353, as amended, and request the Senate to recede from its position and, failing to do so, grant the House a conference.

Which motion was adopted.

APPROVAL OF THE HOUSE JOURNAL

On motion of Representative Dempsey, the Journal of the seventy-second day was approved as corrected.

On motion of Representative Dempsey, the House recessed until 2:00 p.m.

AFTERNOON SESSION

The hour of recess having expired, the House was called to order by Speaker Pro Tem Bearden.

HOUSE COURTESY RESOLUTIONS OFFERED AND ISSUED

House Resolution No. 3208 through		
House Resolution No. 3221	_	Representative Black
House Resolution No. 3222	_	Representative Storch
House Resolution No. 3223	_	Representative Storen Representatives Nolte and Silvey
House Resolution No. 3224	_	Representative Vogt
House Resolution No. 3225	_	Representative vogt
through		
House Resolution No. 3229	-	Representative Kingery
House Resolution No. 3230	-	Representative Jackson
House Resolution No. 3231	-	Representative Fares
House Resolution No. 3232	-	Representative Page
House Resolution No. 3233		-
through		
House Resolution No. 3246	-	Representative Black
House Resolution No. 3247	-	Representative Witte
House Resolution No. 3248	-	Representative Jetton
House Resolution No. 3249		•
through		
House Resolution No. 3251	_	Representative Self
House Resolution No. 3252	_	Representatives Harris (110) and Casey
House Resolution No. 3253	_	Representative Harris (110)
House Resolution No. 3254		, ,
through		
House Resolution No. 3256	-	Representatives Harris (110) and Casey

House Resolution No. 3257

through

House Resolution No. 3259 - Representative Silvey House Resolution No. 3260 - Representative Fares

THIRD READING OF SENATE BILLS

SB 488, with House Committee Amendment No. 1, pending, relating to prior salvage titled vehicles, was taken up by Representative Robinson.

On motion of Representative Schlottach, House Committee Amendment No. 1 was adopted.

On motion of Representative Robinson, **SB 488, as amended**, was read the third time and passed by the following vote:

AYES: 150

Baker 25 Baker 123 Aull Avery Bearden Bland Bowman Behnen **Bivins** Bringer Brown 30 Brown 50 Bruns Burnett Byrd Casey Chinn Chappelle-Nadal Cooper 120 Cooper 155 Corcoran Cunningham 145 Cunningham 86 Curls Cooper 158 Darrough Davis Deeken Daus Day Dethrow Dixon Donnelly Dempsey Denison Dougherty Dusenberg El-Amin Emery Ervin Faith Fisher Flook Franz Fares Harris 23 Fraser George Goodman Guest Hobbs Hubbard Harris 110 Henke Hoskins Johnson 47 Hughes Hunter Icet Jackson Johnson 61 Johnson 90 Jolly Jones Kingery Kratky Kraus Kuessner Lager Lampe Lembke LeVota Liese Lipke Loehner Low 39 Lowe 44 McGhee Marsh May Meadows Meiners Moore Munzlinger Muschany Nieves Nolte Oxford Nance Page Parker Parson Pearce Phillips Pollock Richard Portwood Pratt Quinn Rector Roark Robb Robinson Roorda Rucker Ruestman Rupp Sander Sater Schaaf Schad Schlottach Schneider Schoemehl Selby Self Silvey Smith 14 Shoemyer Skaggs Smith 118 Stefanick Stevenson Storch Spreng Sutherland Swinger Threlkeld Tilley Viebrock Villa Vogt Wagner Wallace Walsh Walton Wells Weter Wilson 119 Wilson 130 Witte Wood Wright 137 Wright 159 Wright-Jones Yaeger Yates Young Zweifel Mr Speaker

NOES: 001

Whorton

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 011

Bean Black Boykins Brooks Haywood Kelly Myers Salva St. Onge Wasson

Wildberger

VACANCIES: 001

Speaker Pro Tem Bearden declared the bill passed.

HCS SS#2 SCS SB 225, relating to hazardous waste, was taken up by Representative Hobbs.

Representative Sander offered House Amendment No. 1.

House Amendment No. 1

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute No. 2 for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 225, Section B, Page 51, Line 2, by inserting after the word "sections" the following:

"260.273, 260.279,"; and

Further amend said section and page, Line 5, by inserting after the word "sections" the following:

"260.273, 260.279,"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Sander, **House Amendment No. 1** was adopted.

Representative Selby offered **House Amendment No. 2**.

House Amendment No. 2

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute No. 2 for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 225, Section 304.184, Page 47, Line 10, by inserting immediately after said line the following:

"Section 1. No trash transfer station may be located within one thousand feet of any property zoned for residential use in a county of the first classification with more than one hundred ninety-eight thousand but fewer than one hundred ninety-nine thousand two hundred inhabitants."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Selby moved that **House Amendment No. 2** be adopted.

Which motion was defeated.

Representative Harris (110) offered **House Amendment No. 3**.

House Amendment No. 3 was withdrawn.

On motion of Representative Hobbs, HCS SS#2 SCS SB 225, as amended, was adopted.

On motion of Representative Hobbs, HCS SS#2 SCS SB 225, as amended, was read the third time and passed by the following vote:

AYES: 152

Baker 123 Aull Baker 25 Bean Avery Bearden Behnen **Bivins** Black Bland Bringer Brooks Brown 30 Brown 50 Bowman Burnett Byrd Chinn Bruns Casey Cunningham 145 Chappelle-Nadal Cooper 120 Cooper 158 Corcoran Cunningham 86 Curls Darrough Daus Davis Dempsey Denison Dethrow Day Deeken Dixon Donnelly Dougherty Dusenberg Emery Ervin Faith Fares Fisher Flook Franz Fraser George Goodman Guest Harris 23 Harris 110 Henke Hobbs Hoskins Hubbard Hughes Hunter Icet Johnson 47 Johnson 61 Johnson 90 Jolly Jones Kelly Kingery Kratky Kraus Kuessner Lager Lampe Lembke LeVota Liese Lipke Low 39 Marsh Loehner Lowe 44 May Munzlinger McGhee Meiners Meadows Moore Nieves Muschany Nance Nolte Oxford Page Parker Parson Pearce Phillips Pollock Portwood Pratt Quinn Rector Richard Roark Robb Robinson Roorda Rucker Ruestman Sander Sater Rupp Schad Schaaf Schlottach Schneider Schoemehl Selby Self Shoemyer Silvey Skaggs Smith 14 Spreng Stefanick Stevenson St. Onge Swinger Storch Sutherland Threlkeld Tilley Viebrock Villa Wallace Walsh Wagner Walton Wasson Wells Weter Wildberger Wilson 119 Wilson 130 Witte Wood Wright 137 Wright 159 Wright-Jones Yaeger Yates Young Zweifel Mr Speaker

NOES: 002

Jackson Whorton

PRESENT: 001

El-Amin

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 007

Boykins Cooper 155 Haywood Myers Salva

Smith 118 Vogt

VACANCIES: 001

Speaker Pro Tem Bearden declared the bill passed.

The emergency clause was adopted by the following vote:

AYES: 150

Aull Avery Baker 25 Bean Bearden Behnen Bivins Black Bland Bowman Brown 30 Brown 50 Bruns Burnett Bringer Byrd Chinn Chappelle-Nadal Cooper 120 Casey Cooper 155 Cooper 158 Corcoran Cunningham 145 Cunningham 86 Curls Daus Davis Day Deeken Denison Dethrow Dixon Donnelly Dempsey Dougherty Dusenberg El-Amin Emery Ervin Faith Fares Fisher Flook Franz Fraser George Goodman Guest Harris 23 Harris 110 Hobbs Hoskins Hubbard Hughes Johnson 47 Hunter Icet Jackson Johnson 90 Kingery Jolly Jones Kelly Kraus Kuessner Lager Lampe Lembke LeVota Lowe 44 Liese Lipke Loehner Low 39 Meadows May McGhee Meiners Marsh Nieves Moore Munzlinger Muschany Nance Nolte Oxford Page Parker Parson Phillips Pollock Pratt Pearce Portwood Quinn Rector Richard Roark Robb Roorda Rucker Robinson Ruestman Rupp Sander Sater Schaaf Schad Schlottach Schneider Schoemehl Selby Self Shoemyer Smith 118 Silvey Skaggs Smith 14 Spreng Sutherland Stefanick Stevenson St. Onge Storch Swinger Threlkeld Tilley Viebrock Villa Wagner Wallace Walsh Walton Wasson Wells Weter Wildberger Wilson 119 Wilson 130 Witte Wood Wright 137 Wright 159 Wright-Jones Yates Young Zweifel Mr Speaker Yaeger

NOES: 001

Whorton

PRESENT: 003

Brooks Henke Johnson 61

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 008

Baker 123 Boykins Darrough Haywood Kratky

Myers Salva Vogt

VACANCIES: 001

HCS SCS SB 272, relating to excursion gambling boat admission fees, was taken up by Representative Dempsey.

On motion of Representative Dempsey, HCS SCS SB 272 was adopted.

On motion of Representative Dempsey, **HCS SCS SB 272** was read the third time and passed by the following vote:

Λ \	YES	. 1.	44

			_	
Aull	Avery	Baker 123	Bean	Bearden
Behnen	Bivins	Black	Bland	Bowman
Bringer	Brown 30	Brown 50	Bruns	Burnett
Byrd	Casey	Chinn	Chappelle-Nadal	Cooper 120
Cooper 155	Cooper 158	Corcoran	Cunningham 145	Cunningham 86
Curls	Daus	Davis	Day	Deeken
Dempsey	Denison	Dethrow	Dixon	Dougherty
Dusenberg	Emery	Ervin	Faith	Fares
Fisher	Flook	Franz	Fraser	Goodman
Guest	Harris 110	Hobbs	Hoskins	Hubbard
Hughes	Hunter	Icet	Jackson	Johnson 47
Johnson 61	Johnson 90	Jolly	Jones	Kelly
Kingery	Kratky	Kraus	Kuessner	Lager
Lampe	Lembke	LeVota	Liese	Lipke
Loehner	Lowe 44	Marsh	May	McGhee
Meadows	Meiners	Moore	Munzlinger	Muschany
Myers	Nance	Nieves	Nolte	Page
Parker	Parson	Pearce	Phillips	Pollock
Portwood	Pratt	Quinn	Rector	Richard
Roark	Robb	Robinson	Ruestman	Rupp
Sander	Sater	Schaaf	Schad	Schlottach
Schneider	Schoemehl	Selby	Self	Shoemyer
Silvey	Skaggs	Smith 14	Smith 118	Spreng
Stefanick	Stevenson	St. Onge	Storch	Sutherland
Swinger	Threlkeld	Tilley	Viebrock	Villa
Vogt	Wagner	Wallace	Walsh	Walton
Wasson	Wells	Weter	Wilson 119	Wilson 130
Witte	Wood	Wright 137	Wright-Jones	Yaeger
Yates	Young	Zweifel	Mr Speaker	i degei
Tates	1 oung	Zweller	Wii Speaker	
NOES: 008				
Baker 25	Donnelly	El-Amin	Henke	Rucker
Whorton	Wildberger	Wright 159		
PRESENT: 006				
TRESERVI. 000				
Brooks	George	Harris 23	Low 39	Oxford
Roorda				
1100144				
ABSENT WITH LEAV	E: 004			
Boykins	Darrough	Haywood	Salva	
·	C	•		
VACANCIES: 001				

Speaker Pro Tem Bearden declared the bill passed.

HCS SCS SBs 420 & 344, relating to judicial procedures and personnel, was taken up by Representative Byrd.

Representative Byrd offered **House Amendment No. 1**.

House Amendment No. 1

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill Nos. 420 & 344, Section 483.537, Page 30, Line 6, by inserting after the word "**be**" on said line the word "**used**"; and

Further amend said bill, Section 488.014, Page 31, Line 5, by deleting the word "**courts**" on said line and inserting in lieu thereof the word "**county**"; and

Further amend said bill, Section 494.430, Page 33, Line 11, by deleting the word "healthcare" on said line and inserting in lieu thereof the words "health care"; and

Further amend said bill, Section 590.180, Page 42, Line 28, by inserting after the word "**employers**" on said line the following:

"of the dates of service"; and

Further amend said bill, Section 1, Page 49, Line 24, by inserting after the word "board" the following:

"; (14) Juvenile officers"; and

Further amend said bill, Section 2, Page 50, Lines 2 and 3, by deleting all of said line and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"a fee of less than two hundred dollars for completing residential loan documentation for loans made by that institution shall be deemed to be engaging in the unauthorized practice"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Byrd, **House Amendment No. 1** was adopted.

Representative Byrd offered **House Amendment No. 2**.

House Amendment No. 2

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill Nos. 420 & 344, Section 600.042, Pages 42-44, Lines 1-81, by striking all of said lines; and

Further amend said bill, Section 600.086, Pages 44-45, Lines 1-48, by striking all of said lines; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Byrd, **House Amendment No. 2** was adopted.

Representative Byrd offered **House Amendment No. 3**.

House Amendment No. 3

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill Nos. 420 & 344, Pages 24 through 26, Section 475.010, by deleting all of said section; and

Further amend said bill, Pages 26 and 27, Section 475.045, by deleting all of said section; and

Further amend said bill, Pages 27 and 28, Section 475.046, by deleting all of said section; and

Further amend said bill, Pages 36 and 37, Section 536.142, by deleting all of said section; and

Further amend said bill, Pages 45 and 49, Section 650.055, by deleting all of said section; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Byrd, **House Amendment No. 3** was adopted.

Representative Byrd offered **House Amendment No. 4**.

House Amendment No. 4

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill Nos. 420 & 344, Pages 3-8, Section 105.711, by striking said section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

- "105.705. 1. As used in this section, the term "state employee" or "employee" shall mean any officer or employee of the state of Missouri or any agency of the state, including, without limitation, elected officials, appointees, members of the state boards or commissions and members of the Missouri national guard.
- 2. No state employee shall be personally liable in any civil action brought against them in the courts of this state, in either their individual or official capacities, for conduct arising out of and in connection with their official duties on behalf of the state, whether or not such acts are ministerial or discretionary, unless the employee acted with malicious purpose, in bad faith, or in a wanton or reckless manner. The exclusive remedy for any cause of action against a state employee for acts committed within the scope of their official duties shall be an action against the state of Missouri.
- 3. The attorney general shall be promptly notified of any claim or suit filed against an employee for actions arising from their official duties. To be certified that the employee was acting within the scope of his or her official duties, the employee must cooperate fully with the attorney general in the defense of the claim.
- 4. (1) Upon certification by the attorney general that the defendant employee was acting within the scope of his or her official duties at the time of the incident out of which the claim arose, any civil action or proceeding commenced upon such claim in a circuit court of this state shall be deemed an action against the state of Missouri under the provisions of this section and the state of Missouri or the respective agency shall be substituted as the party defendant.
- (2) In the event that the attorney general has refused to certify that the defendant was acting within the scope of his or her official duties at the time of the incident out of which the claim arose, the employee may at any time before trial petition the respective circuit court of this state to find and certify that the employee was acting within the scope of his or her official duties. Upon such certification by the court, such action or proceeding shall be deemed to be an action or proceeding brought against the state of Missouri under the provisions of this section and the state of Missouri or the respective agency shall be substituted as the party defendant.
- (3) Upon certification, any action or proceeding under this section shall proceed in the same manner as any action against the state of Missouri filed under sections 537.600 to 537.615, RSMo, and shall be subject to the limitations and exceptions applicable to those actions.
- 5. Nothing in this section shall be construed as waiving or abrogating the sovereign immunity of the state beyond the expressed waivers of sovereign immunity provided under sections 537.600 to 537.615, RSMo.
- 6. No payment for any claim or judgment against a state employee shall be made under the provisions of sections 105.711 to 105.726 or from any other state funds if the employee is determined by the attorney general to have acted outside the course and scope of the employee's official duties.
- 105.711. 1. There is hereby created a "State Legal Expense Fund" which shall consist of moneys appropriated to the fund by the general assembly and moneys otherwise credited to such fund pursuant to section 105.716.
- 2. Moneys in the state legal expense fund shall be available for the payment of any claim or any amount required by any final judgment rendered by a court of competent jurisdiction against:
- (1) The state of Missouri, or any agency of the state, pursuant to section 536.050 or 536.087, RSMo, or section 537.600, RSMo;

- (2) Any officer or employee of the state of Missouri or any agency of the state, including, without limitation, elected officials, appointees, members of state boards or commissions, and members of the Missouri national guard upon conduct of such officer or employee arising out of and performed in connection with his or her official duties on behalf of the state, or any agency of the state, provided that moneys in this fund shall not be available for payment of claims made under chapter 287, RSMo; or
- (3) (a) Any physician, psychiatrist, pharmacist, podiatrist, dentist, nurse, or other health care provider licensed to practice in Missouri under the provisions of chapter 330, 332, 334, 335, 336, 337 or 338, RSMo, who is employed by the state of Missouri or any agency of the state, under formal contract to conduct disability reviews on behalf of the department of elementary and secondary education or provide services to patients or inmates of state correctional facilities [or county jails] on a part-time basis, and any physician, psychiatrist, pharmacist, podiatrist, dentist, nurse, or other health care provider licensed to practice in Missouri under the provisions of chapter 330, 332, 334, 335, 336, 337, or 338, RSMo, who is under formal contract to provide services to patients or inmates at a county jail on a part-time basis:
- (b) Any physician licensed to practice medicine in Missouri under the provisions of chapter 334, RSMo, and his professional corporation organized pursuant to chapter 356, RSMo, who is employed by or under contract with a city or county health department organized under chapter 192, RSMo, or chapter 205, RSMo, or a city health department operating under a city charter, or a combined city-county health department to provide services to patients for medical care caused by pregnancy, delivery, and child care, if such medical services are provided by the physician pursuant to the contract without compensation or the physician is paid from no other source than a governmental agency except for patient co-payments required by federal or state law or local ordinance;
- (c) Any physician licensed to practice medicine in Missouri under the provisions of chapter 334, RSMo, who is employed by or under contract with a federally funded community health center organized under Section 315, 329, 330 or 340 of the Public Health Services Act (42 U.S.C. 216, 254c) to provide services to patients for medical care caused by pregnancy, delivery, and child care, if such medical services are provided by the physician pursuant to the contract or employment agreement without compensation or the physician is paid from no other source than a governmental agency or such a federally funded community health center except for patient co-payments required by federal or state law or local ordinance. In the case of any claim or judgment that arises under this paragraph, the aggregate of payments from the state legal expense fund shall be limited to a maximum of one million dollars for all claims arising out of and judgments based upon the same act or acts alleged in a single cause against any such physician, and shall not exceed one million dollars for any one claimant;
- (d) Any physician licensed pursuant to chapter 334, RSMo, who is affiliated with and receives no compensation from a nonprofit entity qualified as exempt from federal taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which offers a free health screening in any setting or any physician, nurse, physician assistant, dental hygienist, or dentist licensed or registered pursuant to chapter 332, RSMo, chapter 334, RSMo, or chapter 335, RSMo, who provides medical, dental, or nursing treatment within the scope of his license or registration at a city or county health department organized under chapter 192, RSMo, or chapter 205, RSMo, a city health department operating under a city charter, or a combined city-county health department, or a nonprofit community health center qualified as exempt from federal taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, if such treatment is restricted to primary care and preventive health services, provided that such treatment shall not include the performance of an abortion, and if such medical, dental, or nursing services are provided by the physician, dentist, physician assistant, dental hygienist, or nurse without compensation. Medicaid or medicare payments for primary care and preventive health services provided by a physician, dentist, physician assistant, dental hygienist, or nurse who volunteers at a free health clinic is not compensation for the purpose of this section if the total payment is assigned to the free health clinic. For the purposes of the section, "free health clinic" means a nonprofit community health center qualified as exempt from federal taxation under Section 501 (c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1987, as amended, that provides primary care and preventive health services to people without health insurance coverage for the services provided without charge. In the case of any claim or judgment that arises under this paragraph, the aggregate of payments from the state legal expense fund shall be limited to a maximum of five hundred thousand dollars, for all claims arising out of and judgments based upon the same act or acts alleged in a single cause and shall not exceed five hundred thousand dollars for any one claimant, and insurance policies purchased pursuant to the provisions of section 105.721 shall be limited to five hundred thousand dollars. Liability or malpractice insurance obtained and maintained in force by or on behalf of any physician, dentist, physician assistant, dental hygienist, or nurse shall not be considered available to pay that portion of a judgment or claim for which the state legal expense fund is liable under this paragraph;
- (e) Any physician, nurse, physician assistant, dental hygienist, or dentist licensed or registered to practice medicine, nursing, or dentistry or to act as a physician assistant or dental hygienist in Missouri under the provisions of

chapter 332, RSMo, chapter 334, RSMo, or chapter 335, RSMo, who provides medical, nursing, or dental treatment within the scope of his license or registration to students of a school whether a public, private, or parochial elementary or secondary school, if such physician's treatment is restricted to primary care and preventive health services and if such medical, dental, or nursing services are provided by the physician, dentist, physician assistant, dental hygienist, or nurse without compensation. In the case of any claim or judgment that arises under this paragraph, the aggregate of payments from the state legal expense fund shall be limited to a maximum of five hundred thousand dollars, for all claims arising out of and judgments based upon the same act or acts alleged in a single cause and shall not exceed five hundred thousand dollars for any one claimant, and insurance policies purchased pursuant to the provisions of section 105.721 shall be limited to five hundred thousand dollars; or

- (f) Staff employed by the juvenile division of any judicial circuit; or
- (g) Any attorney licensed to practice law in the state of Missouri who practices law at or through a nonprofit community social services center qualified as exempt from federal taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or through any agency of any federal, state, or local government, if such legal practice is provided by the attorney without compensation. In the case of any claim or judgment that arises under this subdivision, the aggregate of payments from the state legal expense fund shall be limited to a maximum of five hundred thousand dollars for all claims arising out of and judgments based upon the same act or acts alleged in a single cause and shall not exceed five hundred thousand dollars for any one claimant, and insurance policies purchased pursuant to the provisions of section 105.721 shall be limited to five hundred thousand dollars.

(h) Any claims against a health care professional who is deployed under the provision of section 44.045, RSMo, in which the claim is based on acts or omissions occurring during a period of deployment.

- 3. The department of health and senior services shall promulgate rules regarding contract procedures and the documentation of care provided under paragraphs (b), (c), (d), and (e) of subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this section. The limitation on payments from the state legal expense fund or any policy of insurance procured pursuant to the provisions of section 105.721, provided in subsection 6 of this section, shall not apply to any claim or judgment arising under paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) of subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this section. Any claim or judgment arising under paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) of subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this section shall be paid by the state legal expense fund or any policy of insurance procured pursuant to section 105.721, to the extent damages are allowed under sections 538.205 to 538.235, RSMo. Liability or malpractice insurance obtained and maintained in force by any physician, dentist, physician assistant, dental hygienist, or nurse for coverage concerning his or her private practice and assets shall not be considered available under subsection 6 of this section to pay that portion of a judgment or claim for which the state legal expense fund is liable under paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) of subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this section. However, a physician, nurse, dentist, physician assistant, or dental hygienist may purchase liability or malpractice insurance for coverage of liability claims or judgments based upon care rendered under paragraphs (c), (d), and (e) of subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this section which exceed the amount of liability coverage provided by the state legal expense fund under those paragraphs. Even if paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) of subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this section is repealed or modified, the state legal expense fund shall be available for damages which occur while the pertinent paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) of subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this section is in effect.
- 4. The attorney general shall promulgate rules regarding contract procedures and the documentation of legal practice provided under subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section. The limitation on payments from the state legal expense fund or any policy of insurance procured pursuant to section 105.721 as provided in subsection 6 of this section shall not apply to any claim or judgment arising under subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section any policy of insurance procured pursuant to section 2 of this section shall be paid by the state legal expense fund or any policy of insurance procured pursuant to section 105.721 to the extent damages are allowed under sections 538.205 to 538.235, RSMo. Liability or malpractice insurance otherwise obtained and maintained in force shall not be considered available under subsection 6 of this section to pay that portion of a judgment or claim for which the state legal expense fund is liable under subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section. However, an attorney may obtain liability or malpractice insurance for coverage of liability claims or judgments based upon legal practice rendered under subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section that exceed the amount of liability coverage provided by the state legal expense fund under subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section is repealed or amended, the state legal expense fund shall be available for damages that occur while the pertinent subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section is in effect.
- 5. All payments shall be made from the state legal expense fund by the commissioner of administration with the approval of the attorney general. Payment from the state legal expense fund of a claim or final judgment award against a physician, dentist, physician assistant, dental hygienist, or nurse described in paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) of subdivision (3) of subsection 2 of this section, or against an attorney in subdivision (5) of subsection 2 of this section, shall only be made for services rendered in accordance with the conditions of such paragraphs.

- 6. Except as provided in subsection 3 of this section, in the case of any claim or judgment that arises under sections 537.600 and 537.610, RSMo, against the state of Missouri, or an agency of the state, the aggregate of payments from the state legal expense fund and from any policy of insurance procured pursuant to the provisions of section 105.721 shall not exceed the limits of liability as provided in sections 537.600 to 537.610, RSMo. No payment shall be made from the state legal expense fund or any policy of insurance procured with state funds pursuant to section 105.721 unless and until the benefits provided to pay the claim by any other policy of liability insurance have been exhausted.
- 7. The provisions of section 33.080, RSMo, notwithstanding, any moneys remaining to the credit of the state legal expense fund at the end of an appropriation period shall not be transferred to general revenue.
- 8. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is promulgated under the authority delegated in sections 105.711 to 105.726 shall become effective only if it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to repeal or affect the validity of any rule filed or adopted prior to August 28, 1999, if it fully complied with the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 1999, shall be invalid and void.
- 105.726. 1. Nothing in sections 105.711 to 105.726 shall be construed to broaden the liability of the state of Missouri beyond the provisions of sections 537.600 to 537.610, RSMo, nor to abolish or waive any defense at law which might otherwise be available to any agency, officer, or employee of the state of Missouri. **Sections 105.711 to 105.726 do not waive the sovereign immunity of the state of Missouri.**
- 2. The creation of the state legal expense fund and the payment therefrom of such amounts as may be necessary for the benefit of any person covered thereby are deemed necessary and proper public purposes for which funds of this state may be expended.
- 3. Moneys in the state legal expense fund shall not be available for the payment of any claim or any amount required by any final judgment rendered by a court of competent jurisdiction against a board of police commissioners established under chapter 84, RSMo, including the commissioners, any police officer, notwithstanding sections 84.330, 84.710, or other provision of law, other employees, agents, representatives, or any other individual or entity acting or purporting to act on its or their behalf. Such was the intent of the general assembly in the original enactment of sections 105.711 to 105.726, and it is made express by this section in light of the decision in Wayman Smith, III, et al. v. state of Missouri, Mo. Sup. Ct. January 11, 2005. Except that the commissioner of administration shall reimburse from the state legal expense fund, any board of police commissioners established under chapter 84, RSMo, for liability claims otherwise eligible for payment under section 105.711 paid by said boards on an equal share basis per claim up to a maximum of one million dollars per fiscal year.
- 4. If the representation of the attorney general is requested by a board of police commissioners, the attorney general shall represent, investigate, defend, negotiate, or compromise all claims under sections 105.711 to 105.726 for the board of police commissioners, any police officer, other employees, agents, representatives, or any other individual or entity acting or purporting to act on their behalf. The attorney general may establish procedures by rules and regulations promulgated under chapter 536, RSMo, under which claims must be referred for the attorney general's representation. The attorney general and the officials of the city which the police board represents shall meet and negotiate reasonable rates, fees, expenses, or charges that will fairly compensate the attorney general and the office of administration for the cost of the representation of the claims under this section.
- 5. Claims tendered to the attorney general promptly after the claim was asserted as required by section 105.716 and prior to August 28, 2005, may be investigated, defended, negotiated, or compromised by the attorney general and full payments may be made from the state legal expense fund on behalf of the entities and individuals described in this section as a result of the holding in Wayman Smith III et al. v. State of Missouri, Mo. Sup. Ct. January 11, 2005."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

On motion of Representative Byrd, **House Amendment No. 4** was adopted.

Representative Lipke offered House Amendment No. 5.

House Amendment No. 5

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill Nos. 420 & 344, Section 217.860, Page 13, Line 3, by deleting the phrase "**for nonviolent offenders**" on said line; and

Further amend said bill, Section 217.860, Page 13, Line 12, by deleting the word "nonviolent" on said line; and

Further amend said bill, Section 217.860, Page 13, Lines 14-16, by deleting all of said lines and renumbering remaining subdivisions accordingly; and

Further amend said bill, Section 217.860, Page 13, Line 17, by deleting the word "nonviolent" on said line; and

Further amend said bill, Section 217.860, Page 13, Lines 18-19, by deleting all of said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(5) Information and research to assist the task force in determining which classes of offenders should be targeted in alternative sentencing programs"; and

Further amend said bill, Section 217.860, Page 13, Lines 24-25, by deleting all of said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(3) Two probation and parole officers or supervisors who shall be appointed by the director of the division of probation and"; and

Further amend said bill, Section 217.860, Page 14, Lines 30-31, by deleting all of said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"(5) Two circuit or associate circuit judges who shall be appointed by the governor;"; and

Further amend said bill, Section 217.860, Page 14, Line 32, by deleting the word "**Three**" on said line and inserting in lieu thereof the word "**Two**"; and

Further amend said bill, Section 217.860, Page 14, Line 34, by inserting after the word "governor" on said line the following:

- "(8) Two members of the house of representatives, one of whom shall be appointed by the speaker of the house and one of whom shall be appointed by the house minority leader;
- (9) Two members of the senate, one of whom shall be appointed by the president pro tem of the senate and one of whom shall be appointed by the senate minority leader"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Lipke, **House Amendment No. 5** was adopted.

Representative Wright (137) offered **House Amendment No. 6**.

House Amendment No. 6

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill Nos. 420 & 344, Page 8, Section 105.711, Line 184, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"210.116. 1. Except as otherwise provided in section 207.085, RSMo, a private contractor, as defined in subdivision (4) of section 210.110, with the children's division that receives state moneys from the division or the department for providing services to children and their families shall have qualified immunity from civil liability for providing such services when the child is not in the physical care of such private contractor to the same extent

that the children's division has qualified immunity from civil liability when the division or department directly provides such services.

2. This section shall not apply if a private contractor described above knowingly violates a stated or written policy of the division, any rule promulgated by the division, or any state law directly related to child abuse and neglect or any local ordinance relating to the safety condition of the property."; and

Further amend said title, enacting clause and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Wright (137), **House Amendment No. 6** was adopted.

Representative Pratt offered **House Amendment No. 7**.

Representative Byrd raised a point of order that **House Amendment No. 7** goes beyond the scope of the bill.

The Chair ruled the point of order well taken.

Representative Vogt offered House Amendment No. 8.

House Amendment No. 8

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill Nos. 420 & 344, Section 452.340, Page 18, Line 62, by inserting after the word "**hours**" on said line the following:

"; however such five-month period of abatement shall only be granted one time for each child"; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Vogt, **House Amendment No. 8** was adopted.

Representative Bringer offered House Amendment No. 9.

House Amendment No. 9

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill Nos. 420 & 344, Section 557.036, Page 39, Line 52, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"570.123. Civil action for damages for passing bad checks, only original holder may bring action--limitations--notice requirements--payroll checks, action to be against employer.--

In addition to all other penalties provided by law, any person who makes, utters, draws, or delivers any check, draft, or order for the payment of money upon any bank, savings and loan association, credit union, or other depositary, financial institution, person, firm, or corporation which is not honored because of lack of funds or credit to pay or because of not having an account with the drawee and who fails to pay the amount for which such check, draft, or order was made in cash to the holder within thirty days after notice and a written demand for payment, deposited as certified or registered mail in the United States mail, or by regular mail, supported by an affidavit of service by mailing, notice deemed conclusive three days following the date the affidavit is executed, and addressed to the maker and to the endorser, if any, of the check, draft, or order at each of their addresses as it appears on the check, draft, or order or to the last known address, shall, in addition to the face amount owing upon such check, draft, or order, be liable to the holder for three times the face amount owed or one hundred dollars, whichever is greater, plus **reasonable** attorney fees incurred in bringing an action pursuant to this section. Only the original holder, whether the holder is a person, bank, savings and loan association, credit union, or other depository, financial institution, firm or corporation, may bring an action pursuant to this section if the original holder has been paid the face amount of the check and costs recovered by the prosecuting attorney or circuit attorney pursuant to

subsection 6 of section 570.120. If the issuer of the check has paid the face amount of the check and costs pursuant to subsection 6 of section 570.120, such payment shall be an affirmative defense to any action brought pursuant to this section. The original holder shall elect to bring an action pursuant to this section or section 570.120, but may not bring an action pursuant to both sections. In no event shall the damages allowed pursuant to this section exceed five hundred dollars, exclusive of **reasonable** attorney fees. In situations involving payroll checks, the damages allowed pursuant to this section shall only be assessed against the employer who issued the payroll check and not against the employee to whom the payroll check was issued. The provisions of sections 408.140 and 408.233, RSMo, to the contrary notwithstanding, a lender may bring an action pursuant to this section. The provisions of this section will not apply in cases where there exists a bona fide dispute over the quality of goods sold or services rendered."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Bringer, House Amendment No. 9 was adopted.

Representative Hughes offered House Amendment No. 10.

House Amendment No. 10

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill Nos. 420 & 344, Section 590.180, Page 42, Line 29, by inserting after all of said line the following:

- "595.211. 1. Beginning January 1, 2006, the court in any criminal case involving any sexual offense under chapter 566, 568, or 573, RSMo, shall order that the personally identifying information of any victim of such offense, regardless of age or sex, shall be redacted from any court records of such case prior to such records being made available to any person other than those listed in subsection 3 of this section. The court shall order that such information be redacted unless:
 - (1) The victim consents to the release of the personally identifying information or any portion thereof;
 - (2) The court on its own motion orders the release of the information or any portion thereof; or
- (3) The court for good cause shown by motion of any party at any time orders the release of the information or any portion thereof.
- 2. In any order redacting any personally identifying information pursuant to subsection 1 of this section, the court shall require that the victim's name be replaced with the name Jane Doe for female victims or John Doe for male victims, prior to the release of any such records to any person not listed in subsection 3 of this section.
- 3. The only persons who shall have access to the victims' personally identifying information pursuant to the provisions of this section are the victim, the court, the department of corrections, law enforcement officers, prosecuting or circuit attorneys and their staff members. The defendant, and the defendant's attorneys shall have access only to such personally identifying information as the court deems necessary to ensure the rights of the defendant.
- 4. For the purposes of this section, "personally identifying information" shall include but not be limited to the victim's name, address, date of birth, social security number, and telephone number."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Hughes, **House Amendment No. 10** was adopted.

Representative Johnson (90) offered **House Amendment No. 11**.

House Amendment No. 11

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill Nos. 420 & 344, Section 210.117, Pages 9-10, Lines 30-42, by deleting all of said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"3. In any case where the children's division determines, based on a substantiated report of child abuse, that a child has abused another child, the abusing child shall be prohibited from returning to or residing in any residence, facility, or school within one thousand feet of the residence of the abused child, unless and until a court of competent jurisdiction determines that the alleged abuse did not occur or the abused child reaches the age of eighteen, whichever earlier occurs. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply when the abusing child and the abused child are children living in the same home."; and

Further amend said bill, Section 211.038, Page 13, Lines 31-36, by deleting all of said lines and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

- "211.181. 1. When a child or person seventeen years of age is found by the court to come within the applicable provisions of subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of section 211.031, the court shall so decree and make a finding of fact upon which it exercises its jurisdiction over the child or person seventeen years of age, and the court may, by order duly entered, proceed as follows:
- (1) Place the child or person seventeen years of age under supervision in his own home or in the custody of a relative or other suitable person after the court or a public agency or institution designated by the court conducts an investigation of the home, relative or person and finds such home, relative or person to be suitable and upon such conditions as the court may require;
 - (2) Commit the child or person seventeen years of age to the custody of:
- (a) A public agency or institution authorized by law to care for children or to place them in family homes; except that, such child or person seventeen years of age may not be committed to the department of social services, division of youth services;
- (b) Any other institution or agency which is authorized or licensed by law to care for children or to place them in family homes;
- (c) An association, school or institution willing to receive the child or person seventeen years of age in another state if the approval of the agency in that state which administers the laws relating to importation of children into the state has been secured; or
 - (d) The juvenile officer;
 - (3) Place the child or person seventeen years of age in a family home;
- (4) Cause the child or person seventeen years of age to be examined and treated by a physician, psychiatrist or psychologist and when the health or condition of the child or person seventeen years of age requires it, cause the child or person seventeen years of age to be placed in a public or private hospital, clinic or institution for treatment and care; except that, nothing contained herein authorizes any form of compulsory medical, surgical, or psychiatric treatment of a child or person seventeen years of age whose parents or guardian in good faith are providing other remedial treatment recognized or permitted under the laws of this state;
- (5) The court may order, pursuant to subsection 2 of section 211.081, that the child receive the necessary services in the least restrictive appropriate environment including home and community-based services, treatment and support, based on a coordinated, individualized treatment plan. The individualized treatment plan shall be approved by the court and developed by the applicable state agencies responsible for providing or paying for any and all appropriate and necessary services, subject to appropriation, and shall include which agencies are going to pay for and provide such services. Such plan must be submitted to the court within thirty days and the child's family shall actively participate in designing the service plan for the child or person seventeen years of age;
- (6) The department of social services, in conjunction with the department of mental health, shall apply to the United States Department of Health and Human Services for such federal waivers as required to provide services for such children, including the acquisition of community-based services waivers.
- 2. When a child is found by the court to come within the provisions of subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of section 211.031, the court shall so decree and upon making a finding of fact upon which it exercises its jurisdiction over the child, the court may, by order duly entered, proceed as follows:
- (1) Place the child under supervision in his own home or in custody of a relative or other suitable person after the court or a public agency or institution designated by the court conducts an investigation of the home, relative or person and finds such home, relative or person to be suitable and upon such conditions as the court may require;

- (2) Commit the child to the custody of:
- (a) A public agency or institution authorized by law to care for children or place them in family homes; except that, a child may be committed to the department of social services, division of youth services, only if he is presently under the court's supervision after an adjudication under the provisions of subdivision (2) or (3) of subsection 1 of section 211.031;
- (b) Any other institution or agency which is authorized or licensed by law to care for children or to place them in family homes;
- (c) An association, school or institution willing to receive it in another state if the approval of the agency in that state which administers the laws relating to importation of children into the state has been secured; or
 - (d) The juvenile officer;
 - (3) Place the child in a family home;
- (4) Cause the child to be examined and treated by a physician, psychiatrist or psychologist and when the health or condition of the child requires it, cause the child to be placed in a public or private hospital, clinic or institution for treatment and care; except that, nothing contained herein authorizes any form of compulsory medical, surgical, or psychiatric treatment of a child whose parents or guardian in good faith are providing other remedial treatment recognized or permitted under the laws of this state;
 - (5) Assess an amount of up to ten dollars to be paid by the child to the clerk of the court.

Execution of any order entered by the court pursuant to this subsection, including a commitment to any state agency, may be suspended and the child placed on probation subject to such conditions as the court deems reasonable. After a hearing, probation may be revoked and the suspended order executed.

- 3. When a child is found by the court to come within the provisions of subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of section 211.031, the court shall so decree and make a finding of fact upon which it exercises its jurisdiction over the child, and the court may, by order duly entered, proceed as follows:
- (1) Place the child under supervision in his or her own home or in custody of a relative or other suitable person after the court or a public agency or institution designated by the court conducts an investigation of the home, relative or person and finds such home, relative or person to be suitable and upon such conditions as the court may require; provided that, no child who has been adjudicated a delinquent by a juvenile court for committing or attempting to commit a sex-related offense which if committed by an adult would be considered a felony offense pursuant to chapter 566, RSMo, including but not limited to rape, forcible sodomy, child molestation, and sexual abuse, and in which the victim was a child, shall be placed in any residence within one thousand feet of the residence of the victim of that offense until the victim reaches the age of eighteen, and provided further that the provisions of this subdivision regarding placement within one thousand feet of the victim child shall not apply when the abusing child and the victim are children living in the same home;
 - (2) Commit the child to the custody of:
 - (a) A public agency or institution authorized by law to care for children or to place them in family homes;
- (b) Any other institution or agency which is authorized or licensed by law to care for children or to place them in family homes;
- (c) An association, school or institution willing to receive it in another state if the approval of the agency in that state which administers the laws relating to importation of children into the state has been secured; or
 - (d) The juvenile officer;
- (3) Beginning January 1, 1996, the court may make further directions as to placement with the division of youth services concerning the child's length of stay. The length of stay order may set forth a minimum review date;
 - (4) Place the child in a family home;
- (5) Cause the child to be examined and treated by a physician, psychiatrist or psychologist and when the health or condition of the child requires it, cause the child to be placed in a public or private hospital, clinic or institution for treatment and care; except that, nothing contained herein authorizes any form of compulsory medical, surgical, or psychiatric treatment of a child whose parents or guardian in good faith are providing other remedial treatment recognized or permitted under the laws of this state;
 - (6) Suspend or revoke a state or local license or authority of a child to operate a motor vehicle;
- (7) Order the child to make restitution or reparation for the damage or loss caused by his offense. In determining the amount or extent of the damage, the court may order the juvenile officer to prepare a report and may receive other evidence necessary for such determination. The child and his attorney shall have access to any reports which may be prepared, and shall have the right to present evidence at any hearing held to ascertain the amount of damages. Any restitution or reparation ordered shall be reasonable in view of the child's ability to make payment or to

perform the reparation. The court may require the clerk of the circuit court to act as receiving and disbursing agent for any payment ordered;

- (8) Order the child to a term of community service under the supervision of the court or of an organization selected by the court. Every person, organization, and agency, and each employee thereof, charged with the supervision of a child under this subdivision, or who benefits from any services performed as a result of an order issued under this subdivision, shall be immune from any suit by the child ordered to perform services under this subdivision, or any person deriving a cause of action from such child, if such cause of action arises from the supervision of the child's performance of services under this subdivision and if such cause of action does not arise from an intentional tort. A child ordered to perform services under this subdivision shall not be deemed an employee within the meaning of the provisions of chapter 287, RSMo, nor shall the services of such child be deemed employment within the meaning of the provisions of chapter 288, RSMo. Execution of any order entered by the court, including a commitment to any state agency, may be suspended and the child placed on probation subject to such conditions as the court deems reasonable. After a hearing, probation may be revoked and the suspended order executed;
- (9) When a child has been adjudicated to have violated a municipal ordinance or to have committed an act that would be a misdemeanor if committed by an adult, assess an amount of up to twenty-five dollars to be paid by the child to the clerk of the court; when a child has been adjudicated to have committed an act that would be a felony if committed by an adult, assess an amount of up to fifty dollars to be paid by the child to the clerk of the court.
- 4. Beginning January 1, 1996, the court may set forth in the order of commitment the minimum period during which the child shall remain in the custody of the division of youth services. No court order shall require a child to remain in the custody of the division of youth services for a period which exceeds the child's eighteenth birth date except upon petition filed by the division of youth services pursuant to subsection 1 of section 219.021, RSMo. In any order of commitment of a child to the custody of the division of youth services, the division shall determine the appropriate program or placement pursuant to subsection 3 of section 219.021, RSMo. Beginning January 1, 1996, the department shall not discharge a child from the custody of the division of youth services before the child completes the length of stay determined by the court in the commitment order unless the committing court orders otherwise. The director of the division of youth services may at any time petition the court for a review of a child's length of stay commitment order, and the court may, upon a showing of good cause, order the early discharge of the child from the custody of the division of youth services. The division may discharge the child from the division of youth services without a further court order after the child completes the length of stay determined by the court or may retain the child for any period after the completion of the length of stay in accordance with the law.
- 5. When an assessment has been imposed under the provisions of subsection 2 or 3 of this section, the assessment shall be paid to the clerk of the court in the circuit where the assessment is imposed by court order, to be deposited in a fund established for the sole purpose of payment of judgments entered against children in accordance with section 211.185."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Johnson (90), **House Amendment No. 11** was adopted.

On motion of Representative Byrd, HCS SCS SBs 420 & 344, as amended, was adopted.

On motion of Representative Byrd, **HCS SCS SBs 420 & 344, as amended**, was read the third time and passed by the following vote:

AYES: 147

Baker 25 Baker 123 Bean Aull Avery Bearden Behnen **Bivins** Black Bland Brown 30 Bruns Burnett Bringer Brown 50 Byrd Chinn Chappelle-Nadal Cooper 120 Casey Cunningham 145 Cunningham 86 Cooper 155 Cooper 158 Corcoran Curls Darrough Davis Day Deeken Dempsey Denison Dethrow Dixon Donnelly Dougherty Dusenberg Emery Ervin Faith Fisher Fares Flook Fraser George

Goodman	Guest	Harris 23	Harris 110	Henke
Hobbs	Hughes	Hunter	Icet	Jackson
Johnson 47	Johnson 90	Jolly	Jones	Kelly
Kingery	Kratky	Kraus	Kuessner	Lager
Lampe	Lembke	LeVota	Liese	Lipke
Loehner	Low 39	Lowe 44	Marsh	May
McGhee	Meadows	Meiners	Moore	Munzlinger
Muschany	Myers	Nance	Nieves	Nolte
Page	Parker	Parson	Pearce	Phillips
Pollock	Portwood	Pratt	Quinn	Rector
Richard	Roark	Robb	Robinson	Roorda
Rucker	Ruestman	Rupp	Salva	Sander
Sater	Schaaf	Schad	Schlottach	Schneider
Schoemehl	Selby	Self	Shoemyer	Silvey
Skaggs	Smith 14	Smith 118	Spreng	Stefanick
Stevenson	St. Onge	Storch	Sutherland	Swinger
Threlkeld	Tilley	Viebrock	Wagner	Wallace
Walsh	Wasson	Wells	Weter	Whorton
Wildberger	Wilson 119	Wilson 130	Witte	Wood
Wright 137	Wright 159	Yaeger	Yates	Young
Zweifel	Mr Speaker			
NOES: 012				
Bowman	Daus	El-Amin	Franz	Haywood
Hoskins	Hubbard	Johnson 61	Oxford	Villa
Walton	Wright-Jones			
PRESENT: 001				
Brooks				

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 002

Boykins Vogt

VACANCIES: 001

Speaker Pro Tem Bearden declared the bill passed.

SB 280, relating to licensure of cosmetologists, was taken up by Representative Wasson.

Representative Ruestman offered **House Amendment No. 1**.

House Amendment No. 1

AMEND Senate Bill No. 280, Page 1, Section A, Line 2, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"328.010. As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following terms mean:

- (1) "Barber", any person who is engaged in the capacity so as to shave the beard or cut and dress the hair for the general public, shall be construed as practicing the occupation of "barber", and the said barber or barbers shall be required to fulfill all requirements within the meaning of this chapter;
- (2) "Barber establishment", that part of any building wherein or whereupon any occupation of barbering is being practiced including any space or barber chair rented within a licensed establishment by a person licensed under this chapter, for the purpose of rendering barbering services;

- (3) "Board", the board of cosmetology and barber examiners;
- (4) "Cross-over license", a license that is issued to any person who has met the licensure and examination requirements for both barbering and cosmetology;
- (5) "School of barbering", an establishment operated for the purpose of teaching barbering as defined in subdivision (1) of this section.
- 328.015. 1. Upon appointment by the governor and confirmation by the senate of the board, the board of barber examiners shall be abolished and its duties and responsibilities shall merge into the board as established under section 329.015, RSMo. The board shall be a continuance of and shall carry out the duties of the board of barber examiners.
- 2. Upon appointment by the governor and confirmation by the senate of the board, all of the powers, duties, and functions of the board of barber examiners shall be transferred to, conferred, and imposed upon the board. The board shall be the successor in every way to the powers, duties, and functions of the board of barber examiners.
- 3. Every act performed in the exercise of such powers, duties, and authorities by or under the authority of the board shall be deemed to have the same force and effect as if performed by the board of barber examiners under this chapter, including any amendments thereto effective with the passage of this section or prior to the effective date of this section.
- 4. All rules of the board of barber examiners and any amendments to such rules shall continue to be effective and shall be deemed to be duly adopted rules of the board until revised, amended, or repealed by the board. The board shall review such rules and shall adopt new rules as required for the administration of this chapter for barbers and cosmetologists.
- 5. Any person or entity licensed or provisionally licensed by the board of barber examiners prior to the appointment by the governor and confirmation by the senate of the board, shall be considered licensed in the same manner by the board.
- 328.020. It shall be unlawful for any person to [follow] **practice** the occupation of a barber in this state, unless he **or she** shall have first obtained a [certificate of registration] **license**, as provided in this chapter.
- 328.070. [Such] **The** board shall hold public examinations at least four times in each year, at such times and places as it may deem advisable, notice of such [meetings] **examinations** to be [given by publication thereof] **published** at least ten days prior to [such meetings, in at least two newspapers published in this state, in the locality of each proposed meeting] **the date of the examination**. **The board shall publish its notice of the examination date, place, and time in any manner that it deems appropriate. In lieu of holding its own examinations for barber applicants, the board may contract with an outside entity qualified to examine applicants for licensure.**
- 328.075. 1. Any person desiring to practice as an apprentice for barbering in this state shall apply to the board, [register] **shall be registered** as an apprentice with the board, and shall pay the appropriate fees prior to beginning their apprenticeship. Barber apprentices shall be of good moral character and shall be at least seventeen years of age.
- 2. Any person desiring to act as an apprentice supervisor for barbering in this state shall first possess a license to practice the occupation of barbering, apply to the board, pay the appropriate fees, complete an eight-hour apprentice supervision instruction course certified by the board, and be issued a [certificate of registration] license as a barber apprentice supervisor prior to supervising barber apprentices.
- 3. The board may promulgate rules establishing the criteria for the supervision and training of barber apprentices.
- 4. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2004, shall be invalid and void.
- 328.080. 1. Any person desiring to practice barbering in this state shall make application for a [certificate] **license** to the board and shall pay the required barber examination fee. [He or she shall be present at the next regular meeting of the board for the examination of applicants.]

- 2. The board shall examine [the] **each qualified** applicant and, upon successful completion of the examination and payment of the required [registration] **license** fee, shall issue [to him or her] **the applicant** a [certificate of registration] **license** authorizing him or her to practice the [trade] **occupation of barber** in this state [and enter his name in the register herein provided for]. **The board shall admit an applicant to the examination**, if it finds that he or she:
 - (1) Is seventeen years of age or older and of good moral character;
 - (2) Is free of contagious or infectious diseases;
- (3) Has studied for at least one thousand hours in a period of not less than six months in a properly appointed and conducted barber school under the direct supervision of a licensed instructor; or, if the applicant is an apprentice, the applicant shall have served and completed no less than two thousand hours under the direct supervision of a licensed barber apprentice supervisor;
- (4) Is possessed of requisite skill in the trade of barbering to properly perform the duties thereof, including the preparation of tools, shaving, haircutting and all the duties and services incident thereto; and
- (5) Has sufficient knowledge of the common diseases of the face and skin to avoid the aggravation and spread thereof in the practice of barbering.
- 3. The board shall be the judge of whether the barber school, the barber apprenticeship, or college is properly appointed and conducted under proper instruction to give sufficient training in the trade.
 - 4. The sufficiency of the qualifications of applicants shall be determined by the board.
- 5. For the purposes of meeting the minimum requirements for examination, the apprentice training shall be recognized by the board for a period not to exceed five years.
- 328.085. 1. The board shall grant without examination a license to practice barbering to any applicant who holds a [valid] **current** barber's license which is issued by another state or territory whose requirements for licensure were equivalent to the licensing requirements in effect in Missouri at the time the applicant was licensed or who has practiced the trade in another state for at least two **consecutive** years. **An applicant under this section shall pay the appropriate application and licensure fees at the time of making application. A licensee who is currently under disciplinary action with another board of barbering shall not be licensed by reciprocity under the provisions of this chapter.**
- 2. Any person who has lawfully practiced or received training in another state who does not qualify for licensure without examination may apply to the board for licensure by examination. Upon application to the board, the board shall evaluate the applicant's experience and training to determine the extent to which the applicant's training and experience satisfies current Missouri licensing requirements and shall notify the applicant regarding his deficiencies and inform the applicant of the action which he must take to qualify to take the examination.
 - 3. The applicant for licensure under this section shall pay a fee equivalent to the barber examination fee.
- 328.090. Any person desiring to teach barbering in this state in a barber school, college or barber shop must first possess a [certificate of registration] license to practice the occupation of barbering and make application to [appear before said] the board for an examination as a teacher or instructor in said occupation and shall pay the required instructor examination fee. The board shall examine such applicant and after finding that he or she is duly qualified to teach said occupation, [said] the board shall issue to him or her a [certificate of registration] license entitling him or her to teach barbering in this state, subject to all the provisions of this chapter. Holders of [certificates] licenses to teach barbering shall, on or before the expiration of their respective [certificates] licenses, make application for the renewal of same, and shall in each case pay the instructor renewal fee. Should any person holding a [certificate] license to teach barbering fail to renew same within the time prescribed herein, such person shall be required to pay a reinstatement fee in addition to the regular [registration] license fee provided for herein. Any person failing to renew his [certificate of registration] or her license to teach barbering for a period not exceeding two years may reinstate said [certificate of registration] license upon the payment of the renewal fee in addition to the reinstatement fee, but any person failing to renew his [certificate of registration] or her license to teach barbering for a period exceeding two years and desiring to be [reregistered] licensed as a teacher of barbering in this state will be required to [appear before said board and] pass a satisfactory examination as to his or her qualifications to teach barbering and shall pay the instructor examination fee.
- 328.110. 1. Every person engaged in barbering shall on or before the renewal date apply for the renewal of his or her [certificate of registration] **license**.
- 2. Each application for renewal shall state the number of [applicant's] **the license's** expiring [certificate] **license**, and be accompanied by his or her renewal fee. Any person holding a [certificate of registration] **license** as a barber, except as herein provided, who fails to apply for renewal within two months of the expiration date of his or her [certificate of registration] **license**, shall pay a reinstatement fee in addition to the regular [registration] **license** renewal

fee. Any person who fails to renew his or her [certificate of registration] **license**, except as herein provided, for a period not exceeding two years may reinstate his or her [certificate of registration] **license** upon payment of the [registration] **license** renewal fee for each delinquent year in addition to the reinstatement fee prescribed herein, but any barber, except as herein provided, who fails to renew his or her [certificate of registration] **license** for a period exceeding two years but less than five years and desires to be [reregistered] **licensed** as a barber in this state will be required to [appear before the board and] pass the practicum portion of the [state] **state's** licensing examination as to his or her qualifications to practice barbering and shall pay the barber examination fee.

- 3. A holder of a [certificate of registration] **barber license** who has been honorably discharged from the United States armed forces, and has not renewed his or her [certificate of registration] **license** as herein provided, shall, upon his or her return to barbering within one year from date of honorable discharge, pay one dollar for renewal of same.
- 328.115. 1. The owner of every shop or establishment in which the occupation of barbering is practiced shall obtain a [certificate of registration] **license** for such shop or establishment issued by the board before barbering is practiced therein. A new [certificate of registration] **license** shall be obtained for a barber shop or establishment before barbering is practiced therein when the shop or establishment changes ownership or location.
- 2. The board shall issue a [certificate of registration] **license** for a shop or establishment upon receipt of [a registration] **the license** fee from the applicant if the board finds that the shop or establishment complies with the sanitary regulations adopted pursuant to section 328.060. All shops or establishments shall continue to comply with the sanitary regulations. Failure of a shop or establishment to comply with the sanitary regulations shall be grounds for the board to file a complaint with the administrative hearing commission to revoke or suspend the [certificate of registration] **license** for the shop or censure or place on probation the holder thereof.
- 3. The [certificate of registration] **license** for a shop or establishment shall be renewable. The applicant for renewal of the [certificate] **license** shall on or before the renewal date submit [a] **the completed renewal application accompanied by the required** renewal fee. If the renewal **application and** fee [is] **are** not submitted [on or before] **within thirty days following** the renewal date [and if the fee remains unpaid for thirty days thereafter], a penalty fee plus the renewal fee shall be paid to renew the [certificate] **license**. If a new shop opens any time during the licensing period and does not register **a license** before opening, there shall be a delinquent fee in addition to the regular fee. The [certificate of registration must] **license shall** be kept posted in plain view within the shop or establishment at all times.
- 328.120. 1. Any firm, corporation or person, [desiring to conduct a barber school or college in this state, shall first secure from the board a permit to do so, and shall keep the same prominently displayed. There shall be a permit fee to be paid on or before the permit renewal date.] may make application to the board for a license to own and operate a barber school or college on the form prescribed by the board. Every barber school or college in which the occupation of barbering is taught shall be required to obtain a license from the board prior to opening. The license shall be issued upon approval of the application by the board, the payment of the required fees, and the board's determination that the applicant meets all other requirements of this chapter and any rules promulgated thereunder. The license shall be kept posted in plain view within the barber school or college at all times.
- 2. A barber school or college license renewal application and fee shall be submitted on or before the renewal date of any school or college license issued under this section. If the barber school or college license renewal fee is not paid on or before the renewal date, a late fee shall be added to the regular license renewal fee.
- **3.** The board shall promulgate rules and regulations regarding the course of study in [the] **a barber** school or college, and may revoke any [permit] **license** issued hereunder for any violation of the provisions of this section or rule promulgated pursuant to this section. The board shall follow the procedure prescribed by chapter 621, RSMo, to revoke a barber school [permit] **license**. [Permits] **License** shall not be restricted to any one group or person but shall be granted to any reasonably qualified person or group under a fair and nondiscriminating method of determination.
- [2.] **4.** There shall be not less than one teacher or instructor for every fifteen students in any barber school or college holding a [permit] **license** under this section.
- [3.] **5.** The barber school or college shall immediately file with the board the name and age of each student entering the school, and the board shall cause the same to be entered in a register kept for that purpose. A registration fee shall be paid by the student.
- [4.] **6.** The barber school or college shall certify to the board the names of all students who successfully completed a course of study approved by the board and consisting of at least one thousand hours of study under the direct supervision of a licensed instructor in a period of not less than six months.
- [5.] **7.** No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the authority of this chapter shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section 536.024, RSMo.

- 328.130. [There shall be furnished to each person to whom a certificate of registration is issued a card or certificate certifying that] The board shall issue a printed license to each person successfully meeting the board's requirements for licensure, which shall be evidence the holder thereof is entitled to practice the occupation of [barber] barbering in this state[, and it shall be the duty of the holder of such card or certificate to]. The licensee shall post [the same] his or her license in a conspicuous place in front of his or her working chair where it may be readily seen by all persons whom he or she may serve.
- 328.160. Any person practicing the occupation of [barber] **barbering** without having obtained a [certificate of registration or permit] **license** as provided in this chapter, or willfully employing a barber who [has not such certificate or permit] **does not hold a valid license issued by the board,** managing or conducting a barber school or college[,] without first securing a [permit] **license** from [such] **the** board, or falsely pretending to be qualified to practice as a barber or instructor or teacher of such occupation under this chapter, or failing to keep [the certificate, card or permit mentioned in] **any license required by** this chapter properly displayed or for any extortion or overcharge practiced, and any barber college, firm, corporation or person operating or conducting a barber college without first having secured the [permit provided for] **license required** by this chapter, or failing to comply with such sanitary rules as the board, in conjunction with the department of health and senior services, prescribes, or for the violation of any of the provisions of this chapter, shall be deemed guilty of a class C misdemeanor. Prosecutions under this chapter shall be initiated and carried on in the same manner as other prosecutions for misdemeanors in this state.
- 329.010. As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following words and terms mean:
- (1) "Accredited school of cosmetology or school of manicuring", an establishment operated for the purpose of teaching cosmetology as defined in this section and meeting the criteria set forth under 34 C.F.R. Part 600, sections 600.1 and 600.2;
- (2) "Apprentice" or "student", a person who is engaged in training within a cosmetology establishment or school, and while so training performs any of the practices of the classified occupations within this chapter under the immediate direction and supervision of a [registered] licensed cosmetologist or instructor;
 - [(2)] (3) "Board", the state board of cosmetology and barber examiners;
- [(3)] (4) "Cosmetologist", any person who, for compensation, engages in the practice of cosmetology, as defined in subdivision [(4)] (5) of this section;
- [(4)] (5) "Cosmetology" includes performing or offering to engage in any acts of the classified occupations of cosmetology for compensation, which shall include:
- (a) "Class CH hairdresser" includes arranging, dressing, curling, singeing, waving, permanent waving, cleansing, cutting, bleaching, tinting, coloring or similar work upon the hair of any person by any means; or removing superfluous hair from the body of any person by means other than electricity, or any other means of arching or tinting eyebrows or tinting eyelashes. Class CH hairdresser, also includes, any person who either with the person's hands or with mechanical or electrical apparatuses or appliances, or by the use of cosmetic preparations, antiseptics, tonics, lotions or creams engages for compensation in any one or any combination of the following: massaging, cleaning, stimulating, manipulating, exercising, beautifying or similar work upon the scalp, face, neck, arms or bust;
- (b) "Class MO manicurist" includes cutting, trimming, polishing, coloring, tinting, cleaning or otherwise beautifying a person's fingernails, applying artificial fingernails, massaging, cleaning a person's hands and arms; pedicuring, which includes, cutting, trimming, polishing, coloring, tinting, cleaning or otherwise beautifying a person's toenails, applying artificial toenails, massaging and cleaning a person's legs and feet;
- (c) "Class CA hairdressing and manicuring" includes all practices of cosmetology, as defined in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision;
- (d) "Class E estheticians" includes the use of mechanical, electrical apparatuses or appliances, or by the use of cosmetic preparations, antiseptics, tonics, lotions or creams, not to exceed ten percent phenol, engages for compensation, either directly or indirectly, in any one, or any combination, of the following practices: massaging, cleansing, stimulating, manipulating, exercising, beautifying or similar work upon the scalp, face, neck, ears, arms, hands, bust, torso, legs or feet and removing superfluous hair by means other than electric needle or any other means of arching or tinting eyelsows or tinting eyelashes, of any person;
- [(5)] (6) "Cosmetology establishment", that part of any building wherein or whereupon any of the classified occupations are practiced including any space rented within a licensed establishment by a person licensed under this chapter, for the purpose of rendering cosmetology services;
- [(6)] (7) "Cross-over license", a license that is issued to any person who has met the licensure and examination requirements for both barbering and cosmetology;

- (8) "Hairdresser", any person who, for compensation, engages in the practice of cosmetology as defined in paragraph (a) of subdivision [(4)] (5) of this section;
- [(7)] (9) "Instructor", any person who is licensed to teach cosmetology or any practices of cosmetology pursuant to this chapter;
- [(8)] (10) "Manicurist", any person who, for compensation, engages in any or all of the practices in paragraph (b) of subdivision [(4)] (5) of this section;
- [(9)] (11) "Parental consent", the written informed consent of a minor's parent or legal guardian that must be obtained prior to providing body waxing on or near the genitalia;
- (12) "School of cosmetology" or "school of manicuring", an establishment operated for the purpose of teaching cosmetology as defined in subdivision [(4)] (5) of this section.
- 329.015. 1. There is hereby created and established a "Board of Cosmetology and Barber Examiners" for the purpose of licensing all persons engaged in the practice of cosmetology, manicuring, esthetics, and barbering, including but not limited to shaving or trimming the beard or cutting the hair; and to fulfill all other duties and responsibilities delegated by chapter 328, RSMo, as it pertains to barbers and this chapter as it pertains to cosmetologists. The duties and responsibilities of the board of cosmetology and barber examiners as such duties and responsibilities pertain to barbers and cosmetologists shall not take full force and effect until such time as the governor appoints the members of the board of cosmetology and barber examiners and the appointments are confirmed by the senate. At such time, the powers and duties of the board of barber examiners and the state board of cosmetology shall be merged into the board under section 329.023.
- 2. The governor shall appoint members to the board by and with the advice and consent of the senate. The board shall consist of eleven members each of whom are United States citizens and who have been residents of this state for at least one year immediately preceding their appointment. Of these eleven members, three shall be licensed cosmetologists holding a Class CA license classification, one shall be an accredited cosmetology school owner as defined in section 329.010, one shall be the owner of a school licensed under subsection 1 of section 329.040, one shall be a cosmetologist with a license of any type of cosmetology classification, three shall be licensed barbers, and two shall be voting public members. All members, except the public members and the accredited cosmetology school owner member, shall be cosmetologists and barbers duly registered as such and licensed under the laws of this state and shall have been actively engaged in the lawful practice of their profession for a period of at least five years immediately preceding their appointment. All members of the board, including public members and the accredited cosmetology school owner member, shall be chosen from lists submitted by the director of the division of professional registration.
- 3. Upon the appointment of the initial board members, at least two cosmetologist members and two barber members shall be appointed by the governor to serve a term of four years; two cosmetologist members, one barber member and a public member shall be appointed to serve a term of three years, and the remaining members of the initial board shall be appointed for a term of two years. Thereafter, all members shall be appointed by the governor by and with the advice and consent of the senate to serve four-year terms. The governor shall appoint members to fill any vacancies, whether it occurs by the expiration of a term or otherwise; provided, however, that any board member shall serve until his or her successor is appointed and duly qualified. No person shall be eligible for reappointment that has served as a member of the board for a total of twelve years.
- 4. At the time of appointment, the public members shall be citizens of the United States, residents of this state for a period of at least one year immediately preceding their appointment, and a registered voter. The public members and the spouse of such members shall be persons who are not and never were a member of any profession licensed or regulated by the board. The public members and the spouse of such members shall be persons who do not have and never have had a material financial interest in the provision of the professional services regulated by the board, or an activity or organization directly related to any professions licensed or regulated by the board. The duties of the public members and the accredited school owner member shall not include the determination of the technical requirements to be met for licensure, or whether any person meets such technical requirements, or of the technical competence or technical judgment of a licensee or a candidate for licensure.
- 5. Any member who is a school owner shall not be allowed access to the testing and examination materials nor shall any such member be allowed to attend the administration of the examinations, except when such member is being examined for licensure.
- 6. The members of the board shall receive as compensation for their services the sum set by the board not to exceed seventy dollars for each day actually spent in attendance at meetings of the board plus actual and necessary expenses.

- 329.023. 1. Upon appointment by the governor and confirmation by the senate of the board, the state board of cosmetology is abolished and its duties and responsibilities shall merge into the board as established under section 329.015. The board shall be a continuance of and shall carry out the duties of the state board of cosmetology.
- 2. Upon appointment by the governor and confirmation by the senate of the board, all of the powers, duties, and functions of the state board of cosmetology are transferred to, conferred, and imposed upon the board. The board shall be the successor in every way to the powers, duties, and functions of the state board of cosmetology.
- 3. Every act performed in the exercise of such powers, duties, and authorities by or under the authority of the board shall be deemed to have the same force and effect as if performed by the state board of cosmetology under this chapter, including any amendments thereto effective with the passage of this law or prior to the effective date of this section.
- 4. All rules and regulations of the state board of cosmetology and any amendments thereto shall continue to be effective and shall be deemed to be duly adopted rules and regulations of the board until revised, amended, or repealed by the board. The board shall review such rules and regulations and shall adopt new rules as required for the administration of the licensure law for barbers and cosmetologists.
- 5. Any person or entity licensed or provisionally licensed by the state board of cosmetology prior to the appointment by the governor and confirmation by the senate of the board, shall be considered licensed in the same manner by the board of cosmetology and barber examiners.

329.025. 1. The board shall have power to:

- (1) Prescribe by rule for the examination of applicants for licensure to practice the classified occupations of barbering and cosmetology and issue licenses;
- (2) Prescribe by rule for the inspection of barber and cosmetology establishments and schools and appoint the necessary inspectors and examining assistants;
- (3) Prescribe by rule for the inspection of establishments and schools of barbering and cosmetology as to their sanitary conditions and to appoint the necessary inspectors and, if necessary, examining assistants;
- (4) Set the amount of the fees that this chapter and chapter 328 authorize and require, by rules promulgated under section 536.021, RSMo. The fees shall be set at a level sufficient to produce revenue that shall not substantially exceed the cost and expense of administering this chapter and chapter 328;
- (5) Employ and remove board personnel, as set forth in subdivision (4) of subsection 15 of section 620.010, RSMo, including an executive secretary or comparable position, inspectors, investigators, legal counsel and secretarial support staff, as may be necessary for the efficient operation of the board, within the limitations of its appropriation;
- (6) Elect one of its members president, one vice president, and one secretary with the limitation that no single profession can hold the positions of president and vice president at the same time;
- (7) Promulgate rules necessary to carry out the duties and responsibilities designated by this chapter and chapter 328;
 - (8) Determine the sufficiency of the qualifications of applicants; and
- (9) Prescribe by rule the minimum standards and methods of accountability for the schools of barbering and cosmetology licensed under this chapter and chapter 328.
- 2. The board shall create no expense exceeding the sum received from time to time from fees imposed under this chapter and chapter 328.
- 3. A majority of the board, with at least one representative of each profession being present, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.
 - 4. The board shall meet not less than six times annually.
- 5. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in chapters 328 and 329 shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly under chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2001, shall be invalid and void.
- 329.028. 1. There is hereby created in the state treasury a fund to be known as the "Board of Cosmetology and Barber Examiners Fund", which shall consist of all moneys collected by the board. All fees

provided for in this chapter and chapter 328 shall be payable to the director of the division of professional registration in the department of economic development, who shall keep a record of the account showing the total payments received and shall immediately thereafter transmit them to the department of revenue for deposit in the state treasury to the credit of the board of cosmetology and barber examiners fund. All the salaries and expenses for the operation of the board shall be appropriated and paid from such fund.

- 2. The provisions of section 33.080, RSMo, to the contrary notwithstanding, money in this fund shall not be transferred and placed to the credit of general revenue until the amount in the fund at the end of the biennium exceeds two times the amount of the appropriation from the board's funds for the preceding fiscal year or, if the board requires by rule license renewal less frequently than yearly, then three times the appropriation from the board's funds for the preceding fiscal year. The amount, if any, in the fund which shall lapse is that amount in the fund which exceeds the appropriate multiple of the appropriations from the board's funds for the preceding fiscal year.
- 3. Upon appointment by the governor and confirmation by the senate of the board, all moneys deposited in the board of barbers fund created in section 328.050, RSMo, and the state board of cosmetology fund created in section 329.240, shall be transferred to the board of cosmetology and barber examiners fund created in subsection 1 of this section. The board of barbers fund and the state board of cosmetology fund shall be abolished when all moneys are transferred to the board of cosmetology and barber examiners fund.
- 329.035. 1. For the purposes of this section, "person employed in retail cosmetic sales" means any person who assists customers to select cosmetics by allowing the customer to apply samples of demonstration cosmetics, assisting the customer to apply cosmetics, or applying the cosmetic to the customer. There shall be no skin-to-skin contact between the salesperson and the customer. Assisted cosmetic applications by the customer or the person employed in retail cosmetic sales shall be performed with single-use applicators, except for perfume or cologne, samples applied to the hand or the arm or dispensed from a tube, pump, spray or shaker container, or samples or applicators that have been cleansed before each use or application. No person employed in retail cosmetic sales as provided in this section shall accept any remuneration from the customer for performing any of the acts described in this section or make such assistance or application conditioned on any sale.
- 2. A [certificate of registration as provided in] **license as required under** section 329.030 is not required for persons who are employed in retail cosmetic sales if such persons do not hold themselves out to have a license, permit, certificate of registration or any other authority authorizing such person to practice the professions licensed by the board.
- 3. The board may promulgate rules establishing minimum sanitation standards for persons employed in retail cosmetic sales, but such rules shall not require a sink at the cosmetic counter for a source and drainage of water or any other electrical sanitation equipment required in hairdressing or cosmetologist's or manicurist's shops licensed pursuant to this chapter. The board may inspect retail cosmetic sales establishments to ensure compliance with this section and rules promulgated thereunder.

329.045. Every establishment in which the occupation of cosmetology is practiced shall be required to obtain a license from the [state] board [of cosmetology]. Every establishment required to be licensed shall pay to the [state] board an establishment fee for the first three licensed cosmetologists esthetician and/or manicurists, and/or apprentices and an additional fee for each additional licensee. The fee shall be due and payable on the renewal date and, if the fee remains unpaid thereafter, there shall be a late fee in addition to the regular establishment fee or, if a new establishment opens any time during the licensing period and does not register before opening, there shall be a delinquent fee in addition to the regular establishment fee. The license shall be kept posted in plain view within the establishment at all times."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 3, Section 329.050, Line 58, by inserting after all of said line the following:

- "329.060. 1. Every person desiring to sit for the examination for any of the occupations provided for in this chapter shall file with the [state] board [of cosmetology] a written application on a form supplied to the applicant, and shall submit proof of the required age, educational qualifications, and of good moral character together with the required cosmetology examination fee. Each application shall contain a statement that it is made under oath or affirmation and that its representations are true and correct to the best knowledge and belief of the person signing same, subject to the penalties of making a false affidavit or declaration.
- 2. Upon the filing of the application and the payment of the fee, the [state] board [of cosmetology] shall, upon request, issue to the applicant, if the applicant is qualified to sit for the examination, a temporary license [for a definite period of time, but not beyond the release of the results from the next regular examination of applicants] for the

practicing of the occupations as provided in this chapter. Any person receiving a temporary license shall be entitled to practice the occupations designated on the temporary license, under the supervision of a person licensed in cosmetology, until the expiration of the temporary license. Any person continuing to practice the occupation beyond the expiration of the temporary license without being licensed in cosmetology as provided in this chapter is guilty of an infraction.

- 329.070. 1. Apprentices or students shall be licensed with the board and shall pay a student fee or an apprentice fee prior to beginning their course, and shall be of good moral character and have an education equivalent to the successful completion of the tenth grade.
- 2. An apprentice or student shall not be enrolled in a course of study that shall exceed [eight] **twelve** hours per day or that is less than three hours per day. The course of study shall be no more than [forty-eight] **seventy-two** hours per week and no less than fifteen hours per week.
- 3. Every person desiring to act as an apprentice in any of the classified occupations within this chapter shall file with the board a written application on a form supplied to the applicant, together with the required apprentice fee.
- 329.090. If the [state] board [of cosmetology] finds the applicant has submitted the credentials required for admission to the examination and has paid the required fee, the board shall admit such applicant to examination for licensure.
- 329.100. The examination of applicants for licenses to practice under this chapter shall be conducted under the rules prescribed by the [state] board [of cosmetology] and shall include both practical demonstrations and written and oral tests in reference to the practices for which a license is applied and such related studies and subjects as the [state] board [of cosmetology] may determine necessary for the proper and efficient performance of such practices and shall not be confined to any specific system or method, and such examinations shall be consistent with the practical and theoretical requirements of the classified occupation or occupations as provided by this chapter.
- 329.110. 1. If an applicant for examination for cosmetology passes the examination to the satisfaction of the [state] board [of cosmetology] and has paid the fee required and complied with the requirements pertaining to this chapter, the board shall cause to be issued a license to that effect. The license shall be evidence that the person to whom it is issued is entitled to engage in the practices, occupation or occupations stipulated therein as prescribed in this chapter. The license shall be conspicuously displayed in his or her principal office, place of business, or employment.
- 2. Whenever anyone who has been licensed in accordance with this chapter practices any of the occupations authorized in this chapter outside of or away from the person's principal office, place of business, or employment, he or she shall deliver to each person in his or her care a certificate of identification. This certificate shall contain his or her signature, the number and date of his or her license, the post office address and the date upon which the certificate of identification is delivered to the person under his or her care.
- 329.120. The holder of a license issued by the [state] board [of cosmetology] who continues in active practice or occupation shall on or before the license renewal date renew the holder's license and pay the renewal fee. A license which has not been renewed prior to the renewal date shall expire on the renewal date. The holder of an expired license may have the license restored within two years of the date of expiration without examination, upon the payment of a delinquent fee in addition to the renewal fee.
- 329.130. [The state board of cosmetology shall dispense with examinations of an applicant, as provided in this chapter, and shall grant licenses under the respective sections upon the payment of the required fees, provided that the applicant has complied with the requirements of another state, territory of the United States, or, District of Columbia wherein the requirements for licensure are substantially equal to those in force in this state at the time application for the license is filed and upon due proof that the applicant at time of making application holds a current license in the other state, territory of the United States, or District of Columbia, and upon the payment of a fee equal to the examination and licensing fees required to accompany an application for a license in cosmetology.] 1. The board shall grant without examination a license to practice cosmetology to any applicant who holds a current license that is issued by another state, territory of the United States, or the District of Columbia whose requirements for licensure are substantially equal to the licensing requirements in Missouri at the time the application is filed or who has practiced cosmetology for at least two consecutive years in another state, territory of the United States, or the District of Columbia. The applicant under this subsection shall pay the appropriate application and licensure fees at the time of making application. A licensee who is currently under disciplinary action with another board of cosmetology shall not be licensed by reciprocity under the provisions of this chapter.

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2. Any person who lawfully practiced or received training in another state who does not qualify for licensure without examination may apply to the board for licensure by examination. Upon application to the board, the board shall evaluate the applicant's experience and training to determine the extent to which the applicant's training and experience satisfies current Missouri licensing requirements and shall notify the applicant regarding his or her deficiencies and inform the applicant of the action that he or she must take to qualify to take the examination. The applicant for licensure under this subsection shall pay the appropriate examination and licensure fees.

329.265. [Until July 1, 1999, any person licensed in Missouri as a Class CH or CA cosmetologist pursuant to this chapter may be licensed as an esthetician without examination if such person applies to the state board of cosmetology and pays a fee, as established by the board. The state board of cosmetology shall notify, by October 1, 1998, by United States mail at their last known address, all persons licensed in Missouri as Class CH or CA cosmetologists of their rights as provided in this section to be licensed as an esthetician without examination.] After July 1, 1999, any licensed cosmetologist shall be required to complete the required training of seven hundred and fifty hours and pass the required examination to be licensed as an esthetician."; and

Further amend said title, enacting clause and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Ruestman, **House Amendment No. 1** was adopted.

On motion of Representative Wasson, **SB 280, as amended**, was read the third time and passed by the following vote:

AYES: 158

Aull	Avery	Baker 25	Baker 123	Bean
Bearden	Behnen	Bivins	Black	Bland
Bowman	Bringer	Brown 30	Brown 50	Bruns
Burnett	Byrd	Casey	Chinn	Chappelle-Nadal
Cooper 120	Cooper 155	Cooper 158	Corcoran	Cunningham 145
Cunningham 86	Curls	Darrough	Daus	Davis
Day	Deeken	Dempsey	Denison	Dethrow
Donnelly	Dougherty	Dusenberg	El-Amin	Emery
Ervin	Faith	Fares	Fisher	Flook
Franz	Fraser	George	Goodman	Guest
Harris 23	Harris 110	Haywood	Henke	Hobbs
Hoskins	Hubbard	Hughes	Hunter	Icet
Jackson	Johnson 47	Johnson 90	Jolly	Jones
Kelly	Kingery	Kratky	Kraus	Kuessner
Lager	Lampe	Lembke	LeVota	Liese
Lipke	Loehner	Low 39	Lowe 44	Marsh
May	McGhee	Meadows	Meiners	Moore
Munzlinger	Muschany	Myers	Nance	Nieves
Nolte	Oxford	Page	Parker	Parson
Pearce	Phillips	Pollock	Portwood	Pratt
Quinn	Rector	Richard	Roark	Robb
Robinson	Roorda	Rucker	Ruestman	Rupp
Salva	Sander	Sater	Schaaf	Schad
Schlottach	Schneider	Schoemehl	Selby	Self
Shoemyer	Silvey	Skaggs	Smith 14	Smith 118
Spreng	Stefanick	Stevenson	St. Onge	Storch
Sutherland	Swinger	Threlkeld	Tilley	Viebrock
Villa	Vogt	Wagner	Wallace	Walsh
Walton	Wasson	Wells	Weter	Whorton

Wildberger Wilson 119 Wilson 130 Witte Wood Wright 137 Wright 159 Wright-Jones Yaeger Yates Young Zweifel Mr Speaker

NOES: 000

PRESENT: 002

Brooks Johnson 61

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 002

Boykins Dixon

VACANCIES: 001

Speaker Pro Tem Bearden declared the bill passed.

SB 254, relating to prescription medication in schools, was taken up by Representative Tilley.

Representative Behnen assumed the Chair.

On motion of Representative Tilley, **SB 254** was truly agreed to and finally passed by the following vote:

AYES: 135

Aull Avery Baker 25 Baker 123 Bean Bearden Behnen **Bivins** Black Bringer Brown 30 Brown 50 Bruns Byrd Casey Chinn Chappelle-Nadal Cooper 155 Cooper 120 Cooper 158 Cunningham 145 Curls Darrough Corcoran Cunningham 86 Deeken Dethrow Day Dempsey Denison Dixon Donnelly Dusenberg Emery Ervin Faith Fisher Flook Franz Fares Goodman Guest Harris 23 Fraser George Harris 110 Hobbs Henke Hubbard Hunter Johnson 90 Jolly Icet Jackson Johnson 47 Jones Kelly Kingery Kratky Kraus Kuessner Lager Lampe Lembke LeVota Loehner Marsh Liese Lipke May Munzlinger Muschany Meadows Meiners Moore Myers Nance Nieves Page Parker Pollock Parson Pearce Phillips Portwood Richard Roark Quinn Rector Pratt Robb Robinson Roorda Ruestman Rupp Sater Schaaf Schad Schlottach Schneider Schoemehl Selby Self Shoemyer Silvey Smith 14 Smith 118 Spreng Stefanick Skaggs Stevenson Storch Sutherland St. Onge Swinger Threlkeld Tilley Viebrock Villa Wagner Wallace Wasson Wells Weter Wildberger

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Wilson 119	Wilson 130	Witte	Wood	Wright 137
Wright 159	Yaeger	Yates	Zweifel	Mr Speaker

NOES: 025

Bland Bowman Brooks Burnett Daus Davis Dougherty El-Amin Haywood Hoskins McGhee Low 39 Hughes Johnson 61 Lowe 44 Oxford Rucker Salva Sander Vogt Walsh Walton Whorton Wright-Jones Young

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 002

Boykins Nolte

VACANCIES: 001

Representative Behnen declared the bill passed.

HCS SS SB 95, relating to lead poisoning abatement, was taken up by Representative Hubbard.

On motion of Representative Hubbard, HCS SS SB 95 was adopted.

On motion of Representative Hubbard, HCS SS SB 95 was read the third time and passed by the following vote:

AYES: 156

Aull	Avery	Baker 25	Baker 123	Bearden
	•			Dour don
Behnen	Bivins	Black	Bland	Bowman
Bringer	Brown 30	Brown 50	Bruns	Burnett
Byrd	Casey	Chinn	Chappelle-Nadal	Cooper 120
Cooper 155	Cooper 158	Corcoran	Cunningham 145	Cunningham 86
Curls	Darrough	Daus	Davis	Day
Deeken	Dempsey	Denison	Dethrow	Dixon
Donnelly	Dougherty	Dusenberg	El-Amin	Emery
Ervin	Faith	Fares	Fisher	Flook
Franz	Fraser	George	Goodman	Guest
Harris 23	Harris 110	Haywood	Henke	Hobbs
Hoskins	Hubbard	Hughes	Hunter	Icet
Jackson	Johnson 47	Johnson 61	Johnson 90	Jolly
Jones	Kelly	Kingery	Kratky	Kraus
Kuessner	Lager	Lampe	Lembke	LeVota
Liese	Lipke	Loehner	Low 39	Lowe 44
Marsh	May	McGhee	Meadows	Meiners
Moore	Munzlinger	Muschany	Myers	Nance
Nieves	Oxford	Page	Parker	Parson
Pearce	Phillips	Pollock	Portwood	Pratt
Quinn	Rector	Richard	Roark	Robb
Robinson	Roorda	Rucker	Ruestman	Rupp
Salva	Sander	Sater	Schaaf	Schad
Schlottach	Schneider	Schoemehl	Selby	Shoemyer

Silvey Smith 14 Smith 118 Skaggs Spreng Stefanick Stevenson St. Onge Storch Sutherland Threlkeld Viebrock Villa Tilley Swinger Wallace Walsh Walton Wasson Wagner Wells Weter Whorton Wildberger Wilson 119 Wright 159 Wilson 130 Witte Wood Wright 137 Wright-Jones Young Zweifel Yaeger Yates

Mr Speaker

NOES: 000

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 006

Bean Boykins Brooks Nolte Self

Vogt

VACANCIES: 001

Representative Behnen declared the bill passed.

THIRD READING OF SENATE BILL - CONSENT

HCS SB 216, relating to state crime laboratories, was taken up by Representative Goodman.

On motion of Representative Goodman, **HCS SB 216** was read the third time and passed by the following vote:

AYES: 159

Baker 25 Baker 123 Aull Avery Bean Behnen Bivins Black Bland Bearden Bringer Brown 30 Brown 50 Bruns **Bowman** Burnett Chappelle-Nadal Byrd Casey Chinn Cooper 120 Cooper 155 Cooper 158 Corcoran Cunningham 145 Cunningham 86 Curls Darrough Daus Davis Day Deeken Dempsey Denison Dethrow Dixon Donnelly Dougherty Dusenberg El-Amin Emery Ervin Faith Fares Fisher Flook Franz Fraser George Goodman Harris 23 Harris 110 Haywood Henke Guest Hubbard Hughes Hunter Hobbs Hoskins Icet Jackson Johnson 47 Johnson 61 Johnson 90 Jolly Kelly Jones Kingery Kratky Lampe Kraus Kuessner Lager Lembke Lipke Low 39 LeVota Liese Loehner Lowe 44 Marsh May McGhee Meadows Meiners Munzlinger Muschany Myers Moore Nance Nieves Nolte Oxford Page Pollock Parker Parson Pearce Phillips Richard Portwood Pratt Quinn Rector Roark Robb Robinson Roorda Rucker Ruestman Rupp Salva Sander Sater Schaaf Schad Schlottach Schneider Schoemehl

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Self Selby Shoemyer Silvey Skaggs Smith 14 Smith 118 Stefanick St. Onge Spreng Sutherland Swinger Threlkeld Tilley Storch Viebrock Villa Vogt Wagner Wallace Walton Wasson Wells Weter Walsh Whorton Wildberger Wilson 119 Wilson 130 Witte Wright 137 Wright 159 Wood Wright-Jones Yaeger Zweifel Mr Speaker Yates Young

NOES: 000

PRESENT: 000

ABSENT WITH LEAVE: 003

Boykins Brooks Stevenson

VACANCIES: 001

Representative Behnen declared the bill passed.

THIRD READING OF SENATE BILL

HCS SCS SB 319, relating to unemployment insurance, was taken up by Representative Roark.

Representative Roark offered **House Amendment No. 1**.

House Amendment No. 1

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 319, Pages 2 to 29, Sections 288.036, 288.038, 288.045, 288.050, 288.060, 288.110, 288.120, 288.121, 288.122, 288.128, 288.310, and 288.330, by deleting all of said sections and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"288.110. 1. Any individual, type of organization or employing unit which has acquired substantially all of the business of an employer, excepting in any such case any assets retained by such employer incident to the liquidation of his obligations, and in respect to which the division finds that immediately after such change such business of the predecessor employer is continued without interruption solely by the successor, shall stand in the position of such predecessor employer in all respects, including the predecessor's separate account, actual contribution and benefit experience, annual payrolls, and liability for current or delinquent contributions, interest and penalties. If two or more individuals, organizations, or employing units acquired at approximately the same time substantially all of the business of an employer (excepting in any such case any assets retained by such employer incident to the liquidation of his obligations) and in respect to which the division finds that immediately after such change all portions of such business of the predecessor are continued without interruption solely by such successors, each such individual, organization, or employing unit shall stand in the position of such predecessor with respect to the proportionate share of the predecessor's separate account, actual contribution and benefit experience and annual payroll as determined by the portion of the predecessor's taxable payroll applicable to the portion of the business acquired, and each such individual, organization or employing unit shall be liable for current or delinquent contributions, interest and penalties of the predecessor in the same relative proportion. Further, any successor under this section which was not an employer at the time the acquisition occurred shall pay contributions for the balance of the current rate year at the same contribution rate as the contribution rate of the predecessor whether such rate is more or less than two and seven-tenths percent, provided there was only one predecessor or there were only predecessors with identical rates. If the predecessors' rates were not identical, the division shall calculate a rate as of the date of acquisition applicable to the successor for the remainder of the rate year, which rate shall be based on the combined experience of all predecessor employers. In the event that any successor was, prior to an acquisition, an employer, and there is a difference in the contribution rate established for such calendar year

applicable to any acquired or acquiring employer, the division shall make a recalculation of the contribution rate applicable to any successor employer based upon the combined experience of all predecessor and successor employers as of the date of the acquisition, unless the date of the acquisition is other than the first day of the calendar quarter. If the date of any such acquisition is other than the first day of the calendar quarter, the division shall make the recalculation of the rate on the first day of the next calendar quarter after the acquisition. When the date of the acquisition is other than the first day of a calendar quarter, the successor employer shall use its rate for the calendar quarter in which the acquisition was made. The revised contribution rate shall apply to employment after the rate recalculation. For this purpose a calculation date different from July first may be established. When the division has determined that a successor or successors stand in the position of a predecessor employer, the predecessor's liability shall be terminated as of the date of the acquisition.

- 2. If an employer transfers its trade or business, or a portion thereof, to another employer and, at the time of the transfer, there is substantially common ownership, management, or control of the two employers, then the unemployment experience attributable to the transferred trade or business shall be transferred to the employer to whom such business is so transferred. The rates and liabilities of both employers shall be recalculated and made effective under this section.
- 3. Whenever any individual, type of organization, or employing unit who is not an employer under this chapter at the time it acquires the trade or business of an employer, the unemployment experience of the acquired business shall not be transferred to such individual, organization, or employing unit if the division finds that such individual, organization, or employing unit acquired the business solely or primarily for the purpose of obtaining a lower rate of contributions. Instead, such individual, organization, or employing unit shall be assigned the applicable new employer rate under section 288.090. In determining whether the business was acquired solely or primarily for the purpose of obtaining a lower rate of contributions, the division shall use objective factors which may include the cost of acquiring the business, whether the individual, organization, or employing unit continued the business enterprise of the acquired business, how long such business enterprise was continued, or whether a substantial number of new employees were hired for performance of duties unrelated to the business activity conducted prior to acquisition.
- 4. (1) If an individual, organization, or employing unit knowingly violates or attempts to violate this section related to determining the assignment of a contribution rate, or if an individual, organization, or employing unit knowingly advises another individual, organization, or employing unit in a way that results in a violation of such provision, the individual, organization, or employing unit shall be subject to the following penalties:
- (a) If the individual, organization, or employing unit is an employer under this chapter, then for the current year and the three rate years immediately following this rate year, such employer's base rate shall be the maximum base rate applicable to this type of employer, or the employer's current base rate plus two percent, whichever is greater.
- (b) If the individual, organization, or employing unit is not an employer under this chapter, such individual, organization, or employing unit shall be subject to a civil money penalty of not more than five thousand dollars. Any such fine shall be deposited in the special employment security fund established under section 288.310, RSMo.
- (2) In addition to the penalty imposed by subsection 4 of this section, any violation of this section may be prosecuted under section 288.395.
 - 5. For purposes of this section, the following terms shall mean:
- (1) "Base rate", the employer's contribution rate as determined by section 288.090, subsections 1, 2, and 3 of section 288.120, section 288.126, or a federal base rate assignment;
- (2) "Knowingly", having actual knowledge of or acting with deliberate ignorance or reckless disregard for the prohibition involved;
- (3) "Violates or attempts to violate", includes, but is not limited to, intent to evade, misrepresentation, or willful nondisclosure.
- 6. The division shall establish procedures to identify the transfer or acquisition of a business for purposes of this section.
- 7. This section shall be interpreted and applied in such a manner as to meet the minimum requirements contained in any guidance or regulations issued by the United States Department of Labor.

Section B. The repeal and reenactment of section 288.110 of section A of this act shall be effective on January 1, 2006."; and

Further amend said title, enacting clause and intersectional references accordingly.

Representative Smith (118) offered **House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 1**.

House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 1

AMEND House Amendment No. 1 to House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 319, Page 1, Line 5, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"105.525. Issues with respect to appropriateness of bargaining units and majority representative status shall be resolved by the state board of mediation. In the event that the appropriate administrative body or any of the bargaining units shall be aggrieved by the decision of the state board of mediation, an appeal may be had to the circuit court of the county where the administrative body is located or in the circuit court of Cole County. [The state board of mediation shall use the services of the state hearing officer in all contested cases.]

286.060. 1. It shall be the duty of the labor and industrial relations commission, and it shall have power, jurisdiction and authority:

- (1) To sue and be sued in its official name;
- (2) To have and use an official seal bearing the following inscription: "The Labor and Industrial Relations Commission of the State of Missouri", which shall be judicially noticed;
- (3) To have all powers, duties and responsibilities conferred or imposed upon it by the workers' compensation law (chapter 287, RSMo) and by the unemployment compensation law (chapter 288, RSMo);
- (4) To approve or disapprove all rules or regulations promulgated by any division within the department. Such rules or regulations shall not become effective until ten days after their approval by the commission and copies thereof have been filed in the office of the secretary of state;
- (5) To establish and maintain as far as practicable a central system of collecting, preparing, compiling and reporting all material for statistical use in all divisions of the department of labor and industrial relations, and to this end the department shall have access to the books and records of all state departments, except those which are required by law to be kept confidential. The commission may by regulation permit employers or other persons to file combined reports of information required by law to be reported to the several divisions within the department whenever it finds that same or similar information is required by law to be reported by such employers or persons to more than one division within the department;
- (6) To maintain, as far as practicable, a central system for payroll and other accounting for the several divisions in the department;
- (7) To compile and publish, in printed form, the laws under which the commission and the various divisions in the department operate, together with all rules and regulations (except such rules and regulations which relate to the internal management of the department) which have been adopted by or with the approval of the commission, and to furnish copies thereof to any citizen of the state upon request;
- (8) To adopt all regulations necessary to the efficient internal management of the department, not inconsistent with any provisions of law, and such regulations shall become effective immediately upon adoption, unless the commission shall otherwise order; to adopt regulations governing its proceedings in connection with the exercise of its quasi-judicial functions, and such regulations shall become effective ten days after copies thereof are filed in the office of the secretary of state;
- (9) The commission or any member thereof may hold hearings, require the attendance of witnesses, administer oaths and take testimony;
 - (10) Each of the commissioners shall have power to certify to official acts;
- (11) To prepare and submit to each regular session of the general assembly and to the governor at the beginning of each session of the general assembly, a complete and detailed report of the activities of the department, including the activities of each division within the department, during the preceding biennial period. Such report shall include a balance sheet of the moneys in the various administrative funds under its jurisdiction as well as all information required to be reported by the various laws under its jurisdiction, which reports shall be in lieu of any report to the general assembly now required by law for any department or office, the powers and duties of which are by this chapter vested in a division in the department of labor and industrial relations;

- (12) To require the division of employment security to furnish it with a stenographer or clerk to file, process and keep records of all cases appealed from that division to the labor and industrial relations commission;
- (13) To perform all the duties and responsibilities requested by the public representative member serving as the chairperson of the state board of mediation as provided in sections 295.030 and 295.050, RSMo; and
 - [(13)] (14) To have and perform such other powers and duties as may be conferred or imposed upon it by law.
- 2. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the authority of this chapter shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section 536.024, RSMo.
 - [286.060. 1. It shall be the duty of the commission, and it shall have power, jurisdiction and authority:
 - (1) To sue and be sued in its official name;
 - (2) To have and use an official seal bearing the following inscription: "The Labor and Industrial Relations Commission of the State of Missouri", which shall be judicially noticed;
 - (3) To have all powers, duties and responsibilities conferred or imposed upon it by the workers' compensation law (chapter 287, RSMo), the victims of crime law, chapter 595, RSMo, the division of labor standards law (within chapters 286, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294 and 444, RSMo), and the unemployment compensation law (chapter 288, RSMo);
 - (4) To approve or disapprove all rules or regulations promulgated by any division within the department;
 - (5) To establish and maintain as far as practicable a central system of collecting, preparing, compiling and reporting all material for statistical use in all divisions of the department of labor and industrial relations, and to this end the department shall have access to the books and records of all state departments, except those which are required by law to be kept confidential. The commission may by regulation permit employers or other persons to file combined reports of information required by law to be reported to the several divisions within the department whenever it finds that same or similar information is required by law to be reported by such employers or persons to more than one division within the department;
 - (6) To maintain, as far as practicable, a central system for payroll and other accounting for the several divisions in the department;
 - (7) To compile and publish, in printed form, at the expense of the divisions within the department all rules and regulations (except such rules and regulations which relate to the internal management of the department) which have been adopted by or with the approval of the commission, and to furnish copies thereof to any citizen of the state upon request;
 - (8) To adopt all regulations necessary to the efficient internal management of the department, not inconsistent with any provisions of law; and to adopt regulations governing its proceedings in connection with the exercise of its quasi-judicial functions;
 - (9) The commission or any member of the commission may hold hearings, require the attendance of witnesses, administer oaths and take testimony;
 - (10) Each of the commissioners shall have power to certify to official acts;
 - (11) To prepare and submit to each regular session of the general assembly and to the governor at the beginning of each session of the general assembly, a complete and detailed report of the activities of the department, including the activities of each division within the department, during the preceding biennial period. Such report shall include a balance sheet of the moneys in the various administrative funds under its jurisdiction as well as all information required to be reported by the various laws under its jurisdiction, which reports shall be in lieu of any report to the general assembly now required by law for any department or office, the powers and duties of which are by this chapter vested in a division in the department of labor and industrial relations;
 - (12) To require the division of employment security to furnish it with a stenographer or clerk to file, process and keep records of all cases appealed from that division to the labor and industrial relations commission; and
 - (13) To have and perform such other powers and duties as may be conferred or imposed upon it by law.
 - 2. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the authority of this chapter shall become effective until it has been approved by the joint committee on administrative rules in accordance with the procedures provided in this section, and the delegation of the legislative authority to enact law by the adoption of such rules is dependent upon the power of the joint committee on administrative rules

to review and suspend rules pending ratification by the senate and the house of representatives as provided in this section.

- 3. Upon filing any proposed rule with the secretary of state, the filing agency shall concurrently submit such proposed rule to the committee, which may hold hearings upon any proposed rule or portion thereof at any time.
- 4. A final order of rulemaking shall not be filed with the secretary of state until thirty days after such final order of rulemaking has been received by the committee. The committee may hold one or more hearings upon such final order of rulemaking during the thirty-day period. If the committee does not disapprove such order of rulemaking within the thirty- day period, the filing agency may file such order of rulemaking with the secretary of state and the order of rulemaking shall be deemed approved.
- 5. The committee may, by majority vote of the members, suspend the order of rulemaking or portion thereof by action taken prior to the filing of the final order of rulemaking only for one or more of the following grounds:
 - (1) An absence of statutory authority for the proposed rule;
 - (2) An emergency relating to public health, safety or welfare;
 - (3) The proposed rule is in conflict with state law;
- (4) A substantial change in circumstance since enactment of the law upon which the proposed rule is based.
- 6. If the committee disapproves any rule or portion thereof, the filing agency shall not file such disapproved portion of any rule with the secretary of state and the secretary of state shall not publish in the Missouri Register any final order of rulemaking containing the disapproved portion.
- 7. If the committee disapproves any rule or portion thereof, the committee shall report its findings to the senate and the house of representatives. No rule or portion thereof disapproved by the committee shall take effect so long as the senate and the house of representatives ratify the act of the joint committee by resolution adopted in each house within thirty legislative days after such rule or portion thereof has been disapproved by the joint committee.
- 8. Upon adoption of a rule as provided in this section, any such rule or portion thereof may be suspended or revoked by the general assembly either by bill or, pursuant to section 8, article IV of the Constitution of Missouri, by concurrent resolution upon recommendation of the joint committee on administrative rules. The committee shall be authorized to hold hearings and make recommendations pursuant to the provisions of section 536.037, RSMo. The secretary of state shall publish in the Missouri Register, as soon as practicable, notice of the suspension or revocation.]"; and

Further amend said amendment, Section 288.110, Page 6, Line 21 of said page, by inserting after all of said line the following:

- "295.030. 1. [Within thirty days after the effective date of this chapter] The governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint [five] four competent persons [to] who along with the public representative member of the labor and industrial relations commission shall serve as a state board of mediation; two of whom shall be employers of labor, or selected from some association representing employers of labor, and two of whom shall be employees holding membership in some bona fide trade or labor union[; the fifth shall be some person who is neither an employee nor an employer of labor and who shall be chairman of said state board of mediation]. The public representative member of the labor and industrial relations commission shall assume the duties of and serve as the chairperson of the state board of mediation. For purposes of this chapter the public representative member of the labor and industrial relations commission shall be a member of the state board of mediation.
- 2. [Two members of said board shall be appointed for one year, two for two years, and one for three years, and] All appointments [thereafter] shall be for three years or until their respective successors are appointed in the manner herein provided.
- 3. If a vacancy occurs in said board by death or otherwise, at any time, the governor shall appoint some competent person having the same qualifications as his predecessor to fill the unexpired term.
- 295.050. The [chairman of the board shall devote his full time to his duties and] **public representative member of the labor and industrial relations commission** shall have charge of the office of the board. He **or she** shall keep all records of the proceedings of the board, and shall supervise the work [of the employees] of the board, and shall have such other powers and duties as may be conferred, or imposed upon him **or her** by the board.

295.060. The [chairman of the board] public representative member of the labor and industrial relations commission shall receive [a salary in an amount to be determined by the director of the department of labor and industrial relations and within the limits of the appropriations for the purpose] no additional compensation for assuming the duties of the chairperson of the board of mediation. Each of the other members of the state board of mediation shall receive as compensation for their services an amount to be determined by the director of the department of labor and industrial relations, but not to exceed fifty dollars per day; and in addition thereto shall receive all necessary travel and other expenses incurred while actually engaged in the performance of their duties as such members.

- 295.070. 1. The [state board of mediation] **public representative member of the labor and industrial relations commission** shall have power to employ and fix the compensation of conciliators and other assistants and to delegate to such assistants such powers as may be necessary to carry out [its] **the** duties **of the state board of mediation** under this chapter. The board shall by regulation prescribe the methods of procedure before it.
- 2. The board shall have power to issue subpoenas requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of evidence which relates to any matter under investigation by the board. In cases of refusal to obey a subpoena issued by the board the circuit court of Cole County or of any county where the person refusing to obey such subpoena may be found, on application by the board, shall have power to issue an order requiring such person to appear before the board and to testify and produce evidence ordered touching the matter under investigation, and any failure to obey such order shall be punished by the court as a contempt thereof."; and

Further amend said amendment, Section B, Line 24, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"Section C. Because immediate action is necessary to transfer powers of the state board of mediation to the labor and industrial relations commission the repeal and reenactment of sections 105.525, 286.060, 295.030, 295.050, 295.060, and 295.070 of this act are deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health, welfare, peace, and safety, and is hereby declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the constitution, and the repeal and reenactment of sections 105.525, 286.060, 295.030, 295.050, 295.060, and 295.070 of this act shall be in full force and effect upon its passage and approval."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

On motion of Representative Smith (118), **House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 1** was adopted.

Representative Wilson (130) offered **House Amendment No. 2 to House Amendment No. 1**.

Representative Burnett raised a point of order that **House Amendment No. 2 to House Amendment No. 1** goes beyond the scope of the underlying amendment.

Representative Behnen requested a parliamentary ruling.

The Parliamentary Committee ruled the point of order well taken.

On motion of Representative Roark, **House Amendment No. 1**, as amended, was adopted.

Representative Byrd offered House Amendment No. 2.

House Amendment No. 2

AMEND House Committee Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 319, Page 29, Section 288.330, Line 197, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"290.595. 1. As used in this section the following terms shall mean:

- (1) "Employer", the same definition as in section 213.010, RSMo;
- (2) "Proper authorities", public authorities or authorities of the employer, but shall not include any individual who engaged in the reported illegal conduct.
- 2. There is hereby established in the laws of this state the at-will employment doctrine and existing common law is codified regarding the public policy exceptions to this doctrine based on an employee's whistle-blowing or refusal to commit an illegal act. This act is not intended to take away or impair vested rights acquired under existing common law, nor is it intended to create a new obligation or impose a new duty.
- 3. The at-will employment doctrine shall not apply when the elements of a whistle-blower cause of action are established. A whistle-blower cause of action for wrongful discharge in violation of public policy is established if an employee proves by a preponderance of the evidence that:
- (1) The employee reported to proper authorities serious misconduct that constituted an actual violation of a statute, constitutional provision, or regulation and of well-established and clearly mandated public policy;
 - (2) The employee was discharged; and
 - (3) The discharge was caused by the employee's report to proper authorities.
- 4. The at-will employment doctrine shall not apply when the elements of a refusal to commit an illegal act cause of action are established. A refusal to commit an illegal act cause of action for wrongful discharge in violation of public policy is established if an employee proves by a preponderance of the evidence that:
- (1) The employer directed the employee to perform conduct that actually violated a statute, constitutional provision, or regulation;
 - (2) The employee specifically refused the directive to perform the unlawful act;
 - (3) The employee was discharged; and
 - (4) The discharge was caused by the employee's refusal to perform the unlawful act."; and

Further amend said bill by amending the title, enacting clause, and intersectional references accordingly.

HCS SCS SB 319, as amended, with House Amendment No. 2, pending, was laid over.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate refuses to recede from its position on **SS SCS HCS HB 353, as amended**, and grants the House a conference thereon.

The President Pro Tem has appointed the following Conference Committee to act with a like Committee from the House: Senators: Bartle, Loudon, Scott, Graham and Days.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and passed **HCS HB 461**, entitled:

An act to repeal section 137.078, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof three new sections relating to assessment of business personal property.

With Senate Amendment No. 1, Senate Amendment No. 2, Senate Amendment No. 3, Senate Amendment No. 4 and Senate Amendment No. 6.

Senate Amendment No. 1

AMEND House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 461, Page 7, Section 137.079, Line 24, by inserting immediately after said line the following:

- "137.100. The following subjects are exempt from taxation for state, county or local purposes:
- (1) Lands and other property belonging to this state;
- (2) Lands and other property belonging to any city, county or other political subdivision in this state, including market houses, town halls and other public structures, with their furniture and equipments, and on public squares and lots kept open for health, use or ornament;
 - (3) Nonprofit cemeteries;
- (4) The real estate and tangible personal property which is used exclusively for agricultural or horticultural societies organized in this state, including not-for-profit agribusiness associations;
- (5) All property, real and personal, actually and regularly used exclusively for religious worship, for schools and colleges, or for purposes purely charitable and not held for private or corporate profit, except that the exemption herein granted does not include real property not actually used or occupied for the purpose of the organization but held or used as investment even though the income or rentals received therefrom is used wholly for religious, educational or charitable purposes;
- (6) Household goods, furniture, wearing apparel and articles of personal use and adornment, as defined by the state tax commission, owned and used by a person in his home or dwelling place;
- (7) Motor vehicles leased for a period of at least one year to this state or to any city, county, or political subdivision or to any religious, educational, or charitable organization which has obtained an exemption from the payment of federal income taxes, provided the motor vehicles are used exclusively for religious, educational, or charitable purposes"; and
- (8) Real or personal property leased or otherwise transferred by an interstate compact agency created pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.430, RSMo, or sections 238.010 to 238.100, RSMo, to another for which or whom such property is not exempt when immediately after the lease or transfer, the interstate compact agency enters into a leaseback or other agreement that directly or indirectly gives such interstate compact agency a right to use, control, and possess the property; provided, however, that in the event of a conveyance of such property, the interstate compact agency must retain an option to purchase the property at a future date or, within the limitations period for reverters, the property must revert back to the interstate compact agency. Property will no longer be exempt under this subdivision in the event of a conveyance as of the date, if any, when:
 - (a) The right of the interstate compact agency to use, control, and possess the property is terminated;
 - (b) The interstate compact agency no longer has an option to purchase or otherwise acquire the property; and
 - (c) There are no provisions for reverter of the property within the limitation period for reverters."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 2

AMEND House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 461, Page 7, Section 137.079, Line 22, by inserting after "137.078," the following:

", property of rural electric cooperatives under chapter 394, RSMo,"; and

Further amend said bill, Page 7, Section 137.122, Line 8, by inserting after "137.078," the following:

", property of rural electric cooperatives under chapter 394, RSMo,"; and

Further amend said bill and section, Page 9, Line 78, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"6. The provisions of this section are not intended to modify the definition of "tangible personal property" as defined in section 137.010."

Senate Amendment No. 3

AMEND House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 461, Page 1, Section A, Line 2, by inserting immediately after said line the following:

"135.010. As used in sections 135.010 to 135.030 the following words and terms mean:

- (1) "Claimant", a person or persons claiming a credit under sections 135.010 to 135.030. If the persons are eligible to file a joint federal income tax return and reside at the same address at any time during the taxable year, then the credit may only be allowed if claimed on a combined Missouri income tax return or a combined claim return reporting their combined incomes and property taxes. A claimant shall not be allowed a property tax credit unless the claimant or spouse has attained the age of sixty-five on or before the last day of the calendar year and the claimant or spouse was a resident of Missouri for the entire year, or the claimant or spouse is a veteran of any branch of the armed forces of the United States or this state who became one hundred percent disabled as a result of such service, or the claimant or spouse is disabled as defined in subdivision (2) of this section, and such claimant or spouse provides proof of such disability in such form and manner, and at such times, as the director of revenue may require, or if the claimant has reached the age of sixty on or before the last day of the calendar year and such claimant received surviving spouse Social Security benefits during the calendar year and the claimant provides proof, as required by the director of revenue, that the claimant received surviving spouse Social Security benefits during the calendar year for which the credit will be claimed. A claimant shall not be allowed a property tax credit if the claimant filed a valid claim for a credit under section 137.106 in the year following the year for which the property tax credit is claimed. The residency requirement shall be deemed to have been fulfilled for the purpose of determining the eligibility of a surviving spouse for a property tax credit if a person of the age of sixty-five years or older who would have otherwise met the requirements for a property tax credit dies before the last day of the calendar year. The residency requirement shall also be deemed to have been fulfilled for the purpose of determining the eligibility of a claimant who would have otherwise met the requirements for a property tax credit but who dies before the last day of the calendar year;
- (2) "Disabled", the inability to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve months. A claimant shall not be required to be gainfully employed prior to such disability to qualify for a property tax credit;
- (3) "Gross rent", amount paid by a claimant to a landlord for the rental, at arm's length, of a homestead during the calendar year, exclusive of charges for health and personal care services and food furnished as part of the rental agreement, whether or not expressly set out in the rental agreement. If the director of revenue determines that the landlord and tenant have not dealt at arm's length, and that the gross rent is excessive, then he shall determine the gross rent based upon a reasonable amount of rent. Gross rent shall be deemed to be paid only if actually paid prior to the date a return is filed. The director of revenue may prescribe regulations requiring a return of information by a landlord receiving rent, certifying for a calendar year the amount of gross rent received from a tenant claiming a property tax credit and shall, by regulation, provide a method for certification by the claimant of the amount of gross rent paid for any calendar year for which a claim is made. The regulations authorized by this subdivision may require a landlord or a tenant or both to provide data relating to health and personal care services and to food. Neither a landlord nor a tenant may be required to provide data relating to utilities, furniture, home furnishings or appliances;
- (4) "Homestead", the dwelling in Missouri owned or rented by the claimant and not to exceed five acres of land surrounding it as is reasonably necessary for use of the dwelling as a home. It may consist of part of a multidwelling or multipurpose building and part of the land upon which it is built. "Owned" includes a vendee in possession under a land contract and one or more tenants by the entireties, joint tenants, or tenants in common and includes a claimant actually in possession if he was the immediate former owner of record, if a lineal descendant is presently the owner of record, and if the claimant actually pays all taxes upon the property. It may include a mobile home;
- (5) "Income", Missouri adjusted gross income as defined in section 143.121, RSMo, less two thousand dollars as an exemption for the claimant's spouse residing at the same address, and increased, where necessary, to reflect the following:
- (a) Social Security, railroad retirement, and veterans payments and benefits unless the claimant is a one hundred percent service-connected, disabled veteran or a spouse of a one hundred percent service-connected, disabled veteran. The one hundred percent service-connected disabled veteran shall not be required to list veterans payments and benefits;
 - (b) The total amount of all other public and private pensions and annuities;
- (c) Public relief, public assistance, and unemployment benefits received in cash, other than benefits received under this chapter;
 - (d) No deduction being allowed for losses not incurred in a trade or business;

- (e) Interest on the obligations of the United States, any state, or any of their subdivisions and instrumentalities;
- (6) "Property taxes accrued", property taxes paid, exclusive of special assessments, penalties, interest, and charges for service levied on a claimant's homestead in any calendar year. Property taxes shall qualify for the credit only if actually paid prior to the date a return is filed. The director of revenue shall require a tax receipt or other proof of property tax payment. If a homestead is owned only partially by claimant, then "property taxes accrued" is that part of property taxes levied on the homestead which was actually paid by the claimant. For purposes of this subdivision, property taxes are "levied" when the tax roll is delivered to the director of revenue for collection. If a claimant owns a homestead part of the preceding calendar year and rents it or a different homestead for part of the same year, "property taxes accrued" means only taxes levied on the homestead both owned and occupied by the claimant, multiplied by the percentage of twelve months that such property was owned and occupied as the homestead of the claimant during the year. When a claimant owns and occupies two or more different homesteads in the same calendar year, property taxes accrued shall be the sum of taxes allocable to those several properties occupied by the claimant as a homestead for the year. If a homestead is an integral part of a larger unit such as a farm, or multipurpose or multidwelling building, property taxes accrued shall be that percentage of the total property taxes accrued as the value of the homestead is of the total value. For purposes of this subdivision "unit" refers to the parcel of property covered by a single tax statement of which the homestead is a part;
- (7) "Rent constituting property taxes accrued", twenty percent of the gross rent paid by a claimant and spouse in the calendar year."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 7, Section 137.079, Line 24, by inserting immediately after said line the following:

- "137.106. 1. This section may be known and may be cited as "The Missouri Homestead Preservation Act".
- 2. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:
- (1) "Department", the department of revenue;
- (2) "Director", the director of revenue;
- (3) "Disabled", as such term is defined in section 135.010, RSMo;
- (4) "Eligible owner", any individual owner of property who is sixty-five years old or older as of January first of the tax year in which the individual is claiming the credit or who is disabled, and who had an income of equal to or less than the maximum upper limit in the year prior to completing an application pursuant to subsection 4 of this section; in the case of a married couple owning property either jointly or as tenants by the entirety, or where only one spouse owns the property, such couple shall be considered an eligible taxpayer if both spouses have reached the age of sixty-five or if one spouse is disabled, or if one spouse is at least sixty-five years old and the other spouse is at least sixty years old, and the combined income of the couple in the year prior to completing an application pursuant to subsection 4 of this section did not exceed the maximum upper limit; in the case of property held in trust, the eligible owner and recipient of the tax credit shall be the trust itself provided the previous owner of the homestead or the previous owner's spouse: is the settlor of the trust with respect to the homestead; currently resides in such homestead; and but for the transfer of such property would have satisfied the age, ownership, and maximum upper limit requirements for income as defined in subdivisions 7 and 8 of this subsection; no individual shall be an eligible owner if the individual has not paid their property tax liability, if any, in full by the payment due date in any of the three prior tax years, except that a late payment of a property tax liability in any prior year, [not including the year in which the application was completed,] shall not disqualify a potential eligible owner if such owner paid in full the tax liability and any and all penalties, additions and interest that arose as a result of such late payment; no individual shall be an eligible owner if such person [qualifies] filed a valid claim for the senior citizens property tax relief credit pursuant to sections 135.010 to 135.035, RSMo;
- (5) "Homestead", as such term is defined pursuant to section 135.010, RSMo, except as limited by provisions of this section to the contrary. No property shall be considered a homestead if such property was improved since the most recent annual assessment by more than five percent of the prior year appraised value, except where an eligible owner of the property has made such improvements to accommodate a disabled person;
- (6) "Homestead exemption limit", a percentage increase, rounded to the nearest hundredth of a percent, which shall be equal to the percentage increase to tax liability, not including improvements, of a homestead from one tax year to the next that exceeds a certain percentage set pursuant to subsection [8] 10 of this section. For applications filed in 2005 or 2006, the homestead exemption limit shall be based on the increase to tax liability from 2004 to 2005. For applications filed between April 1, 2005 and September 30, 2006, an eligible owner, who otherwise satisfied the requirements of this section, shall not apply for the homestead exemption credit more than once during such

period. For applications filed after 2006, the homestead exemption limit shall be based on the increase to tax liability from two years prior to application to the year immediately prior to application;

- (7) "Income", federal adjusted gross income, and in the case of ownership of the homestead by trust, the income of the settlor applicant shall be imputed to the income of the trust for purposes of determining eligibility with regards to the maximum upper limit;
- (8) "Maximum upper limit", in the calendar year 2005, the income sum of seventy thousand dollars; in each successive calendar year this amount shall be raised by the incremental increase in the general price level, as defined pursuant to article X, section 17 of the Missouri Constitution.
- 3. Pursuant to article X, section 6(a) of the Constitution of Missouri, if in the prior tax year, the property tax liability on any parcel of subclass (1) real property increased by more than the homestead exemption limit, without regard for any prior credit received due to the provisions of this section, then any eligible owner of the property shall receive a homestead exemption credit to be applied in the current tax year property tax liability to offset the prior year increase to tax liability that exceeds the homestead exemption limit, except as eligibility for the credit is limited by the provisions of this section. The amount of the credit shall be listed separately on each taxpayer's tax bill for the current tax year, or on a document enclosed with the taxpayer's bill. The homestead exemption credit shall not affect the process of setting the tax rate as required pursuant to article X, section 22 of the Constitution of Missouri and section 137.073 in any prior, current, or subsequent tax year.
- 4. **If application is made in 2005**, any potential eligible owner may apply for the homestead exemption credit by completing an application through their local assessor's office. Applications may be completed between April first and September thirtieth of any tax year in order for the taxpayer to be eligible for the homestead exemption credit in the tax year next following the calendar year in which the homestead exemption credit application was completed. The application shall be on forms provided to the assessor's office by the department. Forms also shall be made available on the department's Internet site and at all permanent branch offices and all full-time, temporary, or fee offices maintained by the department of revenue. The applicant shall attest under penalty of perjury:
 - (1) To the applicant's age;
 - (2) That the applicant's prior year income was less than the maximum upper limit;
 - (3) To the address of the homestead property; and
- (4) That any improvements made to the homestead, **not made to accommodate a disabled person**, did not total more than five percent of the prior year appraised value.

The applicant shall also include with the application copies of receipts indicating payment of property tax by the applicant for the homestead property for the two prior tax years.

- 5. If application is made in 2005, the assessor, upon [receiving] request for an application, shall:
- (1) Certify the parcel number and owner of record as of January first of the homestead, including verification of the acreage classified as residential on the assessor's property record card;
- (2) Obtain appropriate prior tax year levy codes for each homestead from the county clerks **for inclusion on the form**;
- (3) Record on the application the assessed valuation of the homestead for the current tax year, and any new construction or improvements for the current tax year; and
 - (4) Sign the application, certifying the accuracy of the assessor's entries.
- 6. If application is made after 2005, any potential eligible owner may apply for the homestead exemption credit by completing an application. Applications may be completed between April 1 and September 30 of any tax year in order for the taxpayer to be eligible for the homestead exemption credit in the tax year next following the calendar year in which the homestead exemption credit application was completed. The application shall be on forms provided by the department. Forms also shall be made available on the department's internet site and at all permanent branch offices and all full-time, temporary, or fee offices maintained by the department of revenue. The applicant shall attest under penalty of perjury:
 - (1) To the applicant's age:
 - (2) That the applicant's prior year income was less than the maximum upper limit;
 - (3) To the address of the homestead property;
- (4) That any improvements made to the homestead, not made to accommodate a disabled person, did not total more than five percent of the prior year appraised value; and
- (5) The applicant shall also include with the application copies of receipts indicating payment of property tax by the applicant for the homestead property for the three prior tax years.
- 7. Each applicant shall send the application to the department by September thirtieth of each year for the taxpayer to be eligible for the homestead exemption credit in the tax year next following the calendar year in which the application was completed.

- [7.] **8. If application is made in 2005,** upon receipt of the applications, the department shall calculate the tax liability, adjusted to exclude new construction or improvements verify compliance with the maximum income limit, verify the age of the applicants, and make adjustments to these numbers as necessary on the applications. The department also shall disallow any application where the applicant has also filed a valid application for the senior citizens property tax credit, pursuant to sections 135.010 to 135.035, RSMo. Once adjusted tax liability, age, and income are verified, the director shall determine eligibility for the credit, and provide a list of all verified eligible owners to the county collectors or county clerks in counties with a township form of government by December fifteenth of each year. By January fifteenth, the county collectors or county clerks in counties with a township form of government shall provide a list to the department of any verified eligible owners who failed to pay the property tax due for the tax year that ended immediately prior. Such eligible owners shall be disqualified from receiving the credit in the current tax year.
- [8.] 9. If application is made after 2005, upon receipt of the applications, the department shall calculate the tax liability, verify compliance with the maximum income limit, verify the age of the applicants, and make adjustments to these numbers as necessary on the applications. The department also shall disallow any application where the applicant also has filed a valid application for the senior citizens property tax credit under sections 135.010 to 135.035, RSMo. Once adjusted tax liability, age, and income is verified, the director shall determine eligibility for the credit and provide a list of all verified eligible owners to the county assessors or county clerks in counties with a township form of government by December fifteenth of each year. By January fifteenth, the county assessors shall provide a list to the department of any verified eligible owners who made improvements not for accommodation of a disability to the homestead and the dollar amount of the assessed value of such improvements. If the dollar amount of the assessed value of such improvements totaled more than five percent of the prior year appraised value, such eligible owners shall be disqualified from receiving the credit in the current tax year.
- 10. The director shall calculate the level of appropriation necessary to set the homestead exemption limit at five percent when based on a year of general reassessment or at two and one-half percent when based on a year without general reassessment for the homesteads of all verified eligible owners, and provide such calculation to the speaker of the house of representatives, the president pro tempore of the senate, and the director of the office of budget and planning in the office of administration by January thirty-first of each year.
- [9.] 11. [If, in any given year,] For applications made in 2005, the general assembly shall make an appropriation for the funding of the homestead exemption credit that is signed by the governor, then the director shall, by July thirty-first of such year, set the homestead exemption limit. The limit shall be a single, statewide percentage increase to tax liability, rounded to the nearest hundredth of a percent, which, if applied to all homesteads of verified eligible owners who applied for the homestead exemption credit in the immediately prior tax year, would cause all but one-quarter of one percent of the amount of the appropriation, minus any withholding by the governor, to be distributed during that fiscal year. The remaining one-quarter of one percent shall be distributed to the county assessment funds of each county on a proportional basis, based on the number of eligible owners in each county; such one-quarter percent distribution shall be delineated in any such appropriation as a separate line item in the total appropriation. If no appropriation is made by the general assembly during any tax year or no funds are actually distributed pursuant to any appropriation therefor, then no homestead preservation credit shall apply in such year.
- [10.] 12. After setting the homestead exemption limit for applications made in 2005, the director shall apply the limit to the homestead of each verified eligible owner and calculate the credit to be associated with each verified eligible owner's homestead, if any. The director shall send a list of those eligible owners who are to receive the homestead exemption credit, including the amount of each credit, the certified parcel number of the homestead, and the address of the homestead property, to the county collectors or county clerks in counties with a township form of government by August thirty-first. Pursuant to such calculation, the director shall instruct the state treasurer as to how to distribute the appropriation and assessment fund allocation to the county collector's funds of each county or the treasurer ex officio collector's fund in counties with a township form of government where recipients of the homestead exemption credit are located, so as to exactly offset each homestead exemption credit being issued, plus the one-quarter of one percent distribution for the county assessment funds. As a result of the appropriation, in no case shall a political subdivision receive more money than it would have received absent the provisions of this section plus the one-quarter of one percent distribution for the county assessment funds. Funds, at the direction of the county collector or the treasurer ex officio collector in counties with a township form of government, shall be deposited in the county collector's fund of a county or the treasurer ex officio collector's fund or may be sent by mail to the collector of a county, or the treasurer ex officio collector in counties with a township form of government, not later than October first in any year a homestead exemption credit is appropriated as a result of this section and shall be distributed as moneys in such funds are commonly distributed from other property tax revenues by the collector of the county or the treasurer ex officio collector of the county in counties with a township form of government, so as to exactly offset

each homestead exemption credit being issued. In counties with a township form of government, the county clerk shall provide the treasurer ex officio collector a summary of the homestead exemption credit for each township for the purpose of distributing the total homestead exemption credit to each township collector in a particular county.

[11.] 13. If, in any given year after 2005, the general assembly shall make an appropriation for the funding of the homestead exemption credit that is signed by the governor, then the director shall, by July thirty-first of such year, set the homestead exemption limit. The limit shall be a single, statewide percentage increase to tax liability, rounded to the nearest hundredth of a percent, which, if applied to all homesteads of verified eligible owners who applied for the homestead exemption credit in the immediately prior tax year, would cause all of the amount of the appropriation, minus any withholding by the governor, to be distributed during that fiscal year. If no appropriation is made by the general assembly during any tax year or no funds are actually distributed pursuant to any appropriation therefor, then no homestead preservation credit shall apply in such year.

14. After setting the homestead exemption limit for applications made after 2005, the director shall apply the limit to the homestead of each verified eligible owner and calculate the credit to be associated with each verified eligible owner's homestead, if any. The director shall send a list of those eligible owners who are to receive the homestead exemption credit, including the amount of each credit, the certified parcel number of the homestead, and the address of the homestead property, to the county collectors or county clerks in counties with a township form of government by August thirty-first. Pursuant to such calculation, the director shall instruct the state treasurer as to how to distribute the appropriation to the county collector's fund of each county where recipients of the homestead exemption credit are located, so as to exactly offset each homestead exemption credit being issued. As a result of the appropriation, in no case shall a political subdivision receive more money than it would have received absent the provisions of this section. Funds, at the direction of the collector of the county or treasurer ex-officio collector in counties with a township form of government, shall be deposited in the county collector's fund of a county or may be sent by mail to the collector of a county, or treasurer ex officio collector in counties with a township form of government, not later than October first in any year a homestead exemption credit is appropriated as a result of this section and shall be distributed as moneys in such funds are commonly distributed from other property tax revenues by the collector of the county or the treasurer ex officio collector of the county in counties with a township form of government, so as to exactly offset each homestead exemption credit being issued.

15. The department shall promulgate rules for implementation of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2004, shall be invalid and void. Any rule promulgated by the department shall in no way impact, affect, interrupt, or interfere with the performance of the required statutory duties of any county elected official, more particularly including the county collector when performing such duties as deemed necessary for the distribution of any homestead appropriation and the distribution of all other real and personal property taxes.

- [12.] 16. In the event that an eligible owner dies or transfers ownership of the property after the homestead exemption limit has been set in any given year, but prior to [the mailing of the tax bill] January first of the year in which the credit would otherwise be applied, the credit shall be void and any corresponding moneys, pursuant to subsection 10 of this section, shall lapse to the state to be credited to the general revenue fund. In the event the collector of the county or the treasurer ex officio collector of the county in counties with a township form of government determines prior to issuing the credit that the individual is not an eligible owner because the individual did not pay the prior three years' property tax liability in full, the credit shall be void and any corresponding moneys, under subsection 11 of this section, shall lapse to the state to be credited to the general revenue fund.
- [13.] **17.** This section shall apply to all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005. This subsection shall become effective June 28, 2004.
- [14.] **18.** In accordance with the provisions of sections 23.250 to 23.298, RSMo, and unless otherwise authorized pursuant to section 23.253, RSMo:
- (1) Any new program authorized under the provisions of this section shall automatically sunset six years after the effective date of this section; and

(2) This section shall terminate on September first of the year following the year in which any new program authorized under this section is sunset, and the revisor of statutes shall designate such sections and this section in a revision bill for repeal."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 4

AMEND House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 461, Page 1, In the Title, Line 3, by striking the word "business"; and

Further amend said bill, Page 1, Section A, Line 3, by inserting immediately after said line the following:

- "137.073. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
- (1) "General reassessment", changes in value, entered in the assessor's books, of a substantial portion of the parcels of real property within a county resulting wholly or partly from reappraisal of value or other actions of the assessor or county equalization body or ordered by the state tax commission or any court;
- (2) "Tax rate", "rate", or "rate of levy", singular or plural, includes the tax rate for each purpose of taxation of property a taxing authority is authorized to levy without a vote and any tax rate authorized by election, including bond interest and sinking fund;
- (3) "Tax rate ceiling", a tax rate as revised by the taxing authority to comply with the provisions of this section or when a court has determined the tax rate; except that, other provisions of law to the contrary notwithstanding, a school district may levy the operating levy for school purposes required for the current year pursuant to subsection 2 of section 163.021, RSMo, less all adjustments required pursuant to article X, section 22 of the Missouri Constitution, if such tax rate does not exceed the highest tax rate in effect subsequent to the 1980 tax year. This is the maximum tax rate that may be levied, unless a higher tax rate ceiling is approved by voters of the political subdivision as provided in this section;
- (4) "Tax revenue", when referring to the previous year, means the actual receipts from ad valorem levies on all classes of property, including state-assessed property, in the immediately preceding fiscal year of the political subdivision, plus an allowance for taxes billed but not collected in the fiscal year and plus an additional allowance for the revenue which would have been collected from property which was annexed by such political subdivision but which was not previously used in determining tax revenue pursuant to this section. The term "tax revenue" shall not include any receipts from ad valorem levies on any property of a railroad corporation or a public utility, as these terms are defined in section 386.020, RSMo, which were assessed by the assessor of a county or city in the previous year but are assessed by the state tax commission in the current year. All school districts and those counties levying sales taxes pursuant to chapter 67, RSMo, shall include in the calculation of tax revenue an amount equivalent to that by which they reduced property tax levies as a result of sales tax pursuant to section 67.505, RSMo, and section 164.013, RSMo, in the immediately preceding fiscal year but not including any amount calculated to adjust for prior years. For purposes of political subdivisions which were authorized to levy a tax in the prior year but which did not levy such tax or levied a reduced rate, the term "tax revenue", as used in relation to the revision of tax levies mandated by law, shall mean the revenues equal to the amount that would have been available if the voluntary rate reduction had not been made.
- 2. Whenever changes in assessed valuation are entered in the assessor's books for any personal property, in the aggregate, or for any subclass of real property as such subclasses are established in section 4(b) of article X of the Missouri Constitution and defined in section 137.016, the county clerk in all counties and the assessor of St. Louis City shall notify each political subdivision wholly or partially within the county or St. Louis City of the change in valuation of each subclass of real property, individually, and personal property, in the aggregate, exclusive of new construction and improvements. All political subdivisions shall immediately revise the applicable rates of levy for each purpose for each subclass of real property, individually, and personal property, in the aggregate, for which taxes are levied to the extent necessary to produce from all taxable property, exclusive of new construction and improvements, substantially the same amount of tax revenue as was produced in the previous year for each subclass of real property, individually, and personal property, in the aggregate, except that the rate may not exceed the greater of the rate in effect in the 1984 tax year or the most recent voter-approved rate. Such tax revenue shall not include any receipts from ad valorem levies on any real property which was assessed by the assessor of a county or city in such previous year but is assessed by the assessor of a county or city in the current year in a different subclass of real property. Where the taxing authority is a school district for the purposes of revising the applicable rates of levy for each subclass of real property, the tax revenues from state-assessed railroad and utility property shall be apportioned and attributed to each subclass of real property based on the percentage of the total assessed valuation of the county that each subclass of real property represents in the

current taxable year. As provided in section 22 of article X of the constitution, a political subdivision may also revise each levy to allow for inflationary assessment growth occurring within the political subdivision. The inflationary growth factor for any such subclass of real property or personal property shall be limited to the actual assessment growth in such subclass or class, exclusive of new construction and improvements, and exclusive of the assessed value on any real property which was assessed by the assessor of a county or city in the current year in a different subclass of real property, but not to exceed the consumer price index or five percent, whichever is lower. Should the tax revenue of a political subdivision from the various tax rates determined in this subsection be different than the tax revenue that would have been determined from a single tax rate as calculated pursuant to the method of calculation in this subsection prior to January 1, 2003, then the political subdivision shall revise the tax rates of those subclasses of real property, individually, and/or personal property, in the aggregate, in which there is a tax rate reduction, pursuant to the provisions of this subsection. Such revision shall yield an amount equal to such difference and shall be apportioned among such subclasses of real property, individually, and/or personal property, in the aggregate, based on the relative assessed valuation of the class or subclasses of property experiencing a tax rate reduction. Such revision in the tax rates of each class or subclass shall be made by computing the percentage of current year adjusted assessed valuation of each class or subclass with a tax rate reduction to the total current year adjusted assessed valuation of the class or subclasses with a tax rate reduction, multiplying the resulting percentages by the revenue difference between the single rate calculation and the calculations pursuant to this subsection and dividing by the respective adjusted current year assessed valuation of each class or subclass to determine the adjustment to the rate to be levied upon each class or subclass of property. The adjustment computed herein shall be multiplied by one hundred, rounded to four decimals in the manner provided in this subsection, and added to the initial rate computed for each class or subclass of property. Notwithstanding any provision of this subsection to the contrary, no revision to the rate of levy for personal property shall cause such levy to increase over the levy for personal property from the prior year.

- 3. (1) Where the taxing authority is a school district, it shall be required to revise the rates of levy to the extent necessary to produce from all taxable property, including state-assessed railroad and utility property, which shall be separately estimated in addition to other data required in complying with section 164.011, RSMo, substantially the amount of tax revenue permitted in this section. In the year following tax rate reduction, the tax rate ceiling may be adjusted to offset such district's reduction in the apportionment of state school moneys due to its reduced tax rate. However, in the event any school district, in calculating a tax rate ceiling pursuant to this section, requiring the estimating of effects of state-assessed railroad and utility valuation or loss of state aid, discovers that the estimates used result in receipt of excess revenues, which would have required a lower rate if the actual information had been known, the school district shall reduce the tax rate ceiling in the following year to compensate for the excess receipts, and the recalculated rate shall become the tax rate ceiling for purposes of this section.
- (2) For any political subdivision which experiences a reduction in the amount of assessed valuation relating to a prior year, due to decisions of the state tax commission or a court pursuant to sections 138.430 to 138.433, RSMo, or due to clerical errors or corrections in the calculation or recordation of any assessed valuation:
- (a) Such political subdivision may revise the tax rate ceiling for each purpose it levies taxes to compensate for the reduction in assessed value occurring after the political subdivision calculated the tax rate ceiling for the particular subclass of real property or for personal property, in the aggregate, in the prior year. Such revision by the political subdivision shall be made at the time of the next calculation of the tax rate for the particular subclass of real property or for personal property, in the aggregate, after the reduction in assessed valuation has been determined and shall be calculated in a manner that results in the revised tax rate ceiling being the same as it would have been had the corrected or finalized assessment been available at the time of the prior calculation;
- (b) In addition, for up to three years following the determination of the reduction in assessed valuation as a result of circumstances defined in this subdivision, such political subdivision may levy a tax rate for each purpose it levies taxes above the revised tax rate ceiling provided in paragraph (a) of this subdivision to recoup any revenues it was entitled to receive for the three-year period preceding such determination.
- 4. (1) In order to implement the provisions of this section and section 22 of article X of the Constitution of Missouri, the term "improvements" shall apply to both real and personal property. In order to determine the value of new construction and improvements, each county assessor shall maintain a record of real property valuations in such a manner as to identify each year the increase in valuation for each political subdivision in the county as a result of new construction and improvements. The value of new construction and improvements shall include the additional assessed value of all improvements or additions to real property which were begun after and were not part of the prior year's assessment, except that the additional assessed value of all improvements or additions to real property which had been totally or partially exempt from ad valorem taxes pursuant to sections 99.800 to 99.865, RSMo, sections 135.200 to 135.255, RSMo, and section 353.110, RSMo, shall be included in the value of new construction and improvements when the property becomes totally or partially subject to assessment and payment of all ad valorem taxes. The aggregate

increase in valuation of personal property for the current year over that of the previous year is the equivalent of the new construction and improvements factor for personal property. Notwithstanding any opt-out implemented pursuant to subsection 15 of section 137.115, the assessor shall certify the amount of new construction and improvements and the amount of assessed value on any real property which was assessed by the assessor of a county or city in such previous year but is assessed by the assessor of a county or city in the current year in a different subclass of real property separately for each of the three subclasses of real property for each political subdivision to the county clerk in order that political subdivisions shall have this information for the purpose of calculating tax rates pursuant to this section and section 22, article X, Constitution of Missouri. In addition, the state tax commission shall certify each year to each county clerk the increase in the general price level as measured by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers for the United States, or its successor publications, as defined and officially reported by the United States Department of Labor, or its successor agency. The state tax commission shall certify the increase in such index on the latest twelve-month basis available on June first of each year over the immediately preceding prior twelve-month period in order that political subdivisions shall have this information available in setting their tax rates according to law and section 22 of article X of the Constitution of Missouri. For purposes of implementing the provisions of this section and section 22 of article X of the Missouri Constitution, the term "property" means all taxable property, including state assessed property.

- (2) Each political subdivision required to revise rates of levy pursuant to this section or section 22 of article X of the Constitution of Missouri shall calculate each tax rate it is authorized to levy and, in establishing each tax rate, shall consider each provision for tax rate revision provided in this section and section 22 of article X of the Constitution of Missouri, separately and without regard to annual tax rate reductions provided in section 67.505, RSMo, and section 164.013, RSMo. Each political subdivision shall set each tax rate it is authorized to levy using the calculation that produces the lowest tax rate ceiling. It is further the intent of the general assembly, pursuant to the authority of section 10(c) of article X of the Constitution of Missouri, that the provisions of such section be applicable to tax rate revisions mandated pursuant to section 22 of article X of the Constitution of Missouri as to reestablishing tax rates as revised in subsequent years, enforcement provisions, and other provisions not in conflict with section 22 of article X of the Constitution of Missouri. Annual tax rate reductions provided in section 67.505, RSMo, and section 164.013, RSMo, shall be applied to the tax rate as established pursuant to this section and section 22 of article X of the Constitution of Missouri, unless otherwise provided by law.
- 5. (1) In all political subdivisions, the tax rate ceiling established pursuant to this section shall not be increased unless approved by a vote of the people. Approval of the higher tax rate shall be by at least a majority of votes cast. When a proposed higher tax rate requires approval by more than a simple majority pursuant to any provision of law or the constitution, the tax rate increase must receive approval by at least the majority required.
- (2) When voters approve an increase in the tax rate, the amount of the increase shall be added to the tax rate ceiling as calculated pursuant to this section to the extent the total rate does not exceed any maximum rate prescribed by law. If a ballot question presents a stated tax rate for approval rather than describing the amount of increase in the question, the stated tax rate approved shall be the current tax rate ceiling. The increased tax rate ceiling as approved may be applied to the total assessed valuation of the political subdivision at the setting of the next tax rate.
- (3) The governing body of any political subdivision may levy a tax rate lower than its tax rate ceiling and may increase that lowered tax rate to a level not exceeding the tax rate ceiling without voter approval.
- 6. (1) For the purposes of calculating state aid for public schools pursuant to section 163.031, RSMo, each taxing authority which is a school district shall determine its proposed tax rate as a blended rate of the classes or subclasses of property. Such blended rate shall be calculated by first determining the total tax revenue of the property within the jurisdiction of the taxing authority, which amount shall be equal to the sum of the products of multiplying the assessed valuation of each class and subclass of property by the corresponding tax rate for such class or subclass, then dividing the total tax revenue by the total assessed valuation of the same jurisdiction, and then multiplying the resulting quotient by a factor of one-hundred. Where the taxing authority is a school district, such blended rate shall also be used by such school district for calculating revenue from state-assessed railroad and utility property as defined in chapter 151, RSMo, and for apportioning the tax rate by purpose.
- (2) Each taxing authority proposing to levy a tax rate in any year shall notify the clerk of the county commission in the county or counties where the tax rate applies of its tax rate ceiling and its proposed tax rate. Each taxing authority shall express its proposed tax rate in a fraction equal to the nearest one-tenth of a cent, unless its proposed tax rate is in excess of one dollar, then one/one-hundredth of a cent. If a taxing authority shall round to one/one-hundredth of a cent, it shall round up a fraction greater than or equal to five/one-thousandth of one cent to the next higher one/one-hundredth of a cent; if a taxing authority shall round to one-tenth of a cent, it shall round up a fraction greater than or equal to five/one-hundredths of a cent to the next higher one-tenth of a cent. Any taxing authority levying a property tax rate shall provide data, in such form as shall be prescribed by the state auditor by rule, substantiating such tax rate complies with

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Missouri law. All forms for the calculation of rates pursuant to this section shall be promulgated as a rule and shall not be incorporated by reference. [Within thirty days after the effective date of this act,] The state auditor shall promulgate rules for any and all forms for the calculation of rates pursuant to this section which do not currently exist in rule form or that have been incorporated by reference. In addition, each taxing authority proposing to levy a tax rate for debt service shall provide data, in such form as shall be prescribed by the state auditor by rule, substantiating the tax rate for debt service complies with Missouri law. A tax rate proposed for annual debt service requirements will be prima facie valid if, after making the payment for which the tax was levied, bonds remain outstanding and the debt fund reserves do not exceed the following year's payments. The county clerk shall keep on file and available for public inspection all such information for a period of three years. The clerk shall, within three days of receipt, forward a copy of the notice of a taxing authority's tax rate ceiling and proposed tax rate and any substantiating data to the state auditor. The state auditor shall, within fifteen days of the date of receipt, examine such information and return to the county clerk his or her findings as to compliance of the tax rate ceiling with this section and as to compliance of any proposed tax rate for debt service with Missouri law. If the state auditor believes that a taxing authority's proposed tax rate does not comply with Missouri law, then the state auditor's findings shall include a recalculated tax rate, and the state auditor may request a taxing authority to submit documentation supporting such taxing authority's proposed tax rate. The county clerk shall immediately forward a copy of the auditor's findings to the taxing authority and shall file a copy of the findings with the information received from the taxing authority. The taxing authority shall have fifteen days from the date of receipt from the county clerk of the state auditor's findings and any request for supporting documentation to accept or reject in writing the rate change certified by the state auditor and to submit all requested information to the state auditor. A copy of the taxing authority's acceptance or rejection and any information submitted to the state auditor shall also be mailed to the county clerk. If a taxing authority rejects a rate change certified by the state auditor and the state auditor does not receive supporting information which justifies the taxing authority's original or any subsequent proposed tax rate, then the state auditor shall refer the perceived violations of such taxing authority to the attorney general's office and the attorney general is authorized to obtain injunctive relief to prevent the taxing authority from levying a violative tax rate.

- 7. No tax rate shall be extended on the tax rolls by the county clerk unless the political subdivision has complied with the foregoing provisions of this section.
- 8. Whenever a taxpayer has cause to believe that a taxing authority has not complied with the provisions of this section, the taxpayer may make a formal complaint with the prosecuting attorney of the county. Where the prosecuting attorney fails to bring an action within ten days of the filing of the complaint, the taxpayer may bring a civil action pursuant to this section and institute an action as representative of a class of all taxpayers within a taxing authority if the class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable, if there are questions of law or fact common to the class, if the claims or defenses of the representative parties are typical of the claims or defenses of the class, and if the representative parties will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the class. In any class action maintained pursuant to this section, the court may direct to the members of the class a notice to be published at least once each week for four consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation published in the county where the civil action is commenced and in other counties within the jurisdiction of a taxing authority. The notice shall advise each member that the court will exclude him or her from the class if he or she so requests by a specified date, that the judgment, whether favorable or not, will include all members who do not request exclusion, and that any member who does not request exclusion may, if he or she desires, enter an appearance. In any class action brought pursuant to this section, the court, in addition to the relief requested, shall assess against the taxing authority found to be in violation of this section the reasonable costs of bringing the action, including reasonable attorney's fees, provided no attorney's fees shall be awarded any attorney or association of attorneys who receive public funds from any source for their services. Any action brought pursuant to this section shall be set for hearing as soon as practicable after the cause is at issue.
- 9. If in any action, including a class action, the court issues an order requiring a taxing authority to revise the tax rates as provided in this section or enjoins a taxing authority from the collection of a tax because of its failure to revise the rate of levy as provided in this section, any taxpayer paying his or her taxes when an improper rate is applied has erroneously paid his or her taxes in part, whether or not the taxes are paid under protest as provided in section 139.031, RSMo. The part of the taxes paid erroneously is the difference in the amount produced by the original levy and the amount produced by the revised levy. The township or county collector of taxes or the collector of taxes in any city shall refund the amount of the tax erroneously paid. The taxing authority refusing to revise the rate of levy as provided in this section shall make available to the collector all funds necessary to make refunds pursuant to this subsection. No taxpayer shall receive any interest on any money erroneously paid by him or her pursuant to this subsection. Effective in the 1994 tax year, nothing in this section shall be construed to require a taxing authority to refund any tax erroneously paid prior to or during the third tax year preceding the current tax year.
- 10. A taxing authority, including but not limited to a township, county collector, or collector of taxes, responsible for determining and collecting the amount of residential real property tax levied in its jurisdiction, shall

report such amount of tax collected by December thirty-first of each year such property is assessed to the state tax commission. The state tax commission shall compile the tax data by county or taxing jurisdiction and submit a report to the general assembly no later than January thirty-first of the following year.

11. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2004, shall be invalid and void."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 6

AMEND House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 461, Page 1, Section A, Line 2, by inserting immediately after said line the following:

"53.260. **Subject to appropriation,** expenses incurred by the assessor or assessor-elect in attending courses of study and additional courses referred to in sections 53.250 to 53.265 shall be paid by the state. Fees for registration, books and materials may be directly billed to the state as provided by the commissioner of administration. The cost of transportation, lodging and meals shall be reimbursed to the assessor or assessor-elect in the manner provided by the commissioner of administration."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

In which the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and passed **SS HCS#2 HB 568**, entitled:

An to repeal sections 210.117, 211.037, 211.038, 452.375, and 452.400, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof six new sections relating to protection of children.

With Senate Amendment No. 2, Senate Amendment No. 5, Senate Amendment No. 10 and Senate Amendment No. 11.

Senate Amendment No. 2

AMEND Senate Substitute for House Committee Substitute No. 2 for House Bill No. 568, Page 1, Section A, Line 4, by inserting after all of said line the following:

- "167.229. 1. The department of elementary and secondary education shall establish a "Model School Wellness Program", and any moneys appropriated, other than general revenue, by the general assembly for this program shall be used by selected school districts to establish school-based pilot programs that focus on encouraging students to establish and maintain healthy lifestyles. The moneys appropriated shall be from the Child Nutrition and WIC Reauthorization federal grant money. These programs shall include tobacco prevention education and the promotion of balanced dietary patterns and physical activity to prevent becoming overweight or obese, and discussion of serious and chronic medical conditions that are associated with being overweight. The content of these programs shall address state and national standards and guidelines established by the No Child Left Behind Act, the Healthy People 2010 Leading Health Indicators as compiled by the National Center for Health Statistics, and the Produce for Better Health Foundation's "5 A Day, The Color Way" program.
- 2. School districts may apply for one-year grants for school year 2005-2006 under this section. The department shall establish selection criteria and methods for distribution of funds to school districts applying for such funds. The department shall promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this section.

- 3. A school district that receives a grant under this section shall use the funds to plan and implement the program in a diverse sampling of schools in each district. The programs shall address students' academic success as well as health concerns, and encourage links between the school and home settings to promote active healthy lifestyles across the students' learning environments. The tobacco prevention initiative shall focus on grades four and five to target students before they transition into middle grades. The obesity prevention programs will cover sequential wellness education across grades kindergarten through fifth grades. These programs shall:
 - (1) Be multidisciplinary, addressing academic standards in language arts, math, and health;
 - (2) Provide multimedia resources that engage the students;
- (3) Be evidence-based showing successful implementation including positive changes in desired outcomes, such as changes in body mass index or attitudes towards tobacco use;
 - (4) Be able to be integrated in to the core classroom at the elementary level; and
 - (5) Be sustainable and provide open web-based resources to teachers and students across Missouri.
- 4. Hands-on professional development opportunities shall be provided in local districts for the teachers who will be implementing the program. Ongoing support shall be provided to the teachers and schools during the pilot period.
- 5. Following the completion of the 2005-2006 school year, the department shall evaluate the effectiveness of the model school wellness program in increasing knowledge, changing body mass index, improving attitudes and behaviors of students related to nutrition, physical activity, or tobacco use.
- 6. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2005, shall be invalid and void.
 - 7. Pursuant to section 23.353, RSMo, of the Missouri sunset act:
- (1) The provisions of this section shall automatically sunset six years after the effective date of this section unless reauthorized by an act of the general assembly; and
- (2) If such program is reauthorized, the program authorized under this section shall automatically sunset twelve years after the effective date of the reauthorization of this section; and
- (3) This section shall terminate on September 1 of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the program authorized under this section is sunset."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 5

AMEND Senate Substitute for House Committee Substitute No. 2 for House Bill No. 568, Page 21, Section 452.400, Line 19, by inserting after all of said line the following:

- "452.490. 1. The court may order any party to the proceeding who is in this state to appear personally before the court. If the court finds the physical presence of the child in court to be in the best interests of the child, the court may order that the party who has physical custody of the child appear personally with the child.
- 2. If a party to the proceeding whose presence is desired by the court is outside this state, with or without the child, the court may order that the notice given under section 452.460 include a statement directing that party to appear personally with or without the child.
- 3. If a party to the proceeding who is outside this state is directed to appear under subsection 1 of this section or desires to appear personally before the court with or without the child, the court may require another party to pay to the clerk of the court travel and other necessary expenses of the party so appearing and of the child, if this is just and proper under the circumstances.
- 4. If the court finds it to be in the best interest of the child that a guardian ad litem be appointed, the court may appoint a guardian ad litem for the child. The guardian ad litem so appointed shall be an attorney licensed to practice law in the state of Missouri. Disqualification of a guardian ad litem shall be ordered in any legal proceeding pursuant to [chapter 210, RSMo, or] this chapter, upon the filing of a written application by any party within ten days of appointment[, or within ten days of August 28, 1998, if the appointment occurs prior to August 28, 1998]. Each party shall be entitled to one disqualification of a guardian ad litem **appointed under this subsection** in each proceeding,

except a party may be entitled to additional disqualifications of a guardian ad litem for good cause shown. The guardian ad litem may, for the purpose of determining custody of the child only, participate in the proceedings as if such guardian ad litem were a party. The court shall enter judgment allowing a reasonable fee to the guardian ad litem.

5. The court shall appoint a guardian ad litem in any proceeding in which child abuse or neglect is alleged."; and

Further amend said title, enacting clause and intersectional references accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 10

AMEND Senate Substitute for House Committee Substitute No. 2 for House Bill No. 568, Page 1, Section A, Line 4 of said page, by inserting after all of said line the following:

- "210.110. As used in sections 210.109 to 210.165, and sections 210.180 to 210.183, the following terms mean:
- (1) "Abuse", any physical injury, sexual abuse, or emotional abuse inflicted on a child other than by accidental means by those responsible for the child's care, custody, and control, except that discipline including spanking, administered in a reasonable manner, shall not be construed to be abuse;
- (2) "Assessment and treatment services for children under ten years old", an approach to be developed by the children's division which will recognize and treat the specific needs of at-risk and abused or neglected children under the age of ten. The developmental and medical assessment shall be a broad physical, developmental, and mental health screening to be completed within thirty days of a child's entry into custody and every six months thereafter as long as the child remains in care. Screenings shall be offered at a centralized location and include, at a minimum, the following:
- (a) Complete physical to be performed by a pediatrician familiar with the effects of abuse and neglect on young children;
- (b) Developmental, behavioral, and emotional screening in addition to early periodic screening, diagnosis, and treatment services, including a core set of standardized and recognized instruments as well as interviews with the child and appropriate caregivers. The screening battery shall be performed by a licensed mental health professional familiar with the effects of abuse and neglect on young children, who will then serve as the liaison between all service providers in ensuring that needed services are provided. Such treatment services may include in-home services, out of home placement, intensive twenty-four hour treatment services, family counseling, parenting training and other best practices.

Children whose screenings indicate an area of concern shall complete a comprehensive, in-depth health, psychodiagnostic, or developmental assessment within sixty days of entry into custody.

- (3) "Central registry", a registry of persons where the division has found probable cause to believe prior to August 28, 2004, or by a preponderance of the evidence after August 28, 2004, or a court has substantiated through court adjudication that the individual has committed child abuse or neglect or the person has pled guilty or has been found guilty of a crime pursuant to section 565.020, 565.021, 565.023, 565.024 or 565.050, RSMo, if the victim is a child less than eighteen years of age, section 566.030 or 566.060, RSMo, if the victim is a child less than eighteen years of age and the perpetrator is twenty-one years of age or older, section 567.050, RSMo, if the victim is a child less than eighteen years of age, section 568.020, 568.030, 568.045, 568.050, 568.060, 568.080, or 568.090, RSMo, section 573.025 or 573.035, RSMo, or an attempt to commit any such crimes. Any persons placed on the registry prior to August 28, 2004, shall remain on the registry for the duration of time required by section 210.152;
 - [(3)] (4) "Child", any person, regardless of physical or mental condition, under eighteen years of age;
- [(4)] (5) "Children's services providers and agencies", any public, quasi- public, or private entity with the appropriate and relevant training and expertise in delivering services to children and their families as determined by the children's division, and capable of providing direct services and other family services for children in the custody of the children's division or any such entities or agencies that are receiving state moneys for such services;
 - [(5)] (6) "Director", the director of the Missouri children's division within the department of social services;
 - [(6)] (7) "Division", the Missouri children's division within the department of social services;
- [(7)] (8) "Family assessment and services", an approach to be developed by the children's division which will provide for a prompt assessment of a child who has been reported to the division as a victim of abuse or neglect by a person responsible for that child's care, custody or control and of that child's family, including risk of abuse and neglect and, if necessary, the provision of community-based services to reduce the risk and support the family;

- [(8)] (9) "Family support team meeting" or "team meeting", a meeting convened by the division or children's services provider in behalf of the family and/or child for the purpose of determining service and treatment needs, determining the need for placement and developing a plan for reunification or other permanency options, determining the appropriate placement of the child, evaluating case progress, and establishing and revising the case plan;
- [(9)] (10) "Investigation", the collection of physical and verbal evidence to determine if a child has been abused or neglected;
- [(10)] (11) "Jail or detention center personnel", employees and volunteers working in any premises or institution where incarceration, evaluation, care, treatment or rehabilitation is provided to persons who are being held under custody of the law;
- [(11)] (12) "Neglect", failure to provide, by those responsible for the care, custody, and control of the child, the proper or necessary support, education as required by law, nutrition or medical, surgical, or any other care necessary for the child's well-being;
- [(12)] (13) "Preponderance of the evidence", that degree of evidence that is of greater weight or more convincing than the evidence which is offered in opposition to it or evidence which as a whole shows the fact to be proved to be more probable than not;
- [(13)] (14) "Probable cause", available facts when viewed in the light of surrounding circumstances which would cause a reasonable person to believe a child was abused or neglected;
- [(14)] (15) "Report", the communication of an allegation of child abuse or neglect to the division pursuant to section 210.115;
- [(15)] (16) "Those responsible for the care, custody, and control of the child", those included but not limited to the parents or guardian of a child, other members of the child's household, or those exercising supervision over a child for any part of a twenty-four-hour day. Those responsible for the care, custody and control shall also include any adult who, based on relationship to the parents of the child, members of the child's household or the family, has access to the child.
- 210.112. 1. It is the policy of this state and its agencies to implement a foster care and child protection and welfare system focused on providing the highest quality of services and outcomes for children and their families. The department of social services shall implement such system subject to the following principles:
 - (1) The safety and welfare of children is paramount;
 - (2) Providers of direct services to children and their families will be evaluated in a uniform and consistent basis;
- (3) Services to children and their families shall be provided in a timely manner to maximize the opportunity for successful outcomes; and
- (4) Any provider of direct services to children and families shall have the appropriate and relevant training, education, and expertise to provide the highest quality of services possible which shall be consistent with the federal standards, but not less than the standards and policies used by the children's division as of January 1, 2004.
- 2. On or before July 1, 2005, and subject to appropriations, the children's division and any other state agency deemed necessary by the division shall, in consultation with the community and providers of services, enter into and implement contracts with qualified children's services providers and agencies to provide a comprehensive and deliberate system of service delivery for children and their families. Contracts shall be awarded through a competitive process and provided by children's services providers and agencies currently contracting with the state to provide such services and by public and private not-for-profit or limited liability corporations owned exclusively by not-for-profit corporations children's services providers and agencies which have:
- (1) A proven record of providing child welfare services within the state of Missouri which shall be consistent with the federal standards, but not less than the standards and policies used by the children's division as of January 1, 2004; and
- (2) The ability to provide a range of child welfare services, which may include case management services, family-centered services, foster and adoptive parent recruitment and retention, residential care, in-home services, foster care services, adoption services, relative care case management, planned permanent living services, and family reunification services.

No contracts shall be issued for services related to the child abuse and neglect hotline, investigations of alleged abuse and neglect, and initial family assessments. Any contracts entered into by the division shall be in accordance with all federal laws and regulations, and shall not result in the loss of federal funding. Such children's services providers and agencies under contract with the division shall be subject to all federal, state, and local laws and regulations relating to the provision of such services, and shall be subject to oversight and inspection by appropriate state agencies to assure compliance with standards which shall be consistent with the federal standards, but not less than the standards and policies used by the children's division as of January 1, 2004.

- 3. In entering into and implementing contracts under subsection 2 of this section, the division shall consider and direct their efforts towards geographic areas of the state, including Greene County, where eligible direct children's services providers and agencies are currently available and capable of providing a broad range of services, including case management services, family-centered services, foster and adoptive parent recruitment and retention, residential care, family preservation services, foster care services, adoption services, relative care case management, other planned living arrangements, and family reunification services consistent with federal guidelines. Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit the division from contracting on an as-needed basis for any individual child welfare service listed above.
 - 4. The contracts entered into under this section shall assure that:
- (1) Child welfare services shall be delivered to a child and the child's family by professionals who have substantial and relevant training, education, or competencies otherwise demonstrated in the area of children and family services:
- (2) Children's services providers and agencies shall be evaluated by the division based on objective, consistent, and performance-based criteria;
- (3) Any case management services provided shall be subject to a case management plan established under subsection 5 of this section which is consistent with all relevant federal guidelines. The case management plan shall focus on attaining permanency in children's living conditions to the greatest extent possible and shall include concurrent planning and independent living where appropriate in accordance with the best interests of each child served and considering relevant factors applicable to each individual case as provided by law, including:
- (a) The interaction and interrelationship of a child with the child's foster parents, biological or adoptive parents, siblings, and any other person who may significantly affect the child's best interests;
 - (b) A child's adjustment to his or her foster home, school, and community;
- (c) The mental and physical health of all individuals involved, including any history of abuse of or by any individuals involved; [and]
- (d) The needs of the child for a continuing relationship with the child's biological or adoptive parents and the ability and willingness of the child's biological or adoptive parents to actively perform their functions as parents with regard to the needs of the child; **and**
- (e) For any child under ten years old, treatment services shall be available as defined in section 210.110. Assessments, as defined in section 210.110, shall occur to determine which treatment services best meet the child's psychological and social needs. When the assessment indicates that a child's needs can be best resolved by intensive twenty-four hour treatment services, the division will locate, contract, and place the child with the appropriate organizations. This placement will be viewed as the least restrictive for the child based on the assessment:
- (4) The delivery system shall have sufficient flexibility to take into account children and families on a case-by-case basis;
- (5) The delivery system shall provide a mechanism for the assessment of strategies to work with children and families immediately upon entry into the system to maximize permanency and successful outcome in the shortest time possible and shall include concurrent planning. Outcome measures for private and public agencies shall be equal for each program; and
- (6) Payment to the children's services providers and agencies shall be made based on the reasonable costs of services, including responsibilities necessary to execute the contract. Contracts shall provide incentives in addition to the costs of services provided in recognition of accomplishment of the case goals and the corresponding cost savings to the state. The division shall promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this subdivision.
- 5. Contracts entered into under this section shall require that a case management plan consistent with all relevant federal guidelines shall be developed for each child at the earliest time after the initial investigation, but in no event longer than fourteen days after the initial investigation or referral to the contractor by the division. Such case management plan shall be presented to the court and be the foundation of service delivery to the child and family. The case management plan shall, at a minimum, include:
- (1) An outcome target based on the child and family situation achieving permanency or independent living, where appropriate;
 - (2) Services authorized and necessary to facilitate the outcome target;
 - (3) Time frames in which services will be delivered; and
 - (4) Necessary evaluations and reporting.

In addition to any visits and assessments required under case management, services to be provided by a public or private children's services provider under the specific case management plan may include family-centered services, foster and adoptive parent recruitment and retention, residential care, in-home services, foster care services, adoption services, relative care case services, planned permanent living services, and family reunification services. In all cases, an

appropriate level of services shall be provided to the child and family after permanency is achieved to assure a continued successful outcome.

- 6. On or before July 15, 2006, and each July fifteenth thereafter that the project is in operation, the division shall submit a report to the general assembly which shall include:
- (1) Details about the specifics of the contracts, including the number of children and families served, the cost to the state for contracting such services, the current status of the children and families served, an assessment of the quality of services provided and outcomes achieved, and an overall evaluation of the project; and
 - (2) Any recommendations regarding the continuation or possible statewide implementation of such project; and
- (3) Any information or recommendations directly related to the provision of direct services for children and their families that any of the contracting children's services providers and agencies request to have included in the report.
- 7. The division shall accept as prima facie evidence of completion of the requirements for licensure under sections 210.481 to 210.511 proof that an agency is accredited by any of the following nationally recognized bodies: the Council on Accreditation of Services, Children and Families, Inc.; the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals; or the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities. The division shall not require any further evidence of qualification for licensure if such proof of voluntary accreditation is submitted.
- 8. By February 1, 2005, the children's division shall promulgate and have in effect rules to implement the provisions of this section, and pursuant to this section, shall define implementation plans and dates. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2004, shall be invalid and void."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 11

AMEND Senate Substitute for House Committee Substitute No. 2 for House Bill 568, Pages 1-2, Section 210.114, by striking all of said section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

- "210.114. 1. Except as otherwise provided in section 207.085, RSMo, a private contractor, as defined in subdivision (4) of section 210.110, with the children's division that receives state moneys from the division or the department for providing services to children and their families shall have qualified immunity from civil liability for providing such services when the child is not in the physical care of such private contractor to the same extent that the children's division has qualified immunity from civil liability when the division or department directly provides such services.
- 2. This section shall not apply if a private contractor described above knowingly violates a stated or written policy of the division, any rule promulgated by the division, or any state law directly related to child abuse and neglect or any local ordinance relating to the safety condition of the property."; and

Further amend said title, enacting clause and intersectional references accordingly.

In which the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested.

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate refuses to concur in **HCS SCS SB 500**, as amended, and requests the House to recede from its position and failing to do so grant the Senate a conference thereon.

BILL CARRYING REQUEST MESSAGE

HCS SCS SB 500, as amended, relating to the Part C Early Intervention System, was taken up by Representative Lager.

Representative Lager moved that the House refuse to recede from its position on **HCS SCS SB 500, as amended**, and grant the Senate a conference.

Which motion was adopted.

HOUSE BILL WITH SENATE AMENDMENTS

SS HCS#2 HB 568, as amended, relating to the protection of children, was taken up by Representative Stevenson.

Representative Stevenson moved that the House refuse to adopt **SS HCS#2 HB 568, as amended**, and request the Senate to recede from its position and, failing to do so, grant the House a conference.

Which motion was adopted.

BILLS CARRYING REQUEST MESSAGES

HCS SCS SB 355, as amended, relating to agriculture, was taken up by Representative Loehner.

Representative Loehner moved that the House refuse to recede from its position on HCS SCS SB 355, as amended, and request the Senate to take up and pass HCS SCS SB 355, as amended.

Which motion was adopted.

SCS SB 390, with House Amendment No. 1 and House Amendment No. 3, relating to motor vehicle dealer advertisements, was taken up by Representative Pratt.

Representative Pratt moved that the House refuse to recede from its position on **House Amendment No. 1** and **House Amendment No. 3** to **SCS SB 390** and grant the Senate a conference.

Which motion was adopted.

Speaker Jetton resumed the Chair.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE COMMITTEES

The Speaker appointed the following Conference Committees to act with like committees from the Senate on the following bills:

SS SCS HCS HB 353: Representatives Lipke, Jones, Bruns, Burnett and Jolly HCS SCS SB 500: Representatives Lager, Roark, Rupp, Donnelly and Bowman

Representative Behnen resumed the Chair.

COMMITTEE REPORTS

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Rules, to which was referred **SCS SCR 6**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass, with no time limit for debate**.

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Rules, to which was referred **SCS SCR 8**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass, with no time limit for debate**.

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Rules, to which was referred **SJR 19**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass, with no time limit for debate**.

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Rules, to which was referred HCS SS SCS SBs 37, 322, 78, 351 & 424, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it Do Pass, with no time limit for debate.

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Rules, to which was referred **HCS SS SB 402**, begs leave to report it has examined the same and recommends that it **Do Pass, with no time limit for debate**.

REFERRAL OF SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

The following Senate Concurrent Resolution was referred to the Committee indicated:

SCR 17 - Rules

REFERRAL OF SENATE BILLS

The following Senate Bills were referred to the Committee indicated:

HCS SS SCS SBs 37, 322, 78, 351 & 424 - Fiscal Review (Fiscal Note) HCS SS SB 402 - Fiscal Review (Fiscal Note)

SUPPLEMENTAL CALENDAR

MAY 11, 2005

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION FOR THIRD READING

SJR 19 - Jackson

SENATE BILLS FOR THIRD READING

- 1 HCS SS SCS SB 37, 322, 78, 351 & 424 (Fiscal Review 5-11-05) Stevenson
- 2 HCS SS SB 402 (Fiscal Review 5-11-05) Johnson (47)

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker: I am instructed by the Senate to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate has taken up and passed **SS SCS HCS HB 186**, entitled:

An act to repeal sections 67.459, 67.1775, 67.1922, 67.1934, 94.070, 94.660, 94.700, 144.044, 144.518, 184.357, 210.860, and 210.861, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof twenty new sections relating to local taxes, with an emergency clause for a certain section.

With Senate Amendment No. 1, Senate Amendment No. 2, Senate Amendment No. 3, Senate Amendment No. 4, Senate Amendment No. 5, Senate Amendment No. 6, Senate Amendment No. 7, Senate Amendment No. 8, Senate Amendment No. 9, Senate Amendment No. 10 and Senate Amendment No. 11.

Senate Amendment No. 1

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 186, Page 3, Section 67.459, Line 15, by inserting after all of said line the following:

- "67.1062. As used in sections 67.1062 to 67.1071, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following words and phrases mean:
- (1) "Agency", an entity which provides [housing-related assistance] **any service related** to homeless persons or the repair or replacement of housing structures which are in violation of the county housing code, and shall include not-for- profit housing partnerships as defined in 24 CFR Part 92 or successor regulations;
 - (2) "City", any city not within a county;
 - (3) "County", a county of the first class having a charter form of government;
- (4) "Designated authority", the board, commission, agency, or other body designated under the provisions of section 67.1065 as the authority to administer the allocation and distribution of funds to agencies;
 - (5) "Homeless", an involuntary state characterized by a lack of habitable housing or shelter.
- 67.1067. 1. Any agency providing [assistance] services related to homeless persons may apply to the designated authority for funds to be used to provide [housing] such services for the homeless. All applications shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- (1) [Evidence that the agency is incorporated or authorized to do business in this state as a nonprofit corporation;
 - (2)] A list of the directors of the corporation, and a list of the trustees of the agency if different;
- [(3)] (2) The proposed budget of the agency for the following calendar year, or other period for which funding is sought;

- [(4)] (3) A summary of the services proposed to be offered in the following calendar year, or other period for which funding is sought;
- [(5)] (4) An estimate of the number of persons to be served during the following calendar year, or other period for which funding is sought; and
 - [(6)] (5) Any other information deemed relevant to the application by the designated authority.
- 2. After review of an application for funds from an agency that meets the criteria set forth in section 67.1069, the designated authority shall notify the agency in writing whether it is eligible to receive funds and, if the agency is eligible, specify the amount available for that agency from the fund established pursuant to sections 67.1063 and 67.1064.
- 67.1069. To qualify for funds allocated and distributed pursuant to section 67.1067, an agency [shall meet] may be any entity which provides services related to homeless persons or which meets all of the following requirements:
 - (1) [Be incorporated or authorized to do business in the state as a nonprofit corporation;
- (2)] Have trustees who represent the racial, ethnic and socioeconomic diversity of the community to be served, at least one of whom must possess experience in confronting or mitigating the problems of homeless;
- [(3)] (2) Receive at least twenty-five percent of its funds from sources other than funds distributed pursuant to section 67.1067. These other sources may be public or private and may include contributions of goods or services, including materials, commodities, transportation, office space or other types of facilities or personal service; and
- [(4)] (3) Require persons employed by or volunteering services to the agency to maintain the confidentiality of any information that would identify individuals served by the agency.
 - 67.1070. Funds shall be allocated to:
- (1) Agencies offering or proposing to offer the broadest range of housing-related services to persons in the community served, including:
 - (a) Emergency short-term and long-term shelter for the homeless;
 - (b) Prevention of residential foreclosures and evictions;
 - (c) Coordination of existing community services; and
- (d) Projects to encourage self-sufficiency of participants and facilitate transition from dependency on subsidized housing;
- (2) Other [agencies offering or proposing to offer services specifically to homeless persons] entities essential for carrying out the purposes of this section."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 2

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 186, Pages 1-2, Section 66.625, by striking all of said section from the bill; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 3

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 186, Page 3, Section 67.459, Line 15 of said page, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"67.1003. 1. The governing body of any city or county, other than a city or county already imposing a tax on the charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient guests of hotels and motels situated in such city or county or a portion thereof pursuant to any other law of this state, having more than three hundred fifty hotel and motel rooms inside such city or county or (1) a county of the third classification with a population of [(1)] more than seven thousand but less than seven thousand four hundred inhabitants; (2) or a third class city with a population of greater than ten thousand but less than eleven thousand located in a county of the third classification with a township form of government with a population of more than thirty thousand; (3) or a county of the third classification with a township form of government with a population of more than twenty thousand but less than twenty-one thousand; (4) or any third class city with a population of more than eleven thousand but less than thirteen thousand which is located in a county of the third classification with a population of more than twenty-three thousand but less than twenty-six thousand; (5) or any city

of the third classification with more than ten thousand five hundred but fewer than ten thousand six hundred inhabitants may impose a tax on the charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient guests of hotels or motels situated in the city or county or a portion thereof, which shall be not more than five percent per occupied room per night, except that such tax shall not become effective unless the governing body of the city or county submits to the voters of the city or county at a state general or primary election a proposal to authorize the governing body of the city or county to impose a tax pursuant to this section. The tax authorized by this section shall be in addition to the charge for the sleeping room and shall be in addition to any and all taxes imposed by law and the proceeds of such tax shall be used by the city or county solely for the promotion of tourism. Such tax shall be stated separately from all other charges and taxes.

- 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the tax authorized in this section shall not be imposed in any city or county already imposing such tax pursuant to any other law of this state, except that cities of the third class having more than two thousand five hundred hotel and motel rooms, and located in a county of the first classification in which and where another tax on the charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient guests of hotels and motels situated in such county is imposed, may impose the tax authorized by this section of not more than one-half of one percent per occupied room per night.
- 3. The ballot of submission for the tax authorized in this section shall be in substantially the following form: Shall (insert the name of the city or county) impose a tax on the charges for all sleeping rooms paid by the transient guests of hotels and motels situated in (name of city or county) at a rate of (insert rate of percent) percent for the sole purpose of promoting tourism?

□ Yes □ No

4. As used in this section, "transient guests" means a person or persons who occupy a room or rooms in a hotel or motel for thirty-one days or less during any calendar quarter."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 4

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 186, Page 26, Section 94.070, Line 25 of said page, by inserting immediately after said line the following:

- "94.270. 1. The mayor and board of aldermen shall have power and authority to regulate and to license and to levy and collect a license tax on auctioneers, druggists, hawkers, peddlers, banks, brokers, pawnbrokers, merchants of all kinds, grocers, confectioners, restaurants, butchers, taverns, hotels, public boardinghouses, billiard and pool tables and other tables, bowling alleys, lumber dealers, real estate agents, loan companies, loan agents, public buildings, public halls, opera houses, concerts, photographers, bill posters, artists, agents, porters, public lecturers, public meetings, circuses and shows, for parades and exhibitions, moving picture shows, horse or cattle dealers, patent right dealers, stockyards, inspectors, gaugers, mercantile agents, gas companies, insurance companies, insurance agents, express companies, and express agents, telegraph companies, light, power and water companies, telephone companies, manufacturing and other corporations or institutions, automobile agencies, and dealers, public garages, automobile repair shops or both combined, dealers in automobile accessories, gasoline filling stations, soft drink stands, ice cream stands, ice cream and soft drink stands combined, soda fountains, street railroad cars, omnibuses, drays, transfer and all other vehicles, traveling and auction stores, plumbers, and all other business, trades and avocations whatsoever, and fix the rate of carriage of persons, drayage and cartage of property; and to license, tax, regulate and suppress ordinaries, money brokers, money changers, intelligence and employment offices and agencies, public masquerades, balls, street exhibitions, dance houses, fortune tellers, pistol galleries, corn doctors, private venereal hospitals, museums, menageries, equestrian performances, horoscopic views, telescopic views, lung testers, muscle developers, magnifying glasses, ten pin alleys, ball alleys, billiard tables, pool tables and other tables, theatrical or other exhibitions, boxing and sparring exhibitions, shows and amusements, tippling houses, and sales of unclaimed goods by express companies or common carriers, auto wrecking shops and junk dealers; to license, tax and regulate hackmen, draymen, omnibus drivers, porters and all others pursuing like occupations, with or without vehicles, and to prescribe their compensation; and to regulate, license and restrain runners for steamboats, cars, and public houses; and to license ferries, and to regulate the same and the landing thereof within the limits of the city, and to license and tax auto liveries, auto drays and jitneys.
- 2. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, no city of the fourth classification with more than eight hundred but less than nine hundred inhabitants and located in any county with a charter form of government and with more than one million inhabitants shall levy or collect a license fee on hotels or motels in an amount in excess of twenty-seven dollars per room per year. No hotel or motel in such city shall be required to pay a license fee in excess

of such amount, and any license fee in such city that exceeds the limitations of this subsection shall be automatically reduced to comply with this subsection.

- 3. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, no city of the fourth classification with more than four thousand one hundred but less than four thousand two hundred inhabitants and located in any county with a charter form of government and with more than one million inhabitants shall levy or collect a license fee on hotels or motels in an amount in excess of thirteen dollars and fifty cents per room per year. No hotel or motel in such city shall be required to pay a license fee in excess of such amount, and any license fee in such city that exceeds the limitations of this subsection shall be automatically reduced to comply with this subsection.
- 4. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, on or after January 1, 2006, no city of the fourth classification with more than fifty-one thousand but fewer than fifty-two thousand inhabitants and located in any county with a charter form of government and with more than two hundred eighty thousand but less than two hundred eighty-five thousand shall levy or collect a license fee on hotels or motels in an amount in excess of one thousand dollars per year. No hotel or motel in such city shall be required to pay a license fee in excess of such amount, and any license fee in such city that exceeds the limitation of this subsection shall be automatically reduced to comply with this subsection.
- 5. Any city under subsection 4 of this section may increase a hotel and motel license tax by five percent per year but the total tax levied under this section shall not exceed one-eighth of one percent of such hotel or motel's gross revenue.
- 6. Any city under subsection 1, 2, and 3 of this section may increase a hotel and motel license tax by five percent per year but the total tax levied under this section shall not exceed the greater of:
 - (1) One-eighth of one percent of such hotel or motel's gross revenue; or
 - (2) The business license tax rate for such hotel or motel on May 1, 2005.
- 7. The provisions of subsection 6 shall not apply to any tax levied by a city when the revenue from such tax is restricted for use to a project from which bonds are outstanding as of May 1, 2005."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 5

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 186, Page 37, Section 94.838, Line 12, by inserting after all of said line the following:

- "144.030. 1. There is hereby specifically exempted from the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to sections 144.010 to 144.525 such retail sales as may be made in commerce between this state and any other state of the United States, or between this state and any foreign country, and any retail sale which the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing pursuant to the Constitution or laws of the United States of America, and such retail sales of tangible personal property which the general assembly of the state of Missouri is prohibited from taxing or further taxing by the constitution of this state.
- 2. There are also specifically exempted from the provisions of the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, RSMo, section 238.235, RSMo, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.745 and from the computation of the tax levied, assessed or payable pursuant to the local sales tax law as defined in section 32.085, RSMo, section 238.235, RSMo, and sections 144.010 to 144.525 and 144.600 to 144.745:
- (1) Motor fuel or special fuel subject to an excise tax of this state, unless all or part of such excise tax is refunded pursuant to section 142.584, RSMo; or upon the sale at retail of fuel to be consumed in manufacturing or creating gas, power, steam, electrical current or in furnishing water to be sold ultimately at retail; or feed for livestock or poultry; or grain to be converted into foodstuffs which are to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; or seed, limestone or fertilizer which is to be used for seeding, liming or fertilizing crops which when harvested will be sold at retail or will be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail; economic poisons registered pursuant to the provisions of the Missouri pesticide registration law (sections 281.220 to 281.310, RSMo) which are to be used in connection with the growth or production of crops, fruit trees or orchards applied before, during, or after planting, the crop of which when harvested will be sold at retail or will be converted into foodstuffs which are to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;
- (2) Materials, manufactured goods, machinery and parts which when used in manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating become a component part or ingredient of the new personal property resulting from such manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating and which new personal property is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; and materials, including without limitation, gases

and manufactured goods, including without limitation, slagging materials and firebrick, which are ultimately consumed in the manufacturing process by blending, reacting or interacting with or by becoming, in whole or in part, component parts or ingredients of steel products intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption;

- (3) Materials, replacement parts and equipment purchased for use directly upon, and for the repair and maintenance or manufacture of, motor vehicles, watercraft, railroad rolling stock or aircraft engaged as common carriers of persons or property;
- (4) Replacement machinery, equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies solely required for the installation or construction of such replacement machinery, equipment, and parts, used directly in manufacturing, mining, fabricating or producing a product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption; and machinery and equipment, and the materials and supplies required solely for the operation, installation or construction of such machinery and equipment, purchased and used to establish new, or to replace or expand existing, material recovery processing plants in this state. For the purposes of this subdivision, a "material recovery processing plant" means a facility which converts recovered materials into a new product, or a different form which is used in producing a new product, and shall include a facility or equipment which is used exclusively for the collection of recovered materials for delivery to a material recovery processing plant but shall not include motor vehicles used on highways. For purposes of this section, the terms "motor vehicle" and "highway" shall have the same meaning pursuant to section 301.010, RSMo;
- (5) Machinery and equipment, and parts and the materials and supplies solely required for the installation or construction of such machinery and equipment, purchased and used to establish new or to expand existing manufacturing, mining or fabricating plants in the state if such machinery and equipment is used directly in manufacturing, mining or fabricating a product which is intended to be sold ultimately for final use or consumption;
- (6) Tangible personal property which is used exclusively in the manufacturing, processing, modification or assembling of products sold to the United States government or to any agency of the United States government;
 - (7) Animals or poultry used for breeding or feeding purposes;
- (8) Newsprint, ink, computers, photosensitive paper and film, toner, printing plates and other machinery, equipment, replacement parts and supplies used in producing newspapers published for dissemination of news to the general public;
 - (9) The rentals of films, records or any type of sound or picture transcriptions for public commercial display;
- (10) Pumping machinery and equipment used to propel products delivered by pipelines engaged as common carriers;
- (11) Railroad rolling stock for use in transporting persons or property in interstate commerce and motor vehicles licensed for a gross weight of twenty-four thousand pounds or more or trailers used by common carriers, as defined in section 390.020, RSMo, solely in the transportation of persons or property in interstate commerce;
- (12) Electrical energy used in the actual primary manufacture, processing, compounding, mining or producing of a product, or electrical energy used in the actual secondary processing or fabricating of the product, or a material recovery processing plant as defined in subdivision (4) of this subsection, in facilities owned or leased by the taxpayer, if the total cost of electrical energy so used exceeds ten percent of the total cost of production, either primary or secondary, exclusive of the cost of electrical energy so used or if the raw materials used in such processing contain at least twenty-five percent recovered materials as defined in section 260.200, RSMo. For purposes of this subdivision, "processing" means any mode of treatment, act or series of acts performed upon materials to transform and reduce them to a different state or thing, including treatment necessary to maintain or preserve such processing by the producer at the production facility;
- (13) Anodes which are used or consumed in manufacturing, processing, compounding, mining, producing or fabricating and which have a useful life of less than one year;
- (14) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased and used solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring air pollution, and materials and supplies solely required for the installation, construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, appliances and devices, and so certified as such by the director of the department of natural resources, except that any action by the director pursuant to this subdivision may be appealed to the air conservation commission which may uphold or reverse such action;
- (15) Machinery, equipment, appliances and devices purchased or leased and used solely for the purpose of preventing, abating or monitoring water pollution, and materials and supplies solely required for the installation, construction or reconstruction of such machinery, equipment, appliances and devices, and so certified as such by the director of the department of natural resources, except that any action by the director pursuant to this subdivision may be appealed to the Missouri clean water commission which may uphold or reverse such action;
 - (16) Tangible personal property purchased by a rural water district;

- (17) All amounts paid or charged for admission or participation or other fees paid by or other charges to individuals in or for any place of amusement, entertainment or recreation, games or athletic events, including museums, fairs, zoos and planetariums, owned or operated by a municipality or other political subdivision where all the proceeds derived therefrom benefit the municipality or other political subdivision and do not inure to any private person, firm, or corporation;
- (18) All sales of insulin and prosthetic or orthopedic devices as defined on January 1, 1980, by the federal Medicare program pursuant to Title XVIII of the Social Security Act of 1965, including the items specified in Section 1862(a)(12) of that act, and also specifically including hearing aids and hearing aid supplies and all sales of drugs which may be legally dispensed by a licensed pharmacist only upon a lawful prescription of a practitioner licensed to administer those items, including samples and materials used to manufacture samples which may be dispensed by a practitioner authorized to dispense such samples and all sales of medical oxygen, home respiratory equipment and accessories, hospital beds and accessories and ambulatory aids, all sales of manual and powered wheelchairs, stairway lifts, Braille writers, electronic Braille equipment and, if purchased by or on behalf of a person with one or more physical or mental disabilities to enable them to function more independently, all sales of scooters, reading machines, electronic print enlargers and magnifiers, electronic alternative and augmentative communication devices, and items used solely to modify motor vehicles to permit the use of such motor vehicles by individuals with disabilities or sales of over-the-counter or nonprescription drugs to individuals with disabilities;
- (19) All sales made by or to religious and charitable organizations and institutions in their religious, charitable or educational functions and activities and all sales made by or to all elementary and secondary schools operated at public expense in their educational functions and activities;
- (20) All sales of aircraft to common carriers for storage or for use in interstate commerce and all sales made by or to not-for-profit civic, social, service or fraternal organizations, including fraternal organizations which have been declared tax-exempt organizations pursuant to Section 501(c)(8) or (10) of the 1986 Internal Revenue Code, as amended, [solely] in their civic or charitable functions and activities and all sales made to eleemosynary and penal institutions and industries of the state, and all sales made to any private not-for-profit institution of higher education not otherwise excluded pursuant to subdivision (19) of this subsection or any institution of higher education supported by public funds, and all sales made to a state relief agency in the exercise of relief functions and activities;
- (21) All ticket sales made by benevolent, scientific and educational associations which are formed to foster, encourage, and promote progress and improvement in the science of agriculture and in the raising and breeding of animals, and by nonprofit summer theater organizations if such organizations are exempt from federal tax pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and all admission charges and entry fees to the Missouri state fair or any fair conducted by a county agricultural and mechanical society organized and operated pursuant to sections 262.290 to 262.530, RSMo;
- (22) All sales made to any private not-for-profit elementary or secondary school, all sales of feed additives, medications or vaccines administered to livestock or poultry in the production of food or fiber, all sales of pesticides used in the production of crops, livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales of bedding used in the production of livestock or poultry for food or fiber, all sales of propane or natural gas, electricity or diesel fuel used exclusively for drying agricultural crops, natural gas used in the primary manufacture or processing of fuel ethanol as defined in section 142.028, RSMo, and all sales of farm machinery and equipment, other than airplanes, motor vehicles and trailers. As used in this subdivision, the term "feed additives" means tangible personal property which, when mixed with feed for livestock or poultry, is to be used in the feeding of livestock or poultry. As used in this subdivision, the term "pesticides" includes adjuvants such as crop oils, surfactants, wetting agents and other assorted pesticide carriers used to improve or enhance the effect of a pesticide and the foam used to mark the application of pesticides and herbicides for the production of crops, livestock or poultry. As used in this subdivision, the term "farm machinery and equipment" means new or used farm tractors and such other new or used farm machinery and equipment and repair or replacement parts thereon, and supplies and lubricants used exclusively, solely, and directly for producing crops, raising and feeding livestock, fish, poultry, pheasants, chukar, quail, or for producing milk for ultimate sale at retail and one-half of each purchaser's purchase of diesel fuel therefor which is:
 - (a) Used exclusively for agricultural purposes;
 - (b) Used on land owned or leased for the purpose of producing farm products; and
- (c) Used directly in producing farm products to be sold ultimately in processed form or otherwise at retail or in producing farm products to be fed to livestock or poultry to be sold ultimately in processed form at retail;
- (23) Except as otherwise provided in section 144.032, all sales of metered water service, electricity, electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home heating oil for domestic use and in any city not within a county, all sales of metered or unmetered water service for domestic use;

- (a) "Domestic use" means that portion of metered water service, electricity, electrical current, natural, artificial or propane gas, wood, coal or home heating oil, and in any city not within a county, metered or unmetered water service, which an individual occupant of a residential premises uses for nonbusiness, noncommercial or nonindustrial purposes. Utility service through a single or master meter for residential apartments or condominiums, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be deemed to be for domestic use. Each seller shall establish and maintain a system whereby individual purchases are determined as exempt or nonexempt;
- (b) Regulated utility sellers shall determine whether individual purchases are exempt or nonexempt based upon the seller's utility service rate classifications as contained in tariffs on file with and approved by the Missouri public service commission. Sales and purchases made pursuant to the rate classification "residential" and sales to and purchases made by or on behalf of the occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, shall be considered as sales made for domestic use and such sales shall be exempt from sales tax. Sellers shall charge sales tax upon the entire amount of purchases classified as nondomestic use. The seller's utility service rate classification and the provision of service thereunder shall be conclusive as to whether or not the utility must charge sales tax;
- (c) Each person making domestic use purchases of services or property and who uses any portion of the services or property so purchased for a nondomestic use shall, by the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, and without assessment, notice or demand, file a return and pay sales tax on that portion of nondomestic purchases. Each person making nondomestic purchases of services or property and who uses any portion of the services or property so purchased for domestic use, and each person making domestic purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments or condominiums through a single or master meter, including service for common areas and facilities and vacant units, under a nonresidential utility service rate classification may, between the first day of the first month and the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the year of purchase, apply for credit or refund to the director of revenue and the director shall give credit or make refund for taxes paid on the domestic use portion of the purchase. The person making such purchases on behalf of occupants of residential apartments or condominiums shall have standing to apply to the director of revenue for such credit or refund;
- (24) All sales of handicraft items made by the seller or the seller's spouse if the seller or the seller's spouse is at least sixty-five years of age, and if the total gross proceeds from such sales do not constitute a majority of the annual gross income of the seller;
- (25) Excise taxes, collected on sales at retail, imposed by Sections 4041, 4061, 4071, 4081, 4091, 4161, 4181, 4251, 4261 and 4271 of Title 26, United States Code. The director of revenue shall promulgate rules pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to eliminate all state and local sales taxes on such excise taxes;
- (26) Sales of fuel consumed or used in the operation of ships, barges, or waterborne vessels which are used primarily in or for the transportation of property or cargo, or the conveyance of persons for hire, on navigable rivers bordering on or located in part in this state, if such fuel is delivered by the seller to the purchaser's barge, ship, or waterborne vessel while it is afloat upon such river;
- (27) All sales made to an interstate compact agency created pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.430, RSMo, or sections 238.010 to 238.100, RSMo, in the exercise of the functions and activities of such agency as provided pursuant to the compact;
- (28) Computers, computer software and computer security systems purchased for use by architectural or engineering firms headquartered in this state. For the purposes of this subdivision, "headquartered in this state" means the office for the administrative management of at least four integrated facilities operated by the taxpayer is located in the state of Missouri:
- (29) All livestock sales when either the seller is engaged in the growing, producing or feeding of such livestock, or the seller is engaged in the business of buying and selling, bartering or leasing of such livestock;
- (30) All sales of barges which are to be used primarily in the transportation of property or cargo on interstate waterways;
- (31) Electrical energy or gas, whether natural, artificial or propane, which is ultimately consumed in connection with the manufacturing of cellular glass products;
- (32) Notwithstanding other provisions of law to the contrary, all sales of pesticides or herbicides used in the production of crops, aquaculture, livestock or poultry;
- (33) Tangible personal property purchased for use or consumption directly or exclusively in the research and development of prescription pharmaceuticals consumed by humans or animals;
 - (34) All sales of grain bins for storage of grain for resale;
- (35) All sales of feed which are developed for and used in the feeding of pets owned by a commercial breeder when such sales are made to a commercial breeder, as defined in section 273.325, RSMo, and licensed pursuant to sections 273.325 to 273.357, RSMo;

- (36) All purchases by a contractor on behalf of an entity located in another state, provided that the entity is authorized to issue a certificate of exemption for purchases to a contractor under the provisions of that state's laws. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "certificate of exemption" shall mean any document evidencing that the entity is exempt from sales and use taxes on purchases pursuant to the laws of the state in which the entity is located. Any contractor making purchases on behalf of such entity shall maintain a copy of the entity's exemption certificate as evidence of the exemption. If the exemption certificate issued by the exempt entity to the contractor is later determined by the director of revenue to be invalid for any reason and the contractor has accepted the certificate in good faith, neither the contractor or the exempt entity shall be liable for the payment of any taxes, interest and penalty due as the result of use of the invalid exemption certificate. Materials shall be exempt from all state and local sales and use taxes when purchased by a contractor for the purpose of fabricating tangible personal property which is used in fulfilling a contract for the purpose of constructing, repairing or remodeling facilities for the following:
- (a) An exempt entity located in this state, if the entity is one of those entities able to issue project exemption certificates in accordance with the provisions of section 144.062; or
- (b) An exempt entity located outside the state if the exempt entity is authorized to issue an exemption certificate to contractors in accordance with the provisions of that state's law and the applicable provisions of this section;
- (37) Tangible personal property purchased for use or consumption directly or exclusively in research or experimentation activities performed by life science companies and so certified as such by the director of the department of economic development or the director's designees; except that, the total amount of exemptions certified pursuant to this section shall not exceed one million three hundred thousand dollars in state and local taxes per fiscal year. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "life science companies" means companies whose primary research activities are in agriculture, pharmaceuticals, biomedical or food ingredients, and whose North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Codes fall under industry 541710 (biotech research or development laboratories), 621511 (medical laboratories) or 541940 (veterinary services). The exemption provided by this subdivision shall expire on June 30, 2003;
- (38) All sales or other transfers of tangible personal property to a lessor, who leases the property under a lease of one year or longer executed or in effect at the time of the sale or other transfer, to an interstate compact agency created pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.430, RSMo, or sections 238.010 to 238.100, RSMo."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 6

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 186, Page 37, Section 94.838, Line 12, by inserting immediately after said line the following:

"135.010. As used in sections 135.010 to 135.030 the following words and terms mean:

- (1) "Claimant", a person or persons claiming a credit under sections 135.010 to 135.030. If the persons are eligible to file a joint federal income tax return and reside at the same address at any time during the taxable year, then the credit may only be allowed if claimed on a combined Missouri income tax return or a combined claim return reporting their combined incomes and property taxes. A claimant shall not be allowed a property tax credit unless the claimant or spouse has attained the age of sixty-five on or before the last day of the calendar year and the claimant or spouse was a resident of Missouri for the entire year, or the claimant or spouse is a veteran of any branch of the armed forces of the United States or this state who became one hundred percent disabled as a result of such service, or the claimant or spouse is disabled as defined in subdivision (2) of this section, and such claimant or spouse provides proof of such disability in such form and manner, and at such times, as the director of revenue may require, or if the claimant has reached the age of sixty on or before the last day of the calendar year and such claimant received surviving spouse Social Security benefits during the calendar year and the claimant provides proof, as required by the director of revenue, that the claimant received surviving spouse Social Security benefits during the calendar year for which the credit will be claimed. A claimant shall not be allowed a property tax credit if the claimant filed a valid claim for a credit under section 137.106 in the year following the year for which the property tax credit is claimed. The residency requirement shall be deemed to have been fulfilled for the purpose of determining the eligibility of a surviving spouse for a property tax credit if a person of the age of sixty-five years or older who would have otherwise met the requirements for a property tax credit dies before the last day of the calendar year. The residency requirement shall also be deemed to have been fulfilled for the purpose of determining the eligibility of a claimant who would have otherwise met the requirements for a property tax credit but who dies before the last day of the calendar year;
- (2) "Disabled", the inability to engage in any substantial gainful activity by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted or can be

expected to last for a continuous period of not less than twelve months. A claimant shall not be required to be gainfully employed prior to such disability to qualify for a property tax credit;

- (3) "Gross rent", amount paid by a claimant to a landlord for the rental, at arm's length, of a homestead during the calendar year, exclusive of charges for health and personal care services and food furnished as part of the rental agreement, whether or not expressly set out in the rental agreement. If the director of revenue determines that the landlord and tenant have not dealt at arm's length, and that the gross rent is excessive, then he shall determine the gross rent based upon a reasonable amount of rent. Gross rent shall be deemed to be paid only if actually paid prior to the date a return is filed. The director of revenue may prescribe regulations requiring a return of information by a landlord receiving rent, certifying for a calendar year the amount of gross rent received from a tenant claiming a property tax credit and shall, by regulation, provide a method for certification by the claimant of the amount of gross rent paid for any calendar year for which a claim is made. The regulations authorized by this subdivision may require a landlord or a tenant or both to provide data relating to health and personal care services and to food. Neither a landlord nor a tenant may be required to provide data relating to utilities, furniture, home furnishings or appliances;
- (4) "Homestead", the dwelling in Missouri owned or rented by the claimant and not to exceed five acres of land surrounding it as is reasonably necessary for use of the dwelling as a home. It may consist of part of a multidwelling or multipurpose building and part of the land upon which it is built. "Owned" includes a vendee in possession under a land contract and one or more tenants by the entireties, joint tenants, or tenants in common and includes a claimant actually in possession if he was the immediate former owner of record, if a lineal descendant is presently the owner of record, and if the claimant actually pays all taxes upon the property. It may include a mobile home;
- (5) "Income", Missouri adjusted gross income as defined in section 143.121, RSMo, less two thousand dollars as an exemption for the claimant's spouse residing at the same address, and increased, where necessary, to reflect the following:
- (a) Social Security, railroad retirement, and veterans payments and benefits unless the claimant is a one hundred percent service-connected, disabled veteran or a spouse of a one hundred percent service-connected, disabled veteran. The one hundred percent service-connected disabled veteran shall not be required to list veterans payments and benefits;
 - (b) The total amount of all other public and private pensions and annuities;
- (c) Public relief, public assistance, and unemployment benefits received in cash, other than benefits received under this chapter;
 - (d) No deduction being allowed for losses not incurred in a trade or business;
 - (e) Interest on the obligations of the United States, any state, or any of their subdivisions and instrumentalities;
- (6) "Property taxes accrued", property taxes paid, exclusive of special assessments, penalties, interest, and charges for service levied on a claimant's homestead in any calendar year. Property taxes shall qualify for the credit only if actually paid prior to the date a return is filed. The director of revenue shall require a tax receipt or other proof of property tax payment. If a homestead is owned only partially by claimant, then "property taxes accrued" is that part of property taxes levied on the homestead which was actually paid by the claimant. For purposes of this subdivision, property taxes are "levied" when the tax roll is delivered to the director of revenue for collection. If a claimant owns a homestead part of the preceding calendar year and rents it or a different homestead for part of the same year, "property taxes accrued" means only taxes levied on the homestead both owned and occupied by the claimant, multiplied by the percentage of twelve months that such property was owned and occupied as the homestead of the claimant during the year. When a claimant owns and occupies two or more different homesteads in the same calendar year, property taxes accrued shall be the sum of taxes allocable to those several properties occupied by the claimant as a homestead for the year. If a homestead is an integral part of a larger unit such as a farm, or multipurpose or multidwelling building, property taxes accrued shall be that percentage of the total property taxes accrued as the value of the homestead is of the total value. For purposes of this subdivision "unit" refers to the parcel of property covered by a single tax statement of which the homestead is a part;
- (7) "Rent constituting property taxes accrued", twenty percent of the gross rent paid by a claimant and spouse in the calendar year.
 - 137.106. 1. This section may be known and may be cited as "The Missouri Homestead Preservation Act".
 - 2. As used in this section, the following terms shall mean:
 - (1) "Department", the department of revenue;
 - (2) "Director", the director of revenue;
 - (3) "Disabled", as such term is defined in section 135.010, RSMo;
- (4) "Eligible owner", any individual owner of property who is sixty-five years old or older as of January first of the tax year in which the individual is claiming the credit or who is disabled, and who had an income of equal to or

less than the maximum upper limit in the year prior to completing an application pursuant to subsection 4 of this section; in the case of a married couple owning property either jointly or as tenants by the entirety, or where only one spouse owns the property, such couple shall be considered an eligible taxpayer if both spouses have reached the age of sixty-five or if one spouse is disabled, or if one spouse is at least sixty-five years old and the other spouse is at least sixty years old, and the combined income of the couple in the year prior to completing an application pursuant to subsection 4 of this section did not exceed the maximum upper limit; in the case of property held in trust, the eligible owner and recipient of the tax credit shall be the trust itself provided the previous owner of the homestead or the previous owner's spouse: is the settlor of the trust with respect to the homestead; currently resides in such homestead; and but for the transfer of such property would have satisfied the age, ownership, and maximum upper limit requirements for income as defined in subdivisions 7 and 8 of this subsection; no individual shall be an eligible owner if the individual has not paid their property tax liability, if any, in full by the payment due date in any of the three prior tax years, except that a late payment of a property tax liability in any prior year, [not including the year in which the application was completed,] shall not disqualify a potential eligible owner if such owner paid in full the tax liability and any and all penalties, additions and interest that arose as a result of such late payment; no individual shall be an eligible owner if such person [qualifies] filed a valid claim for the senior citizens property tax relief credit pursuant to sections 135.010 to 135.035, RSMo;

- (5) "Homestead", as such term is defined pursuant to section 135.010, RSMo, except as limited by provisions of this section to the contrary. No property shall be considered a homestead if such property was improved since the most recent annual assessment by more than five percent of the prior year appraised value, except where an eligible owner of the property has made such improvements to accommodate a disabled person;
- (6) "Homestead exemption limit", a percentage increase, rounded to the nearest hundredth of a percent, which shall be equal to the percentage increase to tax liability, not including improvements, of a homestead from one tax year to the next that exceeds a certain percentage set pursuant to subsection [8] 10 of this section. For applications filed in 2005 or 2006, the homestead exemption limit shall be based on the increase to tax liability from 2004 to 2005. For applications filed between April 1, 2005 and September 30, 2006, an eligible owner, who otherwise satisfied the requirements of this section, shall not apply for the homestead exemption credit more than once during such period. For applications filed after 2006, the homestead exemption limit shall be based on the increase to tax liability from two years prior to application to the year immediately prior to application;
- (7) "Income", federal adjusted gross income, and in the case of ownership of the homestead by trust, the income of the settlor applicant shall be imputed to the income of the trust for purposes of determining eligibility with regards to the maximum upper limit;
- (8) "Maximum upper limit", in the calendar year 2005, the income sum of seventy thousand dollars; in each successive calendar year this amount shall be raised by the incremental increase in the general price level, as defined pursuant to article X, section 17 of the Missouri Constitution.
- 3. Pursuant to article X, section 6(a) of the Constitution of Missouri, if in the prior tax year, the property tax liability on any parcel of subclass (1) real property increased by more than the homestead exemption limit, without regard for any prior credit received due to the provisions of this section, then any eligible owner of the property shall receive a homestead exemption credit to be applied in the current tax year property tax liability to offset the prior year increase to tax liability that exceeds the homestead exemption limit, except as eligibility for the credit is limited by the provisions of this section. The amount of the credit shall be listed separately on each taxpayer's tax bill for the current tax year, or on a document enclosed with the taxpayer's bill. The homestead exemption credit shall not affect the process of setting the tax rate as required pursuant to article X, section 22 of the Constitution of Missouri and section 137.073 in any prior, current, or subsequent tax year.
- 4. **If application is made in 2005,** any potential eligible owner may apply for the homestead exemption credit by completing an application through their local assessor's office. Applications may be completed between April first and September thirtieth of any tax year in order for the taxpayer to be eligible for the homestead exemption credit in the tax year next following the calendar year in which the homestead exemption credit application was completed. The application shall be on forms provided to the assessor's office by the department. Forms also shall be made available on the department's Internet site and at all permanent branch offices and all full-time, temporary, or fee offices maintained by the department of revenue. The applicant shall attest under penalty of perjury:
 - (1) To the applicant's age;
 - (2) That the applicant's prior year income was less than the maximum upper limit;
 - (3) To the address of the homestead property; and
- (4) That any improvements made to the homestead, **not made to accommodate a disabled person**, did not total more than five percent of the prior year appraised value.

The applicant shall also include with the application copies of receipts indicating payment of property tax by the applicant for the homestead property for the two prior tax years.

- 5. **If application is made in 2005,** the assessor, upon [receiving] **request for** an application, shall:
- (1) Certify the parcel number and owner of record as of January first of the homestead, including verification of the acreage classified as residential on the assessor's property record card;
- (2) Obtain appropriate prior tax year levy codes for each homestead from the county clerks **for inclusion on the form**:
- (3) Record on the application the assessed valuation of the homestead for the current tax year, and any new construction or improvements for the current tax year; and
 - (4) Sign the application, certifying the accuracy of the assessor's entries.
- 6. If application is made after 2005, any potential eligible owner may apply for the homestead exemption credit by completing an application. Applications may be completed between April 1 and September 30 of any tax year in order for the taxpayer to be eligible for the homestead exemption credit in the tax year next following the calendar year in which the homestead exemption credit application was completed. The application shall be on forms provided by the department. Forms also shall be made available on the department's internet site and at all permanent branch offices and all full-time, temporary, or fee offices maintained by the department of revenue. The applicant shall attest under penalty of perjury:
 - (1) To the applicant's age;
 - (2) That the applicant's prior year income was less than the maximum upper limit;
 - (3) To the address of the homestead property;
- (4) That any improvements made to the homestead, not made to accommodate a disabled person, did not total more than five percent of the prior year appraised value; and
- (5) The applicant shall also include with the application copies of receipts indicating payment of property tax by the applicant for the homestead property for the three prior tax years.
- 7. Each applicant shall send the application to the department by September thirtieth of each year for the taxpayer to be eligible for the homestead exemption credit in the tax year next following the calendar year in which the application was completed.
- [7.] **8.** If application is made in 2005, upon receipt of the applications, the department shall calculate the tax liability, adjusted to exclude new construction or improvements verify compliance with the maximum income limit, verify the age of the applicants, and make adjustments to these numbers as necessary on the applications. The department also shall disallow any application where the applicant has also filed a valid application for the senior citizens property tax credit, pursuant to sections 135.010 to 135.035, RSMo. Once adjusted tax liability, age, and income are verified, the director shall determine eligibility for the credit, and provide a list of all verified eligible owners to the county collectors or county clerks in counties with a township form of government by December fifteenth of each year. By January fifteenth, the county collectors or county clerks in counties with a township form of government shall provide a list to the department of any verified eligible owners who failed to pay the property tax due for the tax year that ended immediately prior. Such eligible owners shall be disqualified from receiving the credit in the current tax year.
- [8.] 9. If application is made after 2005, upon receipt of the applications, the department shall calculate the tax liability, verify compliance with the maximum income limit, verify the age of the applicants, and make adjustments to these numbers as necessary on the applications. The department also shall disallow any application where the applicant also has filed a valid application for the senior citizens property tax credit under sections 135.010 to 135.035, RSMo. Once adjusted tax liability, age, and income is verified, the director shall determine eligibility for the credit and provide a list of all verified eligible owners to the county assessors or county clerks in counties with a township form of government by December fifteenth of each year. By January fifteenth, the county assessors shall provide a list to the department of any verified eligible owners who made improvements not for accommodation of a disability to the homestead and the dollar amount of the assessed value of such improvements. If the dollar amount of the assessed value of such improvements totaled more than five percent of the prior year appraised value, such eligible owners shall be disqualified from receiving the credit in the current tax year.
- 10. The director shall calculate the level of appropriation necessary to set the homestead exemption limit at five percent when based on a year of general reassessment or at two and one-half percent when based on a year without general reassessment for the homesteads of all verified eligible owners, and provide such calculation to the speaker of the house of representatives, the president pro tempore of the senate, and the director of the office of budget and planning in the office of administration by January thirty-first of each year.
- [9.] 11. [If, in any given year,] For applications made in 2005, the general assembly shall make an appropriation for the funding of the homestead exemption credit that is signed by the governor, then the director shall,

by July thirty-first of such year, set the homestead exemption limit. The limit shall be a single, statewide percentage increase to tax liability, rounded to the nearest hundredth of a percent, which, if applied to all homesteads of verified eligible owners who applied for the homestead exemption credit in the immediately prior tax year, would cause all but one-quarter of one percent of the amount of the appropriation, minus any withholding by the governor, to be distributed during that fiscal year. The remaining one-quarter of one percent shall be distributed to the county assessment funds of each county on a proportional basis, based on the number of eligible owners in each county; such one-quarter percent distribution shall be delineated in any such appropriation as a separate line item in the total appropriation. If no appropriation is made by the general assembly during any tax year or no funds are actually distributed pursuant to any appropriation therefor, then no homestead preservation credit shall apply in such year.

[10.] 12. After setting the homestead exemption limit for applications made in 2005, the director shall apply the limit to the homestead of each verified eligible owner and calculate the credit to be associated with each verified eligible owner's homestead, if any. The director shall send a list of those eligible owners who are to receive the homestead exemption credit, including the amount of each credit, the certified parcel number of the homestead, and the address of the homestead property, to the county collectors or county clerks in counties with a township form of government by August thirty-first. Pursuant to such calculation, the director shall instruct the state treasurer as to how to distribute the appropriation and assessment fund allocation to the county collector's funds of each county or the treasurer ex officio collector's fund in counties with a township form of government where recipients of the homestead exemption credit are located, so as to exactly offset each homestead exemption credit being issued, plus the one-quarter of one percent distribution for the county assessment funds. As a result of the appropriation, in no case shall a political subdivision receive more money than it would have received absent the provisions of this section plus the one-quarter of one percent distribution for the county assessment funds. Funds, at the direction of the county collector or the treasurer ex officio collector in counties with a township form of government, shall be deposited in the county collector's fund of a county or the treasurer ex officio collector's fund or may be sent by mail to the collector of a county, or the treasurer ex officio collector in counties with a township form of government, not later than October first in any year a homestead exemption credit is appropriated as a result of this section and shall be distributed as moneys in such funds are commonly distributed from other property tax revenues by the collector of the county or the treasurer ex officio collector of the county in counties with a township form of government, so as to exactly offset each homestead exemption credit being issued. In counties with a township form of government, the county clerk shall provide the treasurer ex officio collector a summary of the homestead exemption credit for each township for the purpose of distributing the total homestead exemption credit to each township collector in a particular county.

[11.] 13. If, in any given year after 2005, the general assembly shall make an appropriation for the funding of the homestead exemption credit that is signed by the governor, then the director shall, by July thirty-first of such year, set the homestead exemption limit. The limit shall be a single, statewide percentage increase to tax liability, rounded to the nearest hundredth of a percent, which, if applied to all homesteads of verified eligible owners who applied for the homestead exemption credit in the immediately prior tax year, would cause all of the amount of the appropriation, minus any withholding by the governor, to be distributed during that fiscal year. If no appropriation is made by the general assembly during any tax year or no funds are actually distributed pursuant to any appropriation therefor, then no homestead preservation credit shall apply in such year.

14. After setting the homestead exemption limit for applications made after 2005, the director shall apply the limit to the homestead of each verified eligible owner and calculate the credit to be associated with each verified eligible owner's homestead, if any. The director shall send a list of those eligible owners who are to receive the homestead exemption credit, including the amount of each credit, the certified parcel number of the homestead, and the address of the homestead property, to the county collectors or county clerks in counties with a township form of government by August thirty-first. Pursuant to such calculation, the director shall instruct the state treasurer as to how to distribute the appropriation to the county collector's fund of each county where recipients of the homestead exemption credit are located, so as to exactly offset each homestead exemption credit being issued. As a result of the appropriation, in no case shall a political subdivision receive more money than it would have received absent the provisions of this section. Funds, at the direction of the collector of the county or treasurer ex-officio collector in counties with a township form of government, shall be deposited in the county collector's fund of a county or may be sent by mail to the collector of a county, or treasurer ex officio collector in counties with a township form of government, not later than October first in any year a homestead exemption credit is appropriated as a result of this section and shall be distributed as moneys in such funds are commonly distributed from other property tax revenues by the collector of the county or the treasurer ex officio collector

of the county in counties with a township form of government, so as to exactly offset each homestead exemption credit being issued.

- 15. The department shall promulgate rules for implementation of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2004, shall be invalid and void. Any rule promulgated by the department shall in no way impact, affect, interrupt, or interfere with the performance of the required statutory duties of any county elected official, more particularly including the county collector when performing such duties as deemed necessary for the distribution of any homestead appropriation and the distribution of all other real and personal property taxes.
- [12.] 16. In the event that an eligible owner dies or transfers ownership of the property after the homestead exemption limit has been set in any given year, but prior to [the mailing of the tax bill] January first of the year in which the credit would otherwise be applied, the credit shall be void and any corresponding moneys, pursuant to subsection 10 of this section, shall lapse to the state to be credited to the general revenue fund. In the event the collector of the county or the treasurer ex officio collector of the county in counties with a township form of government determines prior to issuing the credit that the individual is not an eligible owner because the individual did not pay the prior three years' property tax liability in full, the credit shall be void and any corresponding moneys, under subsection 11 of this section, shall lapse to the state to be credited to the general revenue fund.
- [13.] **17.** This section shall apply to all tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005. This subsection shall become effective June 28, 2004.
- [14.] **18.** In accordance with the provisions of sections 23.250 to 23.298, RSMo, and unless otherwise authorized pursuant to section 23.253, RSMo:
- (1) Any new program authorized under the provisions of this section shall automatically sunset six years after the effective date of this section; and
- (2) This section shall terminate on September first of the year following the year in which any new program authorized under this section is sunset, and the revisor of statutes shall designate such sections and this section in a revision bill for repeal."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 7

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 186, Page 40, Section 67.1934, Line 27 of said page, by inserting after all of said line the following:

"67.1956. 1. In each tourism community enhancement district established pursuant to section 67.1953, there shall be a board of directors, to [initially] consist of [not less than five] seven members. [One member] Three members shall be selected by the governing body of the city, town or village, [with the largest population, at the inception of the district, within the district. One member] located within the district that collected the largest amount of retail sales tax within the district in the year preceding the establishment of the district. Two members shall be selected by the governing body of the city, town or village, [with the second largest population, at the inception of the district, within the district located within the district that collected the second largest amount of retail sales tax within the district in the year preceding the establishment of the district, if such a city, town or village exists in the district. If no such city, town or village exists in the district then [one member] two additional members shall be selected by [the board of directors of the district from the unincorporated area of such district. Two members] the governing body of the city, town, or village located within the district that collected the largest amount of retail sales tax within the district in the year preceding the establishment of the district. One member shall be selected by the [largest convention and visitor's bureau or similar organization, at the inception of the district, within] governing body of the county located within the district that collected the largest amount of retail sales tax within the district in the year preceding the establishment of the district. One member shall be selected by the [destination marketing organization of the second largest county, city, town or village, at the inception of the district, within] governing body of the county located within the district that collected the second largest amount of retail sales tax within the district in the year preceding the establishment of the district.

- 2. Of the members first selected, the [two] three members from the city, town or village located within the district that collected the largest amount of retail sales tax within the district in the year preceding the establishment of the district shall be selected for a term of three years, the two members from the [convention and visitor's bureau] the city, town, or village located within the district that collected the second largest amount of retail sales tax within the district in the year preceding the establishment of the district shall be selected for a term of two years, and the [member from the destination marketing organization of the second largest city] the remaining members shall be selected for a term of one year. Thereafter, each member selected shall serve a three-year term. Every member shall be either a resident of the district, own real property within the district, be employed by a business within the district, or operate a business within the district. All members shall serve without compensation. [Any vacancy within the board shall be filled in the same manner as the person who vacated the position was selected, with the new person serving the remainder of the term of the person who vacated the position.] The board shall elect its own treasurer, secretary and such other officers as it deems necessary and expedient, and it may make such rules, regulations, and bylaws to carry out its duties pursuant to sections 67.1950 to 67.1977.
- [2. Any time a district is expanded by either an unincorporated or incorporated area, the board shall be expanded by two members. One member shall be appointed by the governing body of the incorporated area added to the district or by the board of directors of the district for the unincorporated area added to the district and one member shall be appointed by the governing body of the city, town or village with the largest population at the inception of the district for the first expansion and every odd-numbered expansion thereafter, or by the convention and visitor's bureau or similar entity of the largest city, town or village, at the inception of the district, for the second expansion and every even-numbered expansion thereafter.]
- 3. Any vacancy within the board shall be filled in the same manner as the person who vacated the position was selected within sixty days of the vacancy occurring, with the new person serving the remainder of the term of the person who vacated the position. In the event that a person is not so selected within sixty days of the vacancy occurring, the remaining members of the board shall select a person to serve the remainder of the term of the person who vacated the position.
- 4. If a tourism community enhancement district is already in existence on August 28, 2005, the one additional board member shall be appointed by the governing body of the city, town, or village located within the district that collected the largest amount of retail sales tax within the district in the year preceding the establishment of the district for a one year term and the other additional board member shall be appointed by the governing body of the county located within the district that collected the second largest amount of retail sales tax within the district in the year preceding the establishment of the district for a two year term, thereafter all board members shall serve three year terms. The existing board members shall serve out their terms with the provisions of this section controlling the appointment of successor board members, with first and second board existing positions to expire to be appointed by the governing body of the city, town, or village located within the district that collected the largest amount of retail sales tax within the district in the year preceding the establishment of the district, the third and fourth existing board positions to expire to be appointed by the governing body of the city, town, or village located within the district that collected the second largest amount of retail sales tax within the district in the year preceding the establishment of the district and the fifth existing board position to expire to be appointed by the governing body of the county located within the district that collected the largest amount of retail sales tax within the district in the year preceding the establishment of the district.
 - [3.] **5.** The board, on behalf of the district, may:
- (1) Cooperate with public agencies and with any industry or business located within the district in the implementation of any project;
- (2) Enter into any agreement with any public agency, person, firm, or corporation to implement any of the provisions of sections 67.1950 to 67.1977;
 - (3) Contract and be contracted with, and sue and be sued; and
- (4) Accept gifts, grants, loans, or contributions from the United States of America, the state, any political subdivision, foundation, other public or private agency, individual, partnership or corporation on behalf of the tourism enhancement district community.
- 67.1959. 1. The board, by a majority vote, may submit to the residents of such district a tax of not more than one percent on all retail sales, except **sales of food as defined in section 144.014**, sales of new or used motor vehicles, trailers, boats, or other outboard motors and sales of funeral services, made within the district which are subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo. Upon the written request of the board to the election authority of the county in which a majority of the area of the district is situated, such election authority shall

submit a proposition to the residents of such district at a municipal or statewide primary or general election, or at a special election called for that purpose. Such election authority shall give legal notice as provided in chapter 115, RSMo.

2. Such proposition shall be submitted to the voters of the district in substantially the following form at such election:

□ Yes □ No

If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "Yes". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" in the box opposite "No".

If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified voters of the proposed district voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the order shall become effective on the first day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue receives notice of adoption of the tax. If the proposal receives less than the required majority, then the board shall have no power to impose the sales tax authorized pursuant to this section unless and until the board shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize the board to impose the sales tax authorized by this section and such proposal is approved by the required majority of the qualified voters of the district.

- 67.1968. Expenditures may be made from the tourism community enhancement district sales tax trust fund or moneys collected pursuant to section 67.1965 for any purposes authorized pursuant to subsection 1 of section 67.1959, provided as follows:
- (1) [Ten percent of the revenues shall be used for education purposes. The board shall transmit those revenues to the school district or districts within the district, on a basis of revenue collected within each school district. These revenues shall not be used in any manner with respect to the calculation of the state school aid pursuant to chapter 163, RSMo;
- (2) Ten percent of the revenues collected from the tax authorized by this section shall be used by the board for senior citizen or youth or community enhancement purposes within the district. The board shall distribute these revenues to the cities, towns and villages based upon the amount of sales tax collected within each city, town or village and the portion of the revenues not attributable to any city, town or village shall be distributed at the discretion of the board;
- (3) Seventy-five percent of the revenues shall be used by the board for marketing, advertising and promotion of tourism. The district shall enter into an agreement with a not-for-profit organization providing local support services, including but not limited to visitor's centers, to conduct and administer public relations, sales and marketing of tourism on behalf of the district to enhance the economic health of the district. Such marketing, advertising and promotional activities shall be developed into a comprehensive marketing plan, for the benefit of the district;
- (4) Two percent of the revenues shall be distributed among each destination marketing organization located within each school district or districts within the district based upon the amount of sales tax collected within each school district:
- (5) Two percent of the revenues shall be transmitted to the not-for-profit organization conducting and administering the marketing plan within the district for purposes of administering the marketing plan] One percent of the revenues collected from the tax authorized by this section may be held in reserve and used by the board for the reimbursement of or for lawful and reasonable administrative expenses involved with the board's fulfillment of their statutory duties including, but not limited to, insurance, election costs, legal, accounting, and audit fees, administrative services and travel. If such reasonable expenses, plus a reasonable reserve, exceeds the revenues provided in this subsection, then the additional revenues necessary for such reasonable expenses shall come from the revenues provided in subsection 2 of this section. If such reasonable expenses, plus a reasonable reserve, do not exceed the revenues provided in this subsection, the board may use the excess funds in the same manner as the revenues provided in subsection 2 of this section.
- (2) Ninety-eight percent of the revenues collected from the tax authorized by this section shall be used by the board for marketing, advertising, and promotion of tourism, the administration thereof, and a reasonable reserve. The district shall enter into an agreement with an organization or organizations to conduct and administer functions such as public relations, sales and marketing of tourism on behalf of the district to enhance the economic health of the district. Such marketing, advertising, and promotional activities shall be developed into a comprehensive marketing plan, for the benefit of the district. Up to two percent of the revenues in this subsection, at the sole discretion of the board, may be distributed among each destination marketing organization, located within each school district, for marketing based upon a marketing plan which shall be submitted each year

by the destination marketing organizations located within the district, if such marketing plan is approved by the board;

- (3) One percent of the revenues collected from the tax authorized by this section may be retained by the Missouri department of revenue or any other entity responsible for the collection of the sales tax.
- 67.1979. Members of the board of directors may be removed by [two-thirds] **a majority** vote of the appointing governing body."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 8

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 186, Page 37, Section 94.838, Line 12 of said page, by inserting immediately after said line the following:

- "100.050. 1. Any municipality proposing to carry out a project for industrial development shall first, by majority vote of the governing body of the municipality, approve the plan for the project. The plan shall include the following information pertaining to the proposed project:
 - (1) A description of the project;
 - (2) An estimate of the cost of the project;
 - (3) A statement of the source of funds to be expended for the project;
- (4) A statement of the terms upon which the facilities to be provided by the project are to be leased or otherwise disposed of by the municipality; and
 - (5) Such other information necessary to meet the requirements of sections 100.010 to 100.200.
- 2. If the plan for the project is approved after August 28, 2003, and the project plan involves issuance of revenue bonds or involves conveyance of a fee interest in property to a municipality, the project plan shall additionally include the following information:
- (1) A statement identifying each school district, **junior college district**, county, or city affected by such project except property assessed by the state tax commission pursuant to chapters 151 and 153, RSMo;
- (2) The most recent equalized assessed valuation of the real property and personal property included in the project, and an estimate as to the equalized assessed valuation of real property and personal property included in the project after development;
- (3) An analysis of the costs and benefits of the project on each school district, **junior college district**, county, or city; and
- (4) Identification of any payments in lieu of taxes expected to be made by any lessee of the project, and the disposition of any such payments by the municipality.
- 3. If the plan for the project is approved after August 28, 2003, any payments in lieu of taxes expected to be made by any lessee of the project shall be applied in accordance with this section. The lessee may reimburse the municipality for its actual costs of issuing the bonds and administering the plan. All amounts paid in excess of such actual costs shall, immediately upon receipt thereof, be disbursed by the municipality's treasurer or other financial officer to each school district, junior college district, county, or city in proportion to the current ad valorem tax levy of each school district, junior college district, county, or city; however, in any county of the first classification with more than ninety-three thousand eight hundred but fewer than ninety-three thousand nine hundred inhabitants, if the plan for the project is approved after May 15, 2005, such amounts shall be disbursed by the municipality's treasurer or other financial officer to each affected taxing entity in proportion to the current ad valorem tax levy of each affected taxing entity.
- 100.059. 1. The governing body of any municipality proposing a project for industrial development which involves issuance of revenue bonds or involves conveyance of a fee interest in property to a municipality shall, not less than twenty days before approving the plan for a project as required by section 100.050, provide notice of the proposed project to the county in which the municipality is located and any school district that is a school district, **junior college district**, county, or city; **however**, in any county of the first classification with more than ninety-three thousand eight hundred but fewer than ninety-three thousand nine hundred inhabitants, if the plan for the project is approved after May 15, 2005, such notice shall be provided to all taxing affected entities in the county. Such notice shall include the information required in section 100.050, shall state the date on which the governing body of the

municipality will first consider approval of the plan, and shall invite such school districts, counties, or cities to submit comments to the governing body and the comments shall be fairly and duly considered.

- 2. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section to the contrary, for purposes of determining the limitation on indebtedness of local government pursuant to section 26(b), article VI, Constitution of Missouri, the current equalized assessed value of the property in an area selected for redevelopment attributable to the increase above the total initial equalized assessed valuation shall be included in the value of taxable tangible property as shown on the last completed assessment for state or county purposes.
- 3. The county assessor shall include the current assessed value of all property within the school district, county, or city in the aggregate valuation of assessed property entered upon the assessor's book and verified pursuant to section 137.245, RSMo, and such value shall be utilized for the purpose of the debt limitation on local government pursuant to section 26(b), article VI, Constitution of Missouri.
 - 4. This section is applicable only if the plan for the project is approved after August 28, 2003."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 9

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 186, Page 37, Section 94.838, Line 12 of said page, by inserting immediately after said line the following:

- "137.100. The following subjects are exempt from taxation for state, county or local purposes:
- (1) Lands and other property belonging to this state;
- (2) Lands and other property belonging to any city, county or other political subdivision in this state, including market houses, town halls and other public structures, with their furniture and equipments, and on public squares and lots kept open for health, use or ornament;
 - (3) Nonprofit cemeteries;
- (4) The real estate and tangible personal property which is used exclusively for agricultural or horticultural societies organized in this state, including not-for-profit agribusiness associations;
- (5) All property, real and personal, actually and regularly used exclusively for religious worship, for schools and colleges, or for purposes purely charitable and not held for private or corporate profit, except that the exemption herein granted does not include real property not actually used or occupied for the purpose of the organization but held or used as investment even though the income or rentals received therefrom is used wholly for religious, educational or charitable purposes;
- (6) Household goods, furniture, wearing apparel and articles of personal use and adornment, as defined by the state tax commission, owned and used by a person in his home or dwelling place;
- (7) Motor vehicles leased for a period of at least one year to this state or to any city, county, or political subdivision or to any religious, educational, or charitable organization which has obtained an exemption from the payment of federal income taxes, provided the motor vehicles are used exclusively for religious, educational, or charitable purposes; and
- (8) Real or personal property leased or otherwise transferred by an interstate compact agency created pursuant to sections 70.370 to 70.430, RSMo, or sections 238.010 to 238.100, RSMo, to another for which or whom such property is not exempt when immediately after the lease or transfer, the interstate compact agency enters into a leaseback or other agreement that directly or indirectly gives such interstate compact agency a right to use, control, and possess the property; provided, however, that in the event of a conveyance of such property, the interstate compact agency must retain an option to purchase the property at a future date or, within the limitations period for reverters, the property must revert back to the interstate compact agency. Property will no longer be exempt under this subdivision in the event of a conveyance as of the date, if any, when:
 - (a) The right of the interstate compact agency to use, control, and possess the property is terminated;
 - (b) The interstate compact agency no longer has an option to purchase or otherwise acquire the property; and
 - (c) There are no provisions for reverter of the property within the limitation period for reverters."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 10

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 186, Page 37, Section 94.838, Line 12, by inserting immediately after said line the following:

- "137.073. 1. As used in this section, the following terms mean:
- (1) "General reassessment", changes in value, entered in the assessor's books, of a substantial portion of the parcels of real property within a county resulting wholly or partly from reappraisal of value or other actions of the assessor or county equalization body or ordered by the state tax commission or any court;
- (2) "Tax rate", "rate", or "rate of levy", singular or plural, includes the tax rate for each purpose of taxation of property a taxing authority is authorized to levy without a vote and any tax rate authorized by election, including bond interest and sinking fund;
- (3) "Tax rate ceiling", a tax rate as revised by the taxing authority to comply with the provisions of this section or when a court has determined the tax rate; except that, other provisions of law to the contrary notwithstanding, a school district may levy the operating levy for school purposes required for the current year pursuant to subsection 2 of section 163.021, RSMo, less all adjustments required pursuant to article X, section 22 of the Missouri Constitution, if such tax rate does not exceed the highest tax rate in effect subsequent to the 1980 tax year. This is the maximum tax rate that may be levied, unless a higher tax rate ceiling is approved by voters of the political subdivision as provided in this section;
- (4) "Tax revenue", when referring to the previous year, means the actual receipts from ad valorem levies on all classes of property, including state-assessed property, in the immediately preceding fiscal year of the political subdivision, plus an allowance for taxes billed but not collected in the fiscal year and plus an additional allowance for the revenue which would have been collected from property which was annexed by such political subdivision but which was not previously used in determining tax revenue pursuant to this section. The term "tax revenue" shall not include any receipts from ad valorem levies on any property of a railroad corporation or a public utility, as these terms are defined in section 386.020, RSMo, which were assessed by the assessor of a county or city in the previous year but are assessed by the state tax commission in the current year. All school districts and those counties levying sales taxes pursuant to chapter 67, RSMo, shall include in the calculation of tax revenue an amount equivalent to that by which they reduced property tax levies as a result of sales tax pursuant to section 67.505, RSMo, and section 164.013, RSMo, or as excess home dock city or county fees as provided in subsection 4 of section 313.820, RSMo, in the immediately preceding fiscal year but not including any amount calculated to adjust for prior years. For purposes of political subdivisions which were authorized to levy a tax in the prior year but which did not levy such tax or levied a reduced rate, the term "tax revenue", as used in relation to the revision of tax levies mandated by law, shall mean the revenues equal to the amount that would have been available if the voluntary rate reduction had not been made.
- 2. Whenever changes in assessed valuation are entered in the assessor's books for any personal property, in the aggregate, or for any subclass of real property as such subclasses are established in section 4(b) of article X of the Missouri Constitution and defined in section 137.016, the county clerk in all counties and the assessor of St. Louis City shall notify each political subdivision wholly or partially within the county or St. Louis City of the change in valuation of each subclass of real property, individually, and personal property, in the aggregate, exclusive of new construction and improvements. All political subdivisions shall immediately revise the applicable rates of levy for each purpose for each subclass of real property, individually, and personal property, in the aggregate, for which taxes are levied to the extent necessary to produce from all taxable property, exclusive of new construction and improvements, substantially the same amount of tax revenue as was produced in the previous year for each subclass of real property, individually, and personal property, in the aggregate, except that the rate may not exceed the greater of the rate in effect in the 1984 tax year or the most recent voter-approved rate. Such tax revenue shall not include any receipts from ad valorem levies on any real property which was assessed by the assessor of a county or city in such previous year but is assessed by the assessor of a county or city in the current year in a different subclass of real property. Where the taxing authority is a school district for the purposes of revising the applicable rates of levy for each subclass of real property, the tax revenues from state-assessed railroad and utility property shall be apportioned and attributed to each subclass of real property based on the percentage of the total assessed valuation of the county that each subclass of real property represents in the current taxable year. As provided in section 22 of article X of the constitution, a political subdivision may also revise each levy to allow for inflationary assessment growth occurring within the political subdivision. The inflationary growth factor for any such subclass of real property or personal property shall be limited to the actual assessment growth in such subclass or class, exclusive of new construction and improvements, and exclusive of the assessed value on any real property which was assessed by the assessor of a county or city in the current year in a different subclass of real property, but not to exceed the consumer price index or five percent, whichever is lower. Should the tax revenue of a political subdivision from the various tax rates determined in this subsection be different than the tax revenue that would have

been determined from a single tax rate as calculated pursuant to the method of calculation in this subsection prior to January 1, 2003, then the political subdivision shall revise the tax rates of those subclasses of real property, individually, and/or personal property, in the aggregate, in which there is a tax rate reduction, pursuant to the provisions of this subsection. Such revision shall yield an amount equal to such difference and shall be apportioned among such subclasses of real property, individually, and/or personal property, in the aggregate, based on the relative assessed valuation of the class or subclasses of property experiencing a tax rate reduction. Such revision in the tax rates of each class or subclass shall be made by computing the percentage of current year adjusted assessed valuation of each class or subclass with a tax rate reduction to the total current year adjusted assessed valuation of the class or subclasses with a tax rate reduction, multiplying the resulting percentages by the revenue difference between the single rate calculation and the calculations pursuant to this subsection and dividing by the respective adjusted current year assessed valuation of each class or subclass to determine the adjustment to the rate to be levied upon each class or subclass of property. The adjustment computed herein shall be multiplied by one hundred, rounded to four decimals in the manner provided in this subsection, and added to the initial rate computed for each class or subclass of property. Notwithstanding any provision of this subsection to the contrary, no revision to the rate of levy for personal property shall cause such levy to increase over the levy for personal property from the prior year.

- 3. (1) Where the taxing authority is a school district, it shall be required to revise the rates of levy to the extent necessary to produce from all taxable property, including state-assessed railroad and utility property, which shall be separately estimated in addition to other data required in complying with section 164.011, RSMo, substantially the amount of tax revenue permitted in this section. In the year following tax rate reduction, the tax rate ceiling may be adjusted to offset such district's reduction in the apportionment of state school moneys due to its reduced tax rate. However, in the event any school district, in calculating a tax rate ceiling pursuant to this section, requiring the estimating of effects of state-assessed railroad and utility valuation or loss of state aid, discovers that the estimates used result in receipt of excess revenues, which would have required a lower rate if the actual information had been known, the school district shall reduce the tax rate ceiling in the following year to compensate for the excess receipts, and the recalculated rate shall become the tax rate ceiling for purposes of this section.
- (2) For any political subdivision which experiences a reduction in the amount of assessed valuation relating to a prior year, due to decisions of the state tax commission or a court pursuant to sections 138.430 to 138.433, RSMo, or due to clerical errors or corrections in the calculation or recordation of any assessed valuation:
- (a) Such political subdivision may revise the tax rate ceiling for each purpose it levies taxes to compensate for the reduction in assessed value occurring after the political subdivision calculated the tax rate ceiling for the particular subclass of real property or for personal property, in the aggregate, in the prior year. Such revision by the political subdivision shall be made at the time of the next calculation of the tax rate for the particular subclass of real property or for personal property, in the aggregate, after the reduction in assessed valuation has been determined and shall be calculated in a manner that results in the revised tax rate ceiling being the same as it would have been had the corrected or finalized assessment been available at the time of the prior calculation;
- (b) In addition, for up to three years following the determination of the reduction in assessed valuation as a result of circumstances defined in this subdivision, such political subdivision may levy a tax rate for each purpose it levies taxes above the revised tax rate ceiling provided in paragraph (a) of this subdivision to recoup any revenues it was entitled to receive for the three-year period preceding such determination.
- 4. (1) In order to implement the provisions of this section and section 22 of article X of the Constitution of Missouri, the term "improvements" shall apply to both real and personal property. In order to determine the value of new construction and improvements, each county assessor shall maintain a record of real property valuations in such a manner as to identify each year the increase in valuation for each political subdivision in the county as a result of new construction and improvements. The value of new construction and improvements shall include the additional assessed value of all improvements or additions to real property which were begun after and were not part of the prior year's assessment, except that the additional assessed value of all improvements or additions to real property which had been totally or partially exempt from ad valorem taxes pursuant to sections 99.800 to 99.865, RSMo, sections 135.200 to 135.255, RSMo, and section 353.110, RSMo, shall be included in the value of new construction and improvements when the property becomes totally or partially subject to assessment and payment of all ad valorem taxes. The aggregate increase in valuation of personal property for the current year over that of the previous year is the equivalent of the new construction and improvements factor for personal property. Notwithstanding any opt-out implemented pursuant to subsection 15 of section 137.115, the assessor shall certify the amount of new construction and improvements and the amount of assessed value on any real property which was assessed by the assessor of a county or city in such previous year but is assessed by the assessor of a county or city in the current year in a different subclass of real property separately for each of the three subclasses of real property for each political subdivision to the county clerk in order that political subdivisions shall have this information for the purpose of calculating tax rates pursuant to this section and

section 22, article X, Constitution of Missouri. In addition, the state tax commission shall certify each year to each county clerk the increase in the general price level as measured by the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers for the United States, or its successor publications, as defined and officially reported by the United States Department of Labor, or its successor agency. The state tax commission shall certify the increase in such index on the latest twelve-month basis available on June first of each year over the immediately preceding prior twelve-month period in order that political subdivisions shall have this information available in setting their tax rates according to law and section 22 of article X of the Constitution of Missouri. For purposes of implementing the provisions of this section and section 22 of article X of the Missouri Constitution, the term "property" means all taxable property, including state assessed property.

- (2) Each political subdivision required to revise rates of levy pursuant to this section or section 22 of article X of the Constitution of Missouri shall calculate each tax rate it is authorized to levy and, in establishing each tax rate, shall consider each provision for tax rate revision provided in this section and section 22 of article X of the Constitution of Missouri, separately and without regard to annual tax rate reductions provided in section 67.505, RSMo, and section 164.013, RSMo. Each political subdivision shall set each tax rate it is authorized to levy using the calculation that produces the lowest tax rate ceiling. It is further the intent of the general assembly, pursuant to the authority of section 10(c) of article X of the Constitution of Missouri, that the provisions of such section be applicable to tax rate revisions mandated pursuant to section 22 of article X of the Constitution of Missouri as to reestablishing tax rates as revised in subsequent years, enforcement provisions, and other provisions not in conflict with section 22 of article X of the Constitution of Missouri. Annual tax rate reductions provided in section 67.505, RSMo, and section 164.013, RSMo, shall be applied to the tax rate as established pursuant to this section and section 22 of article X of the Constitution of Missouri, unless otherwise provided by law.
- 5. (1) In all political subdivisions, the tax rate ceiling established pursuant to this section shall not be increased unless approved by a vote of the people. Approval of the higher tax rate shall be by at least a majority of votes cast. When a proposed higher tax rate requires approval by more than a simple majority pursuant to any provision of law or the constitution, the tax rate increase must receive approval by at least the majority required.
- (2) When voters approve an increase in the tax rate, the amount of the increase shall be added to the tax rate ceiling as calculated pursuant to this section to the extent the total rate does not exceed any maximum rate prescribed by law. If a ballot question presents a stated tax rate for approval rather than describing the amount of increase in the question, the stated tax rate approved shall be the current tax rate ceiling. The increased tax rate ceiling as approved may be applied to the total assessed valuation of the political subdivision at the setting of the next tax rate.
- (3) The governing body of any political subdivision may levy a tax rate lower than its tax rate ceiling and may increase that lowered tax rate to a level not exceeding the tax rate ceiling without voter approval.
- 6. (1) For the purposes of calculating state aid for public schools pursuant to section 163.031, RSMo, each taxing authority which is a school district shall determine its proposed tax rate as a blended rate of the classes or subclasses of property. Such blended rate shall be calculated by first determining the total tax revenue of the property within the jurisdiction of the taxing authority, which amount shall be equal to the sum of the products of multiplying the assessed valuation of each class and subclass of property by the corresponding tax rate for such class or subclass, then dividing the total tax revenue by the total assessed valuation of the same jurisdiction, and then multiplying the resulting quotient by a factor of one-hundred. Where the taxing authority is a school district, such blended rate shall also be used by such school district for calculating revenue from state-assessed railroad and utility property as defined in chapter 151, RSMo, and for apportioning the tax rate by purpose.
- (2) Each taxing authority proposing to levy a tax rate in any year shall notify the clerk of the county commission in the county or counties where the tax rate applies of its tax rate ceiling and its proposed tax rate. Each taxing authority shall express its proposed tax rate in a fraction equal to the nearest one-tenth of a cent, unless its proposed tax rate is in excess of one dollar, then one/one-hundredth of a cent. If a taxing authority shall round to one/one-hundredth of a cent, it shall round up a fraction greater than or equal to five/one-thousandth of one cent to the next higher one/one-hundredth of a cent; if a taxing authority shall round to one-tenth of a cent, it shall round up a fraction greater than or equal to five/one-hundredths of a cent to the next higher one-tenth of a cent. Any taxing authority levying a property tax rate shall provide data, in such form as shall be prescribed by the state auditor by rule, substantiating such tax rate complies with Missouri law. All forms for the calculation of rates pursuant to this section shall be promulgated as a rule and shall not be incorporated by reference. Within thirty days after the effective date of this act, the state auditor shall promulgate rules for any and all forms for the calculation of rates pursuant to this section which do not currently exist in rule form or that have been incorporated by reference. In addition, each taxing authority proposing to levy a tax rate for debt service shall provide data, in such form as shall be prescribed by the state auditor by rule, substantiating the tax rate for debt service complies with Missouri law. A tax rate proposed for annual debt service requirements will be prima facie valid if, after making the payment for which the tax was levied, bonds remain

outstanding and the debt fund reserves do not exceed the following year's payments. The county clerk shall keep on file and available for public inspection all such information for a period of three years. The clerk shall, within three days of receipt, forward a copy of the notice of a taxing authority's tax rate ceiling and proposed tax rate and any substantiating data to the state auditor. The state auditor shall, within fifteen days of the date of receipt, examine such information and return to the county clerk his or her findings as to compliance of the tax rate ceiling with this section and as to compliance of any proposed tax rate for debt service with Missouri law. If the state auditor believes that a taxing authority's proposed tax rate does not comply with Missouri law, then the state auditor's findings shall include a recalculated tax rate, and the state auditor may request a taxing authority to submit documentation supporting such taxing authority's proposed tax rate. The county clerk shall immediately forward a copy of the auditor's findings to the taxing authority and shall file a copy of the findings with the information received from the taxing authority. The taxing authority shall have fifteen days from the date of receipt from the county clerk of the state auditor's findings and any request for supporting documentation to accept or reject in writing the rate change certified by the state auditor and to submit all requested information to the state auditor. A copy of the taxing authority's acceptance or rejection and any information submitted to the state auditor shall also be mailed to the county clerk. If a taxing authority rejects a rate change certified by the state auditor and the state auditor does not receive supporting information which justifies the taxing authority's original or any subsequent proposed tax rate, then the state auditor shall refer the perceived violations of such taxing authority to the attorney general's office and the attorney general is authorized to obtain injunctive relief to prevent the taxing authority from levying a violative tax rate.

- 7. No tax rate shall be extended on the tax rolls by the county clerk unless the political subdivision has complied with the foregoing provisions of this section.
- 8. Whenever a taxpayer has cause to believe that a taxing authority has not complied with the provisions of this section, the taxpayer may make a formal complaint with the prosecuting attorney of the county. Where the prosecuting attorney fails to bring an action within ten days of the filing of the complaint, the taxpayer may bring a civil action pursuant to this section and institute an action as representative of a class of all taxpayers within a taxing authority if the class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable, if there are questions of law or fact common to the class, if the claims or defenses of the representative parties are typical of the claims or defenses of the class, and if the representative parties will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the class. In any class action maintained pursuant to this section, the court may direct to the members of the class a notice to be published at least once each week for four consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation published in the county where the civil action is commenced and in other counties within the jurisdiction of a taxing authority. The notice shall advise each member that the court will exclude him or her from the class if he or she so requests by a specified date, that the judgment, whether favorable or not, will include all members who do not request exclusion, and that any member who does not request exclusion may, if he or she desires, enter an appearance. In any class action brought pursuant to this section, the court, in addition to the relief requested, shall assess against the taxing authority found to be in violation of this section the reasonable costs of bringing the action, including reasonable attorney's fees, provided no attorney's fees shall be awarded any attorney or association of attorneys who receive public funds from any source for their services. Any action brought pursuant to this section shall be set for hearing as soon as practicable after the cause is at issue.
- 9. If in any action, including a class action, the court issues an order requiring a taxing authority to revise the tax rates as provided in this section or enjoins a taxing authority from the collection of a tax because of its failure to revise the rate of levy as provided in this section, any taxpayer paying his or her taxes when an improper rate is applied has erroneously paid his or her taxes in part, whether or not the taxes are paid under protest as provided in section 139.031, RSMo. The part of the taxes paid erroneously is the difference in the amount produced by the original levy and the amount produced by the revised levy. The township or county collector of taxes or the collector of taxes in any city shall refund the amount of the tax erroneously paid. The taxing authority refusing to revise the rate of levy as provided in this section shall make available to the collector all funds necessary to make refunds pursuant to this subsection. No taxpayer shall receive any interest on any money erroneously paid by him or her pursuant to this subsection. Effective in the 1994 tax year, nothing in this section shall be construed to require a taxing authority to refund any tax erroneously paid prior to or during the third tax year preceding the current tax year.
- 10. A taxing authority, including but not limited to a township, county collector, or collector of taxes, responsible for determining and collecting the amount of residential real property tax levied in its jurisdiction, shall report such amount of tax collected by December thirty-first of each year such property is assessed to the state tax commission. The state tax commission shall compile the tax data by county or taxing jurisdiction and submit a report to the general assembly no later than January thirty-first of the following year.
- 11. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are

nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2004, shall be invalid and void."; and

Further amend said bill, Page 47, Section 210.861, Line 13, by inserting immediately after said line the following:

- "313.800. 1. As used in sections 313.800 to 313.850, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following terms mean:
- (1) "Adjusted gross receipts", the gross receipts from licensed gambling games and devices less winnings paid to wagerers;
- (2) "Applicant", any person applying for a license authorized under the provisions of sections 313.800 to 313.850:
- (3) "Bank", the elevations of ground which confine the waters of the Mississippi or Missouri Rivers at the ordinary high water mark as defined by common law;
- (4) "Capital, cultural, and special law enforcement purpose expenditures", shall include any disbursement, including disbursements for principal, interest, and costs of issuance and trustee administration related to any indebtedness, for the acquisition of land, land improvements, buildings and building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, works of art, intersections, signing, signalization, parking lot, bus stop, station, garage, terminal, hanger, shelter, dock, wharf, rest area, river port, airport, light rail, railroad, other mass transit, pedestrian shopping malls and plazas, parks, lawns, trees, and other landscape, convention center, roads, traffic control devices, sidewalks, alleys, ramps, tunnels, overpasses and underpasses, utilities, streetscape, lighting, trash receptacles, marquees, paintings, murals, fountains, sculptures, water and sewer systems, dams, drainage systems, creek bank restoration, any asset with a useful life greater than one year, cultural events, and any expenditure related to a law enforcement officer deployed as horse mounted patrol, school resource or drug awareness resistance education (D.A.R.E) officer;
- [(4)] (5) "Cheat", to alter the selection of criteria which determine the result of a gambling game or the amount or frequency of payment in a gambling game;
 - [(5)] (6) "Commission", the Missouri gaming commission;
- [(6)] (7) "Dock", the location in a city or county authorized under subsection 10 of section 313.812 which contains any natural or artificial space, inlet, hollow, or basin, in or adjacent to a bank of the Mississippi or Missouri Rivers, next to a wharf or landing devoted to the embarking of passengers on and disembarking of passengers from a gambling excursion but shall not include any artificial space created after May 20, 1994, and is located more than one thousand feet from the closest edge of the main channel of the river as established by the United States Army Corps of Engineers;
- [(7)] (8) "Excursion gambling boat", a boat, ferry or other floating facility licensed by the commission on which gambling games are allowed;
- (9) "Fiscal year", shall for the purposes of subsections 3 and 4 of section 313.820, mean the fiscal year of a home dock city or county;
- [(8)] (10) "Floating facility", any facility built or originally built as a boat, ferry or barge licensed by the commission on which gambling games are allowed;
- [(9)] (11) "Gambling excursion", the time during which gambling games may be operated on an excursion gambling boat whether docked or during a cruise;
- [(10)] (12) "Gambling game" includes, but is not limited to, games of skill or games of chance on an excursion gambling boat but does not include gambling on sporting events; provided such games of chance are approved by amendment to the Missouri Constitution;
- [(11)] (13) "Games of chance", any gambling game in which the player's expected return is not favorably increased by his or her reason, foresight, dexterity, sagacity, design, information or strategy;
- [(12)] (14) "Games of skill", any gambling game in which there is an opportunity for the player to use his or her reason, foresight, dexterity, sagacity, design, information or strategy to favorably increase the player's expected return; including, but not limited to, the gambling games known as "poker", "blackjack" (twenty-one), "craps", "Caribbean stud", "pai gow poker", "Texas hold'em", "double down stud", and any video representation of such games;
 - [(13)] (15) "Gross receipts", the total sums wagered by patrons of licensed gambling games;
- [(14)] (16) "Holder of occupational license", a person licensed by the commission to perform an occupation within excursion gambling boat operations which the commission has identified as requiring a license;
 - [(15)] (17) "Licensee", any person licensed under sections 313.800 to 313.850;

- [(16)] (18) "Mississippi River" and "Missouri River", the water, bed and banks of those rivers, including any space filled by the water of those rivers for docking purposes in a manner approved by the commission but shall not include any artificial space created after May 20, 1994, and is located more than one thousand feet from the closest edge of the main channel of the river as established by the United States Army Corps of Engineers;
 - (19) "Supplier", a person who sells or leases gambling equipment and gambling supplies to any licensee.
- 2. In addition to the games of skill referred to in subdivision [(12)] (14) of subsection 1 of this section, the commission may approve other games of skill upon receiving a petition requesting approval of a gambling game from any applicant or licensee. The commission may set the matter for hearing by serving the applicant or licensee with written notice of the time and place of the hearing not less than five days prior to the date of the hearing and posting a public notice at each commission office. The commission shall require the applicant or licensee to pay the cost of placing a notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the applicant's or licensee's home dock city or county. The burden of proof that the gambling game is a game of skill is at all times on the petitioner. The petitioner shall have the affirmative responsibility of establishing his or her case by a preponderance of evidence including:
 - (1) Is it in the best interest of gaming to allow the game; and
 - (2) Is the gambling game a game of chance or a game of skill?

All testimony shall be given under oath or affirmation. Any citizen of this state shall have the opportunity to testify on the merits of the petition. The commission may subpoena witnesses to offer expert testimony. Upon conclusion of the hearing, the commission shall evaluate the record of the hearing and issue written findings of fact that shall be based exclusively on the evidence and on matters officially noticed. The commission shall then render a written decision on the merits which shall contain findings of fact, conclusions of law and a final commission order. The final commission order shall be within thirty days of the hearing. Copies of the final commission order shall be served on the petitioner by certified or overnight express mail, postage prepaid, or by personal delivery.

- 313.820. 1. An excursion boat licensee shall pay to the commission an admission fee of two dollars for each person embarking on an excursion gambling boat with a ticket of admission. One dollar of such fee shall be deposited to the credit of the gaming commission fund as authorized pursuant to section 313.835, and one dollar of such fee shall not be considered state funds and shall be paid to the home dock city or county. Subject to appropriation, one cent of such fee deposited to the credit of the gaming commission fund may be deposited to the credit of the compulsive gamblers fund created pursuant to the provisions of section 313.842. Nothing in this section shall preclude any licensee from charging any amount deemed necessary for a ticket of admission to any person embarking on an excursion gambling boat. If tickets are issued which are good for more than one excursion, the admission fee shall be paid to the commission for each person using the ticket on each excursion that the ticket is used. If free passes or complimentary admission tickets are issued, the excursion boat licensee shall pay to the commission the same fee upon these passes or complimentary tickets as if they were sold at the regular and usual admission rate; however, the excursion boat licensee may issue fee-free passes to actual and necessary officials and employees of the licensee or other persons actually working on the excursion gambling boat. The issuance of fee-free passes is subject to the rules of the commission, and a list of all persons to whom the fee-free passes are issued shall be filed with the commission.
- 2. All licensees are subject to all income taxes, sales taxes, earnings taxes, use taxes, property taxes or any other tax or fee now or hereafter lawfully levied by any political subdivision; however, no other license tax, permit tax, occupation tax, excursion fee, or taxes or fees shall be imposed, levied or assessed exclusively upon licensees by a political subdivision. All state taxes not connected directly to gambling games shall be collected by the department of revenue. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 32.057, RSMo, to the contrary, the department of revenue may furnish and the commission may receive tax information to determine if applicants or licensees are complying with the tax laws of this state; however, any tax information acquired by the commission shall not become public record and shall be used exclusively for commission business.
- 3. Effective fiscal year 2008 and each fiscal year thereafter, the amount of revenue derived from admission fees paid to a home dock city or county shall not exceed the percentage of gross revenue realized by the home dock city or county attributable to such admission fees for fiscal year 2007. In the case of a new casino, the provisions of this section shall become effective two years from the opening of such casino and the amount of revenue derived from admission fees paid to a home dock city or county shall not exceed the average percentage of gross revenue realized by the home dock city or county attributable to such admission fees for the first two fiscal years in which such casino opened for business. Effective fiscal year 2010 and each subsequent fiscal year until fiscal year 2015, the percentage of all revenue derived by a home dock city or county from such admission fees used for expenditures other than capital, cultural, and special law enforcement purpose expenditures shall be limited to not more than thirty percent. Effective fiscal year 2015 and each subsequent fiscal, the percentage

of all revenue derived by a home dock city or county from such admission fees used for expenditures other than capital, cultural, and special law enforcement purpose expenditures shall be limited to not more than twenty percent.

- 4. After fiscal year 2007, in any fiscal year in which a home dock city or county collects an amount over the limitation on revenue derived from admission fees provided in subsection 1 of this section, such revenue shall be treated as if it were sales tax revenue within the meaning of section 67.505, RSMo, provided that the home dock city or county shall reduce its total general revenue property tax levy, in accordance with the method provided in subdivision (6) of subsection 3 of section 67.505, RSMo.
- 5. The provisions of subsections 3 and 4 of this section shall not affect the imposition or collection of a tax under section 313.822.
- 6. The provisions of subsections 3 and 4 of this section shall not apply to any city of the third classification with more than eight thousand two hundred but fewer than eight thousand three hundred inhabitants, any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than sixteen thousand six hundred but fewer than sixteen thousand seven hundred inhabitants, any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than ten thousand two hundred but fewer than ten thousand three hundred inhabitants, any home rule city with more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county, any county of the first classification with more than one hundred eighty-four thousand but fewer than one hundred eighty-eight thousand inhabitants, any city of the fourth classification with more than two thousand nine hundred but fewer than three thousand inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with more than seventy-three thousand seven hundred but fewer than seventy-three thousand eight hundred inhabitants, any county of the first classification with more than seventy-three thousand seven hundred but fewer than seventy-three thousand eight hundred inhabitants, any city of the third classification with more than six thousand seven hundred but fewer than six thousand eight hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than twenty thousand but fewer than twenty thousand one hundred inhabitants, any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than twenty thousand but fewer than twenty thousand one hundred inhabitants, any city of the third classification with more than four thousand seven hundred but fewer than four thousand eight hundred inhabitants and located in any county of the first classification with more than one hundred eighty-four thousand but fewer than one hundred eighty-eight thousand inhabitants, any city of the third classification with more than twenty-five thousand seven hundred but fewer than twenty-five thousand nine hundred inhabitants, any county with a charter form of government and with more than one million inhabitants, any county with a charter form of government and with more than six hundred thousand but fewer than seven hundred thousand inhabitants, any special charter city with more than nine hundred fifty but fewer than one thousand fifty inhabitants, any county of the third classification without a township form of government and with more than ten thousand four hundred but fewer than ten thousand five hundred inhabitants, any city not within a county, any home rule city with more than seventy-three thousand but fewer than seventy-five thousand inhabitants, and any county of the first classification with more than eighty-five thousand nine hundred but fewer than eighty-six thousand inhabitants."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Senate Amendment No. 11

AMEND Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 186, Page 40, Section 144.518, Line 6, by inserting after all of said line the following:

- "184.352. The following terms whenever used or referred to in sections 184.350 to 184.384 shall unless a different intent clearly appears from the context be construed to have the following meaning:
- (1) "African American history museum and cultural subdistrict", shall consist of a political subdistrict which shall provide for the collection, preservation, and exhibition of items relating to the history and culture of African Americans, more specifically for interpretation through core exhibits that may include wax sculptures, photographs, paintings, and other artistic expressions; and further for the collection of costumes, archaeological anthropological material, artifacts, and memorabilia; and for the maintenance of archives, including manuscripts, personal records, and other material that relates to the African American experience to American history; and to provide for the preservation of American music traditions, including ragtime, jazz, blues, and gospel; and to

provide technical assistance and advisory service for historic research or which may contract with another person with the capability of providing such services;

- (2) "Art museum subdistrict" shall consist of such institutions and places for the purpose of collection and exhibition of pictures, statuary and other works of art and whatever else may be of artistic interest and appropriate for exhibition in an art gallery or museum for instruction in art and in general for the promotion by all proper means of aesthetic or artistic education;
 - [(2)] (3) "Board", the governing body of the metropolitan zoological park and museum district;
- [(3)] (4) "Botanical garden subdistrict" shall consist of a political subdistrict which shall provide for the collection and exhibition of displays of things relating to plants or botany, for the promotion of plant life and related subjects, educational and research activities, for the maintenance of a botanical library, and for the promotion by all proper means of public interest in plant life and botany; or which may contract with another person with the capability of providing such services;
 - [(4)] (5) "City", a constitutional charter city not located within a county;
- [(5)] (6) "Commission", the governing body of each of the respective subdistricts as may be authorized as provided in section 184.350, 184.351, or 184.353;
 - [(6)] (7) "County", a constitutional charter county adjoining a constitutional charter city;
 - [(7)] (8) "District", the metropolitan zoological park and museum district;
- [(8)] (9) "Missouri history museum subdistrict" shall consist of a political subdistrict which shall provide for the collection, preservation, and exhibition of items relating to the history of the entire state of Missouri and of the Louisiana Purchase Territory, and more specifically for the collection and display of photographs, paintings, costumes, archaeological and anthropological material, artifacts and memorabilia pertaining to the political, commercial and cultural history of the region, including extensive artifacts, memorabilia, historical documents concerning the first solo transatlantic flight, for the promotion of archaeological and historical studies, for the maintenance of a history library and archives, including manuscripts documenting the first United States sponsored exploratory expedition of the Louisiana Purchase Territory as well as papers of the president who authorized the Louisiana Purchase, and for the promotion by all proper means of public interest in the history of Missouri and the region in which it is located, and, as otherwise provided by law and in cooperation with the department of natural resources of the state of Missouri, to provide technical assistance and advisory services for the collection, preservation, and exhibition of recordings, instruments, and memorabilia of ragtime, jazz and blues music including ragtime pianos and ragtime piano sheet music to be housed and maintained at the Scott Joplin house state historic site; or which may contract with another person having all of the historical materials listed herein as well as the capability of providing all of the services listed herein;
- [(9)] (10) "Recreation and amateur sports subdistrict" shall consist of a political subdistrict which shall provide for and assist in the planning, development, financing, maintenance, improvement and construction of facilities and venues to be publicly owned and operated by political subdivisions, public school districts, universities and colleges, or not-for-profit corporations chartered to attract, promote and manage major national and international amateur sports events, competitions and programs for the use of the general public. Such subdistrict shall structure its procedures for procuring supplies, services and construction to achieve the result that a minimum of twenty percent in the aggregate of the total dollar value of annual procurements is made directly or indirectly from certified socially and economically disadvantaged small business concerns;
- [(10)] (11) "St. Louis Science Center subdistrict" shall consist of such institutions and places for the purpose of collection and exhibition of displays of items of natural historical, industrial, transport and scientific interest, the instruction and recreation of the people, for the promotion of the study of science, industrial, transport and natural history and kindred subjects and for the promotion by all proper means of public interest in natural history, transport, industry and science;
- [(11)] (12) "Special election", an election held on the first Tuesday of April or whenever propositions are submitted to the voters of the whole district;
- [(12)] (13) "Symphony orchestra subdistrict" shall consist of a political subdistrict which shall provide for regular performances of a symphony orchestra with not less than ninety full-time symphonic musicians, own its own concert hall in which a substantial number of its concerts shall be held, and provide for the promotion by all proper means of public interest in music; or which may contract with another person with the capability of providing such services and which owns it own concert hall;
- [(13)] (14) "Transport museum subdistrict" shall consist of a political subdistrict which shall provide for institutions and places for the edification of the public in the history and science of transportation, communications and powering, and more specifically for the preservation and display of artifacts related to man's efforts to transport materials, people, and ideas and to create, transmit, and utilize power, and for the provision of a library of publications and other records containing history and technology related to transportation, communications and powering, and

facilities for the study of such efforts; or which may contract with another person with the capability of providing such services;

- [(14)] (15) "Zoological subdistrict" shall consist of such institutions and places for the collection and exhibition of animals and animal life, for the instruction and recreation of the people, for the promotion of zoology and kindred subjects, for the encouragement of zoological study and research and for the increase of public interest in wild animals and in the protection of wild animal life.
- 184.353. 1. (1) The board of directors of any metropolitan zoological park and museum district, as established according to the provisions of sections 184.350 to 184.384, on behalf of the district may request the election officials of any city and county containing all or part of such district to submit the following described proposition to the qualified voters of such district at any general, primary or special election. Such election officials shall give legal notice at least sixty days prior to such general, primary or special election in at least two newspapers that such proposition shall be submitted at any general, primary or special election held for submission of the proposition.
- (3) In the event that a majority of all the voters voting on such proposition in such city and a majority of voters voting on such proposition in such county cast "YES" votes on the proposition, then the botanical garden subdistrict shall be deemed established and the tax rate, as established by the board for such subdistrict, shall be deemed in full force and effect as of the first day of the second month following the election. The results of the election shall be certified by the election officials of such city and county, respectively, to the respective chief executive officers of such city and county not less than thirty days after the day of the election. The cost of the election shall be paid as provided by sections 115.063 and 115.065, RSMo. In the event the proposition shall fail to receive a majority of the "YES" votes in either the city or the county, then the proposition shall not be resubmitted at any election held prior to the next general or primary election in such city or county in the following year. Any such resubmission shall subsequently comply with the provisions of sections 184.350 to 184.384.
- (4) If the botanical garden subdistrict shall be established, then its commissioners, or any person with whom its commissioners contract, may establish and charge fees for admission to the premises of the botanical garden subdistrict, or to the premises of any person with whom its commissioners contract, not to exceed one dollar for adults and fifty cents for children under sixteen years of age. Any increase in the fees shall be presented prior to implementation for approval or disapproval to the board of the metropolitan zoological park and museum district of which the botanical garden subdistrict is a member.
- 2. (1) The board of directors of any metropolitan zoological park and museum district, as established according to the provisions of sections 184.350 to 184.384, on behalf of the district may request the election officials of any city and county containing all or part of such district to submit the following described proposition to the qualified voters of such district at any general, primary or special election. Such election officials shall give legal notice at least sixty days prior to such general, primary or special election in at least two newspapers that such proposition shall be submitted at any general, primary or special election held for submission of the proposition.

- (4) If the transport museum subdistrict shall be established, then its commissioners, or any person with whom its commissioners contract, may establish and charge fees for admission to the premises of the transport museum subdistrict, or to the premises of any person with whom its commissioners contract, not to exceed one dollar for adults and fifty cents for children under sixteen years of age. Any increase in the fees shall be presented prior to implementation for approval or disapproval to the board of the metropolitan zoological park and museum district of which the transport museum subdistrict is a member.
- 3. (1) The board of directors of any metropolitan zoological park and museum district, as established according to the provisions of sections 184.350 to 184.384, on behalf of the district may request the election officials of any city and county containing all or part of such district to submit the following described proposition to the qualified voters of such district at any general, primary or special election. Such election officials shall give legal notice at least sixty days prior to such general, primary or special election in at least two newspapers that such proposition shall be submitted at any general, primary or special election held for submission of the proposition.

\Box YES \Box NO

- (3) In the event that a majority of all the voters voting on such proposition in such city and a majority of voters voting on such proposition in such county cast "YES" votes on the proposition, then the Missouri history museum subdistrict shall be deemed established and the tax rate, as established by the board for such subdistrict, shall be deemed in full force and effect as of the first day of the second month following the election. The results of the election shall be certified by the election officials of such city and county, respectively, to the respective chief executive officers of such city and county not less than thirty days after the day of the election. The cost of the election shall be paid as provided by sections 115.063 and 115.065, RSMo. In the event the proposition shall fail to receive a majority of the "YES" votes in either the city or the county, then the proposition shall not be resubmitted at any election held prior to the next general or primary or special election in such city or county in the following year. Any such resubmission shall subsequently comply with the provisions of sections 184.350 to 184.384.
- 4. (1) The board of directors of any metropolitan zoological park and museum district, as established according to the provisions of sections 184.350 to 184.354, on behalf of the district may request the election officials of any city and county containing all or part of such district to submit the following described proposition to the qualified voters of such district at any general, primary or special election. Such election officials shall give legal notice at least sixty days prior to such general, primary or special election in at least two newspapers that such proposition shall be submitted at any general, primary or special election held for submission of the proposition.

authorized to provide for a Symphony Orchestra Subdistrict and be authorized to provide the Symphony Orchestra Subdistrict with a tax rate not in excess of four cents on each \$100 of assessed valuation of taxable property within the district?

\square YES \square NO

- (3) In the event that a majority of all the voters voting on such proposition in such city and a majority of voters voting on such proposition in such county cast "YES" votes on the proposition, then the symphony orchestra subdistrict shall be deemed established and the tax rate, as established by the board for such subdistrict, shall be deemed in full force and effect as of the first day of the second month following the election. The results of the election shall be certified by the election officials of such city and county not less than thirty days after the day of election. The cost of the election shall be paid as provided by sections 115.063 and 115.065, RSMo. In the event the proposition shall fail to receive a majority of the "YES" votes in either the city or the county, then the proposition shall not be resubmitted at any election held prior to the next general or primary in such city or county in the following year. Any such resubmission shall subsequently comply with the provisions of sections 184.350 to 184.384.
- (4) If the symphony orchestra subdistrict shall be established, then its commissioners, or any person with whom its commissioners contract, may charge such prices from time to time for tickets for performances conducted under the auspices of the subdistrict or as they or such person deem proper; provided, however, that no fewer than fifty tickets for each such performance conducted at the principal concert hall of such subdistrict or such person shall be made available without charge for distribution to members of the general public and no fewer than fifty tickets shall be made available without charge for distribution to students in public and private elementary, secondary schools and colleges and universities in the metropolitan zoological park and museum district and all performances of the symphony orchestra

conducted at the principal concert hall of the symphony orchestra within the district shall be offered for broadcast live on a public or commercial AM or FM radio station located in and generally receivable in the district or on a public or commercial broadcast television station located in or generally receivable in the district. The symphony orchestra subdistrict shall institute a fully staffed educational music appreciation program to benefit all of the citizens of the taxing district at a nominal charge.

- (5) Immediately following the effective date of the symphony orchestra subdistrict tax rate any person receiving funds from said tax rate shall become ineligible for program assistance funding from the Missouri state council on the arts.
- 5. The board of directors of any metropolitan zoological park and museum district, as established according to the provisions of sections 184.350 to 184.384, on behalf of the district may request the election officials of any city and county containing all or part of such district to submit the following described proposition to the qualified voters of such district at any general, primary or special election. Such election officials shall give legal notice at least sixty days prior to such general, primary or special election in at least two newspapers that such proposition shall be submitted at any general, primary or special election held for submission of the proposition. Such proposition shall be submitted to the voters in substantially the following form at such election:

In the event that a majority of all the voters voting on such proposition in such city and a majority of voters voting on such proposition in such county cast "YES" votes on the proposition, then the recreation and amateur sports subdistrict shall be deemed established and the tax rate, as established by the board for such subdistrict, shall be deemed in full force and effect as of the first day of the second month following the election for a period not to exceed nine years. The results of the election shall be certified by the election officials of such city and county, respectively, to the respective chief executive officers of such city and county not less than thirty days after the day of the election. The cost of the election shall be paid as provided by sections 115.063 and 115.065, RSMo. In the event the proposition shall fail to receive a majority of the "YES" votes in either the city or the county, then the proposition shall not be resubmitted at any election held prior to the next general or primary or special election in such city or county in the following year. Any such resubmission shall subsequently comply with the provisions of sections 184.350 to 184.384.

- 6. (1) The board of directors of any metropolitan zoological park and museum district, as established according to the provisions of sections 184.350 to 184.384, on behalf of the district may request the election officials of any city and county containing all or part of such district to submit the following described proposition to the qualified voters of such district at any general, primary or special election. Such election officials shall give legal notice at least sixty days prior to such general, primary or special election in at least two newspapers that such proposition shall be submitted at any general, primary or special election held for submission of the proposition.

(3) In the event that a majority of all the voters voting on such proposition in such city and a majority of voters voting on such proposition in such county cast "YES" votes on the proposition, then the African American history museum and cultural subdistrict shall be deemed established and the tax rate, as established by the board for such subdistrict, shall be deemed in full force and effect as of the first day of the second month following the election. The results of the election shall be certified by the election officials of such city and county, respectively, to the respective chief executive officers of such city and county not less than thirty days after the day of the election. The cost of the election shall be paid as provided by sections 115.063 and 115.065, RSMo. In the event the proposition shall fail to receive a majority of the "YES" votes in either the city or the county, then the proposition shall not be resubmitted at any election held prior to the next general or primary election in such city or county in the following year. Any such resubmission shall subsequently comply with the provisions of sections 184.350 to 184.384.

(4) If the African American history museum and cultural subdistrict shall be established, then its commissioners, or any person with whom its commissioners contract, may establish and charge fees for admission to the premises of the African American history museum and cultural subdistrict, or to the premises of any person with whom its commissioners contract, not to exceed one dollar for adults and fifty cents for children under sixteen years of age. Any increase in the fees shall be presented prior to implementation for approval or disapproval to the board of the metropolitan zoological park and museum district of which the African American history museum and cultural subdistrict is a member."; and

Further amend the title and enacting clause accordingly.

Emergency clause adopted.

In which the concurrence of the House is respectfully requested.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ON
HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
SENATE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
FOR
SENATE BILL NO. 210

The Conference Committee appointed on House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 210, with House Amendment Nos. 1, 4, House Amendment No. 5 as amended, House Amendment Nos. 6, 7, 8, 9, House Amendment No. 10 as amended, House Amendment Nos. 11, 12, House Amendment No. 13 as amended, House Amendment Nos. 14, 15, 16, House Amendment No. 17 as amended, House Amendment No. 18 as amended, House Amendment Nos. 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, House Substitute Amendment No. 1 for House Amendment No. 27, House Amendment Nos. 28, 29, and 30, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

- 1. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 210, as amended;
- 2. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 210;
- 3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 210, be Third Read and Finally Passed.

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FOR THE SENATE: FOR THE HOUSE:

/s/ John E. Griesheimer /s/ Robert Johnson /s/ Larry Gene Taylor /s/ Todd Smith /s/ Jason Crowell /s/ Wes Wagner /s/ Yvonne S. Wilson /s/ Trent Skaggs

RECESS

Representative Dempsey moved the House stand in recess until the Conference Committee Report on **HCS SS SCS SB 287**, **as amended**, has been distributed, and then stand adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Thursday, May 12, 2005.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL NO. 177

The Conference Committee appointed on House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 177 begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

- 1. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 177;
- 2. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Bill No. 177;
- 3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 177, be Third Read and Finally Passed.

FOR THE SENATE: FOR THE HOUSE:

/s/ Charlie Shields /s/ Robert J. Behnen /s/ Charles Wheeler /s/ Jay Wasson /s/ Delbert Scott /s/ Steven Tilley /s/ Victor Callahan /s/ Sam Page /s/ Jon Dolan /s/ Curt Dougherty

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SENATE BILL NO. 287

The Conference Committee appointed on House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 287, with House Amendment Nos. 1, 2, 3, House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 4, House Amendment No. 4 as amended, House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 5, House Amendment No. 5 as amended, House Amendment No. 1 to House Amendment No. 6, House Amendment No. 6 as amended, House Amendment Nos. 7, 8, 9, 10, 13, and 14, begs leave to report that we, after free and fair discussion of the differences, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to the respective bodies as follows:

- 1. That the House recede from its position on House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 287, as amended;
- 2. That the Senate recede from its position on Senate Substitute for Senate Committee Substitute for Senate Bill No. 287;
- 3. That the attached Conference Committee Substitute for House Committee Substitute for Senate Substitute for Senate Bill No. 287, be Third Read and Finally Passed.

FOR THE SENATE: FOR THE HOUSE:

/s/ Charlie Shields /s/ Brian Baker /s/ Gary Nodler /s/ Brad Lager

/s/ Matt Bartle /s/ Mike Cunningham /s/ Rita Heard Days /s/ Michael G. Corcoran

/s/ Harry Kennedy

ADJOURNMENT

Pursuant to the motion of Representative Dempsey, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Thursday, May 12, 2005.

CORRECTIONS TO THE HOUSE JOURNAL

Correct House Journal, Seventy-second Day, Tuesday, May 10, 2005, Page 1677, Line 14, by deleting the numeral "119" and inserting in lieu thereof the numeral "130".

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Page 1679, Line 8, by deleting the numeral "119" and inserting in lieu thereof the numeral "130".

AFFIDAVITS

I, State Representative Belinda Harris, District 110, hereby state and affirm that my vote as recorded on Page 1697 of the House Journal for Tuesday, May 10, 2005 showing that I voted no was incorrectly recorded. Pursuant to House Rule 88, I ask that the Journal be corrected to show that I voted aye. I further state and affirm that I was present in the House Chamber at the time this vote was taken, I did in fact vote, and my vote or absence was incorrectly recorded.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my hand to this affidavit on this 11th day of May 2005.

			/s/ Belinda Harris State Representative
State of Missouri)		-
) ss.		
County of Cole)		
Subscribed and sworn	to before me thi	s 11th day of May	in the year 2005.
			/s/ Stephen S. Davis Chief Clerk

I, State Representative Martin Rucker, District 29, hereby state and affirm that my vote as recorded on the motion to suspend House Rule 3(c) in the House Journal for Wednesday, May 11, 2005 showing that I voted absent was incorrectly recorded. Pursuant to House Rule 88, I ask that the Journal be corrected to show that I voted aye. I further state and affirm that I was present in the House Chamber at the time this vote was taken, I did in fact vote, and my vote or absence was incorrectly recorded.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my hand to this affidavit on this 11th day of May 2005.

/s/ Martin T. Rucker
State Representative

State of Missouri
) ss.

County of Cole
)

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of May in the year 2005.

/s/ Stephen S. Davis Chief Clerk

COMMITTEE MEETINGS

ETHICS

Thursday, May 12, 2005, House Chamber side gallery upon morning recess. Approval of additions to Caucuses.

FISCAL REVIEW

Thursday, May 12, 2005, 8:00 a.m. Hearing Room 4. Any bills or matters referred to the Fiscal Review Committee. Executive session. AMENDED

FISCAL REVIEW

Friday, May 13, 2005, 8:00 a.m. Hearing Room 4.

Any bills or matters referred to the Fiscal Review Committee.

Executive session. AMENDED

RULES

Thursday, May 12, 2005, House Chamber side gallery upon morning recess.

Executive session may follow.

Public hearing to be held on: SCR 17

HOUSE CALENDAR

SEVENTY-FOURTH DAY, THURSDAY, MAY 12, 2005

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION FOR PERFECTION

HCS HJR 12 - Bearden

HOUSE BILLS FOR PERFECTION

- 1 HCS HB 628 Byrd
- 2 HCS HB 255 Cunningham (86)
- 3 HCS HB 387 Byrd
- 4 HB 572 Stevenson
- 5 HCS HB 853 Loehner
- 6 HB 291, as amended Cooper (155)
- 7 HCS HB 272 Pratt
- 8 HB 721 Flook
- 9 HCS HB 671 Sutherland
- 10 HCS HB 804 Smith (118)
- 11 HB 679 Kraus
- 12 HCS HB 742 Bearden
- 13 HCS HB 854 Richard
- 14 HCS HB 924 Wallace
- 15 HCS HB 231 Portwood
- 16 HCS#2 HB 586 Sander
- 17 HCS HB 591, 210, 377, 760 & 777, HA 1 to HA 1, and HA 1, pending Schlottach
- 18 HB 784 Meadows
- 19 HB 633 Lipke
- 20 HCS HB 430 Shoemyer
- 21 HCS HB 490 Daus
- HCS HB 491, Part I, Part II, Part III, pending McGhee
- 23 HCS HB 549 Fraser
- 24 HCS HB 552 Ervin
- 25 HCS HB 660 Schlottach
- 26 HCS HB 842 & 831 Brooks
- 27 HB 875 Moore

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- 28 HCS#2 HB 131 Schaaf
- 29 HB 925 Salva
- 30 HCS HB 948 Cooper (158)
- 31 HB 970 Yates

HOUSE BILLS FOR THIRD READING

- 1 HB 375 Nance
- 2 HCS HB 532 Spreng
- 3 HB 952, E.C. Icet
- 4 HCS HB 859 Jetton

HOUSE BILL FOR THIRD READING - CONSENT

HCS HB 508, E.C. - Pratt

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

- 1 SCR 2, (3-02-05, Pages 470-471) Sander
- 2 SS SCR 7, (4-28-05, Page 1340) Portwood
- 3 SCR 13, HCA 1 (4-28-05, Page 1341, 5-05-05, Page 1561) Schlottach
- 4 SCR 15, (4-27-05, Pages 1302-1303) Stefanick
- 5 SCR 19, (5-09-05, Pages 1609-1610) Cooper (120)
- 6 SCS SCR 6, (4-19-05, Pages 1136-1137) Ervin
- 7 SCS SCR 8, (4-19-05, Pages 1137-1138) Ervin

SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION FOR THIRD READING

SJR 19 - Jackson

SENATE BILLS FOR THIRD READING - CONSENT

- 1 SCS SB 222 Sutherland
- 2 SB 480, HPA 1, pending Kraus
- 3 SB 518 Cooper (155)
- 4 SCS SB 6 Lager
- 5 SB 122 Wright (137)
- 6 SB 162 Cooper (155)
- 7 SB 209 Pearce
- 8 SCS SB 227 Kuessner
- 9 HCS SCS SB 238 Faith
- 10 SCS SB 247 Bruns
- 11 SB 265 Wood
- 12 SB 288 Lager
- 13 SB 304 Ervin
- 14 HCS SB 308 Pollock
- 15 SB 317 Smith (118)

- 16 SCS SB 354 Schlottach
- 17 SB 357 Johnson (47)
- 18 HCS SB 364, E.C. Franz
- 19 HCS SCS SB 372 Kuessner
- 20 SCS SB 374 Zweifel
- SB 396 Sutherland
- HCS SB 401 Lembke
- 23 SB 418 Lipke
- 24 HCS SB 422 Yates
- 25 HCS SCS SB 423 Lipke
- 26 HCS SCS SB 450, E.C. Portwood
- 27 SCS SB 496 Kelly
- 28 SCS SB 502, E.C. Portwood
- 29 SB 521, as amended Cooper (158)

SENATE BILLS FOR THIRD READING

- 1 HCS SCS SB 70 Richard
- 2 SB 286 Kingery
- 3 SB 479 May
- 4 SB 526 Cunningham (145)
- 5 SB 180 Cooper (158)
- 6 HCS SCS SB 260 Baker (123)
- 7 SB 268 Byrd
- 8 SB 274 Richard
- 9 SS SCS SB 346 Ruestman
- 10 HCS SB 99 Wood
- 11 SB 141 Richard
- 12 HCS SB 173 Hobbs
- 13 HCS SB 192 Robinson
- 14 SB 232, HCA 1 Bivins
- 15 SCS SB 310 Dixon
- 16 HCS SCS SB 319, as amended with HA 2, pending Roark
- 17 SB 361 Nance
- 18 SB 380 Cunningham (86)
- 19 SB 431, E.C. Sutherland
- 20 SCS SBs 23 & 51 Lipke
- 21 HCS SCS SB 161 Chinn
- 22 HCS SCS SB 262 Johnson (47)
- 23 SB 358 Richard
- 24 HCS SS SCS SB 462, E.C. Schad
- 25 HCS SCS SB 57 Wilson (130)
- 26 HCS SB 194 Kraus
- 27 HCS SCS SB 468 Icet
- 28 HCS#2 SB 123 Byrd
- 29 HCS SS SCS SB 144 Byrd
- 30 HCS#2 SB 165 Byrd

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- 31 SB 257 Baker (123)
- 32 HCS SB 320 Baker (123)
- 33 HCS SB 405 Byrd
- 34 HCS SCS SB 196 Ervin
- 35 HCS#2 SS SB 362 Sutherland
- 36 HCS SB 42 Muschany
- 37 HCS SS SCS SB 2 Cunningham (86)
- 38 HCS SS SCS SBs 37, 322, 78, 351 & 424, (Fiscal Review 5-11-05) Stevenson
- 39 HCS SS SB 402, (Fiscal Review 5-11-05) Johnson (47)

HOUSE BILLS WITH SENATE AMENDMENTS

- 1 SCS HCS HB 47, E.C. Brown (30)
- 2 SCS HB 707 Cunningham (145)
- 3 SCS HCS HB 515 Wood
- 4 SCS HB 638 Cunningham (86)
- 5 SCS HB 685, E.C. Franz
- 6 SCS HB 361 & HB 684 Lipke
- 7 SCS HB 688 Byrd
- 8 HCS HB 630, SPA 1 Pollock
- 9 SCS HCS HB 362 Lipke
- 10 SCS HB 456 Kuessner
- 11 SCS HB 450 Meiners
- 12 SCS HB 53 Swinger
- 13 SCS HB 423 Kuessner
- 14 SS SCS HCS HB 441, E.C. Lipke
- 15 SCS HB 528 Cunningham (145)
- 16 SCS HB 618 Bearden
- 17 SCS HCS HB 297 Pearce
- 18 SCS HCS HB 443 Sander
- 19 SCS HCS#2 HB 232 Portwood
- 20 SCS HB 229 Portwood
- 21 HCS HB 525, SSA 1 for SA 1, SA 3 & SA 6 May
- 22 HCS HB 576, SCA 1 Flook
- 23 SS SCS HB 487, as amended, E.C. Bruns
- 24 HB 114, SA 1 to SA 1, SA 1, as amended Johnson (47)
- 25 SS HB 116, as amended, E.C. Deeken
- 26 SS SCS HCS HB 437 Jackson
- 27 HCS HB 824, SA 1 Hobbs
- 28 SS SCS HCS HB 64, E.C. Sutherland
- 29 SS SCS HCS HB 500 & 533 Faith
- 30 HCS HB 388, SA 1 & SA 2 Yates
- 31 SS HCS HB 334, as amended, E.C. Franz
- 32 SS SCS HCS HB 518, 288, 418 & 635, as amended St. Onge

- 33 SS SCS HCS HB 209, as amended Cooper (120)
- 34 SS SCS HB 617 Kelly
- 35 HCS HB 461, SA 1, SA 2, SA 3, SA 4, SA 6 Sutherland
- 36 SS SCS HCS HB 186, as amended, E.C. Emery

BILLS CARRYING REQUEST MESSAGES

- 1 HCS SCS SB 355, as amended
 - (request Senate recede/take up and pass bill), E.C. Loehner
- 2 HCS SCS SBs 221, 250 & 256, as amended
 - (request House recede/grant conference) St. Onge
- 3 SS HCS#2 HB 568, as amended
 - (request Senate recede/grant conference) Stevenson

BILLS IN CONFERENCE

- 1 CCR HCS SS SCS SB 210, as amended Johnson (47)
- 2 HCS SCS#2 SB 155, as amended Kingery
- 3 SS SCS HCS HB 58, as amended (exceed differences), E.C. Johnson (47)
- 4 CCR HCS SS SB 343, as amended Richard
- 5 CCR SCS HB 678, as amended Byrd
- 6 HCS SCS SB 233, as amended Nance
- 7 CCR HCS SB 177 Behnen
- 8 CCR HCS SS SCS SB 287, as amended Baker (123)
- 9 SS SCS HCS HB 353, as amended, E.C. Lipke
- 10 HCS SCS SB 500, as amended Lager
- 11 SCS SB 390, HA 1 & HA 3 Pratt

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

- 1 HCS HCR 25, (3-10-05, Pages 588-589) Schlottach
- 2 HCR 22, (4-20-05, Page 1171) Bivins
- 3 HCR 33, (4-20-05, Pages 1171-1172) Jetton
- 4 HCR 28, (4-21-05, Pages 1196-1197) Salva

HOUSE BILLS TAKEN FROM COMMITTEE PER CONSTITUTION

- 1 HCR 14, (4-26-05, Pages 1277-1278) Zweifel
- 2 HJR 23 Emery
- 3 HB 846 Page